Part VII APPENDIXES



APPENDIX I

RULES OF PRACTICE¹

RULEI

BUSINESS HOURS-REGIONAL OFFICES

The principal office of the Commission at Washington, D. C., is open on each business day, excepting Saturdays, from 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m., and on Saturdays from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Regional offices are maintained at New York, Boston, Atlanta, Cleveland, Chicago, Fort Worth, Denver, San Francisco, and Seattle.

RULE II

APPEARANCE AND PRACTICE BEFORE THE COMMISSION

- (a) An individual may appear in his own behalf, a member of a partnership may represent the partnership, a bona-fide officer of a corporation, trust or association may represent the corporation, trust or association, and an officer or employee of a State commission or of a department or political subdivision of a State may represent the State commission or the department or political subdivision of the State, in any proceeding.
- (b) A person may be represented in any proceeding by an attorney at law admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States, or the highest court of any State or Territory of the United States, or the Court of Appeals or the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia.
- (c) A person shall not be represented at any hearing before the Commission or a trial examiner except as stated in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this rule.
- (d) Any person appearing before or transacting business with the Commission in a representative capacity may be required to file a power of attorney with the Commission showing his authority to act in such capacity.
- (e) The Commission may disqualify, and deny, temporarily or permanently, the privilege of appearing or practicing before it in any way to, any person who is found by the Commission after hearing in the matter

¹ As amended to December 1, 1940.

- (1) Not to possess the requisite qualifications to represent
- others; or
 (2) To be lacking in character or integrity or to have engaged in unethical or improper professional conduct.
- (f) Contemptuous conduct at any hearing before the Commission or a trial examiner shall be ground for exclusion from said hearing and for summary suspension without a hearing for the duration of the hearing.
- (g) For the purposes of this rule, practicing before the Commission shall include the preparation of any statement, opinion or other paper by any attorney, accountant, engineer or other expert, filed with the Commission in any registration statement, application, report or other document with the consent of such attorney, accountant. engineer or other expert.

RULE III

NOTICE OF HEARINGS

- (a) Whenever a hearing is ordered by the Commission in any proceeding, notice of such hearing shall be given by the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission to the registrant, applicant, or other parties to the proceeding, or to the person designated as being authorized to receive notices issued by the Commission. Such notice shall state the time, place and subject matter of the hearing and, in proceedings instituted by the Commission, shall be accompanied, except as provided in paragraph (b) hereof, by a short and simple statement of the matters to be considered and determined. Such notice shall be given by personal service, registered mail, or confirmed telegraphic notice, a reasonable time in advance of the hearing.
- (b) Whenever a hearing is ordered by the Commission in any proceeding pursuant to Section 8 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, notice of such hearing shall be given by the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission to the person designated in the registration statement as being authorized to receive service and notice of orders and notices issued by the Commission relating to such registration statement. Such notice shall state the time and place of hearing and shall include a statement of the items in the registration statement by number or name which appear to be incomplete or inaccurate in any material respect, or to include any untrue statement of a material fact, or to omit a statement of any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statement therein not misleading. Such notice shall be given either by personal service or by confirmed telegraphic notice a reasonable time in advance of the hearing. The personal notice or the confirmation of telegraphic notice shall be accompanied by a short and simple statement of the matters and items specified to be considered and determined.

RULE IV

AMENDMENTS

- (a) Whenever a hearing is ordered by the Commission in any proceeding pursuant to Section 8 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and items in the registration statement which appear to be incomplete or inaccurate in any material respect, or to include any untrue statement of a material fact, or to omit a statement of any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, are not particularly specified in the notice, such items shall be so specified by amendment to the notice prior to the taking of testimony in regard to such items. The trial examiner may grant or deny a motion for such amendment. Such motions shall be in writing, and may be filed with the trial examiner at any time prior to the termination of the hearing. On request of the registrant the trial examiner, after granting such motion, shall grant a reasonable time within which the registrant may familiarize himself with such matters before taking testimony in regard to such items.
- (b) In any other proceeding instituted by the Commission, amendment may be allowed to the order, rule to show cause or other moving papers, by the Commission on application to it, or by it upon its own motion.
- (c) When issues not raised by the pleading of a party or the Commission's statement of matters to be considered and determined are tried by express or implied consent of the parties, they may be treated in all respects as if they had been raised in the pleadings.

RULE V

HEARINGS FOR THE PURPOSE OF TAKING EVIDENCE

- (a) Hearings for the purpose of taking evidence shall be held as ordered by the Commission.
- (b) All such hearings shall be held before the Commission, one or more of its members, or a duly designated officer, herein referred to as the trial examiner, and all such hearings, except hearings pursuant to the provisions of Clause 30 of Schedule A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Section 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 22 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, shall be public unless otherwise ordered by the Commission.
- (c) Hearings for the purpose of taking evidence shall be stenographically reported and a transcript thereof shall be made which

shall be a part of the record of the proceeding. Transcripts of public hearings will be supplied by the official reporter at the prescribed rates. Transcripts of private hearings will be supplied at the prescribed rates to the parties.

- (d) Objections to the admission or exclusion of evidence before the Commission or trial examiner shall be in short form, stating the grounds of objections relied upon, and the transcript shall not include argument or debate thereon except as ordered by the Commission or the trial examiner. Exception to any such ruling must be noted before the trial examiner in order to be urged before the Commission. Rulings by the Commission or trial examiner on such objections shall be a part of the transcript.
- (e) In any proceeding the Commission or the trial examiner may call for the production of further evidence upon any issue, and, upon notice to all parties, may reopen any hearing at any time prior to the Commission's order disposing of such proceeding.
- (f) Subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses from any place in the United States at any designated place of hearing may be issued by any member of the Commission or any officer designated by it for that purpose in connection with any hearing ordered by the Commission, upon written application therefor.
- (g) Subpoenas for the production of documentary evidence will issue only upon application in writing, which must specify, as nearly as may be, the documents desired and the facts to be proved by them, in sufficient detail to indicate the materiality and relevance of the documents desired.
- (h) Witnesses summoned before the Commission shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the courts of the United States, and witnesses whose depositions are taken and the persons taking the same shall severally be entitled to the same fees as are paid for like services in the courts of the United States. Witness fees and mileage shall be paid by the party at whose instance the witnesses appear.
- (i) In proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Clause 30 of Schedule A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Section 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 22 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, if a hearing for the purpose of taking testimony is requested, the Commission may in its discretion, prior to the hearing, require the registrant to furnish in writing additional information in respect of its grounds of objection. Failure to supply the information so requested within 15 days from the date of receipt by the registrant of a notice of the information required, shall be deemed a waiver of the objections to public disclosure of that portion of the information filed confidentially with respect to which the additional

information required by the Commission relates, unless the Commission shall otherwise order for good cause shown at or before the expiration of such fifteen-day period.

RULE VI

MOTIONS

- (a) Motions in any proceeding before a trial examiner which relate to the introduction or striking of evidence, or motions before a trial examiner in any proceeding pursuant to Section 8 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, which relate to amendment of the notice of hearing to include additional items of the registration statement as provided in Rule IV (a), may be ruled on by the trial examiner. All other motions shall be ruled on by the Commission.
- (b) Motions or similar pleadings calling for determination by the Commission shall be filed with the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission in writing, provided that motions or similar pleadings calling for determination by the Commission but made in the course of a hearing, may be filed with the trial examiner in writing, who shall refer such motion to the Commission. Any such motion or similar pleading shall be accompanied by a written brief of the points and authorities relied upon in support of the same. Any party or counsel to the Commission may file a reply brief within 5 days after service upon him of such motion or other pleading as provided in Rule XIV, unless otherwise ordered by the Commission. Motions and similar pleadings will be considered on the briefs filed following the time for filing the reply brief, unless otherwise ordered by the Commission. No oral argument will be heard on such matters unless the Commission so directs.

RULE VII

EXTENSIONS OF TIME—CONTINUANCES AND ADJOURNMENTS

Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, the Commission for cause shown may extend any time limits prescribed by these rules for filing any papers, and may continue or adjourn any hearing. A hearing before a trial examiner shall begin at the time and place ordered by the Commission, but thereafter may be successively adjourned to such time and place as may be ordered by the Commission or by the trial examiner.

RULE VIII

DEPOSITIONS

- (a) The Commission may, for cause shown, order testimony to be taken by deposition.
- (b) If any party or counsel to the Commission desires to take a deposition he shall make application in writing, setting forth the rea-

sons why such deposition should be taken, the name and residence of the witness, the matters concerning which it is expected the witness will testify, and the time and place proposed for the taking of the deposition. Thereupon the Commission may, in its discretion, issue an order which will name the witness whose deposition is to be taken and specify the time when, the place where, and the designated officer before whom the witness is to testify. Such order shall be served upon all parties and counsel to the Commission by the Secretary, or other duly designated officer of the Commission, a reasonable time in advance of the time fixed for taking testimony.

- (c) Witnesses whose testimony is taken by deposition shall be sworn or shall affirm before any questions are put to them. Each question propounded shall be recorded and the answers shall be taken down in the words of the witness.
- (d) Objections to questions or evidence shall be in short form, stating the grounds of objection relied upon, but no transcript filed by the officer shall include argument or debate. Objections to questions or evidence shall be noted by the officer upon the deposition, but he shall not have power to decide on the competency or materiality or relevancy of evidence. Objections to questions or evidence not taken before the officer shall be deemed waived.
- (e) The testimony shall be reduced to writing by the officer, or under his direction, after which the deposition shall be subscribed by the witness and certified in usual form by the officer. The original deposition and exhibits shall be forwarded under seal to the Secretary of the Commission with such number of copies as may be requested by the Secretary of the Commission. Upon receipt thereof the Secretary shall file the original in the proceedings and shall forward a copy to each party or his attorney of record and to counsel to the Commission.
 - (f) Such depositions shall conform to the specifications of Rule XV.
- (g) Any part of a deposition not received in evidence at a hearing before the Commission or a trial examiner shall not constitute a part of the record in such proceeding, unless the parties and counsel to the Commission shall so agree, or the Commission so orders.
- (h) Depositions may also be taken and submitted on written interrogatories in substantially the same manner as depositions taken by oral examination. The interrogatories shall be filed with the application in triplicate, and copies thereof shall be served on all other parties and counsel to the Commission by the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission. Within 5 days any other party or counsel to the Commission may file with the Secretary his objections, if any, to such interrogatories, and may file such cross-interrogatories as he desires to submit. Cross-interrogatories shall be filed in tripli-

cate, and copies shall be served on all other parties and counsel to the Commission, who shall have 3 days thereafter to file their objections, if any, to such cross-interrogatories. Objections to interrogatories or cross-interrogatories shall be settled by the Commission or trial examiner. Objections to interrogatories shall be made before the order for taking the deposition issues and if not so made shall be deemed waived. When a deposition is taken upon written interrogatories and cross-interrogatories, neither any party nor counsel to the Commission shall be present or represented, and no person other than the witness, a stenographic reporter, and the officer shall be present at the examination of the witness, which fact shall be certified by the officer, who shall propound the interrogatories and cross-interrogatories to the witness in their order and reduce the testimony to writing in the witness' own words.

RULE IX

TRIAL EXAMINER'S REPORT

- (a) Following any hearing before a trial examiner, except hearings in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Clause 30 of Schedule A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Section 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 22 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, the transcript of the testimony shall forthwith be filed with the Secretary of the Commission. Following any hearing before a trial examiner in the excepted cases, the transcript of the testimony shall forthwith be filed with the Chairman of the Commission.
- (b) Following any hearing before a trial examiner other than (1) a hearing under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, or (2) a hearing on the question of postponement of the effective date of registration of a broker or dealer under Section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, pending final determination whether such registration shall be denied, or (3) a hearing pursuant to the provisions of Clause 30 of Schedule A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Section 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or (4) a hearing on the question of postponement of the effective date of registration of an investment adviser under Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 pending final determination whether such registration shall be denied, the trial examiner shall, within 10 days after service upon him by the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission of a copy of the transcript of the testimony, file with the Secretary of the Commission his report containing his findings of fact.
- (c) Such report shall be advisory only, and the findings of fact therein contained shall not be binding upon the Commission. The

initial page of the report shall contain a statement to such effect. In any proceeding in which, under the provisions of Rule XIII (b) of the Rules of Practice of the Commission, the report is first to be made available to the public on the opening date of public argument on the merits before the Commission, or in the event of submission to the Commission without argument, upon final determination of such proceeding, or pursuant to an order of the Commission, the initial page of the report shall also contain a statement to the effect that the report is confidential, shall not be made public and is for the use only of the Commission, the respondent or respondents and counsel, but copies of the report issued after it is made available to the public may omit such statement.

- (d) A copy of such report shall be forthwith served on each party and on counsel to the Commission by the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission.
- (e) Within.5 days after the receipt of a copy of the transcript of the testimony, if promptly at the conclusion of the hearing he has ordered a copy thereof, or if he has not ordered a copy, within 5 days after the filing of the transcript of the testimony with the duly designated officer of the Commission, any party or counsel to the Commission may submit to the presiding officer, or, in the case of a hearing before a trial examiner in respect of which no trial examiner's report is required to be submitted, to the officer designated in paragraph (a) of this Rule as the person with whom transcripts of testimony are to be filed, a statement in writing in terse outline setting forth such party's request for specific findings, which may be accompanied by a brief in support thereof. A copy of such request and brief in support thereof shall be served upon each party and upon counsel to the Commission as provided in Rule XIV in the case of a hearing before a trial examiner in respect of which no trial examiner's report is required to be submitted. A copy of such request and brief in support thereof shall be served upon each party and upon counsel to the Commission by the presiding officer in the case of a hearing in which a trial examiner's report is to be submitted in which event the trial examiner shall immediately certify the facts concerning such service, including the dates thereof to the Secretary of the Commission. all cases where such requests and briefs in support thereof are served upon each party and upon counsel to the Commission by the trial examiner the provisions of Rule XIII (d) shall not be applicable. This paragraph shall not apply to any proceeding on the question of postponement of the effective date of registration of a broker or dealer under Section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, pending final determination whether such registration shall be denied, or to any proceeding on the question of postponement of the effective date of registration of an investment adviser under

Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 pending final determination whether such registration shall be denied.

(f) All requests for specific findings filed pursuant to paragraph (e) of this rule shall be a part of the record.

RULE X

EXCEPTIONS

- (a) Within 5 days after receipt of a copy of the trial examiner's report, any party or counsel to the Commission may file exceptions to the findings of the trial examiner or to his failure to make findings, or to the admission or exclusion of evidence. A copy of such exceptions shall be forthwith served on each party and on counsel to the Commission by the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission. Exceptions shall be argued only at the final hearing on the merits before the Commission.
- (b) Objections to the findings of the trial examiner or to his failure to make findings not saved by exception filed pursuant to this rule will be deemed to have been abandoned and may be disregarded. Objections to the admission or exclusion of evidence not saved by exception at the time of the hearing for the purpose of taking evidence and included in the exceptions filed pursuant to this rule will be deemed to have been abandoned and may be disregarded.

RULE XI

BRIEFS

(a) Any party to a proceeding or counsel to the Commission may file a brief in support of his contentions and exceptions within 15 days from the date of service on such party or on counsel to the Commission of a copy of the trial examiner's report. In a case where no trial examiner's report is to be filed and a request for specific findings is filed by a party to the proceeding or counsel to the Commission, any party to the proceeding or counsel to the Commission may file a brief in support of his contentions and exceptions within 15 days of the filing as provided in paragraph (e) of Rule IX hereof by such party or counsel to the Commission of such request for specific findings, or within 15 days from the date of service on such party or on counsel to the Commission of a copy of such request for specific findings. In a case where no trial examiner's report is to be filed and where no request for specific findings is filed, any party to a proceeding or counsel to the Commission may file a brief in support of his contentions and exceptions within 15 days from the date when the transcript of testimony is filed with the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission.

- (b) All briefs shall be confined to the particular matters in issue. Each exception or request for findings which is briefed shall be supported by a concise argument and by citation of such statutes, decisions and other authorities and by page references to such portions of the record, as may be relevant. If the exception relates to the admission or exclusion of evidence, the substance of the evidence admitted or excluded shall be set forth in the brief with appropriate references to the transcript. Reply briefs shall be confined to matters in original briefs of opposing parties. Reply briefs in proceedings held pursuant to the provisions of Clause 30 of Schedule A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Section 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 22 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, will be received only by special permission of the Commission. Any scandalous or impertinent matter contained in any brief may be stricken on order of the Commission.
- (c) Exceptions and, in cases where no trial examiner's report is to be filed, requests for specific findings not briefed in accordance with Rule XI may be regarded by the Commission as waived.
- (d) All briefs, including briefs filed pursuant to Rule VI, containing more than 10 pages shall include an index and table of cases. The date of each brief must appear on its front cover or title page. If briefs are typewritten or mimeographed, 10 copies shall be filed; if printed, 20 copies, provided that only 7 copies of briefs in proceedings held pursuant to the provisions of Clause 30 of Schedule A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Section 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 22 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, need be filed in any instance. No brief shall exceed 60 pages in length, except with the permission of the Commission.
- (e) Copies of briefs shall be served by the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission on the parties to the proceeding and on counsel to the Commission, and reply briefs may be filed within 5 days thereafter. Such reply briefs as are authorized by the Commission in proceedings held pursuant to the provisions of Clause 30 of Schedule A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Section 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 22 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, shall be filed within 5 days after such authorization.
- (f) Briefs not filed on or before the time fixed in these rules will be received only upon special permission of the Commission.
- (g) Without regard to the foregoing provisions of this rule with respect to filing of briefs, in the event an application is submitted to the Commission for final determination pursuant to paragraph (e) of Rule X-24B-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

or paragraph (c) of Rule U-22B-1 under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, either party or counsel to the Commission may file a brief in support of his contentions within 15 days from the time of such submission. In such proceeding, reply briefs will be received only upon special permission of the Commission.

(h) This rule shall not apply to any proceeding (1) on the question of postponement of the effective date of registration of a broker or dealer under Section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, pending final determination whether such registration shall be denied or (2) on the question of postponement of the effective date of registration of an investment adviser under Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 pending final determination whether such registration shall be denied, and in any such proceeding neither any party nor counsel to the Commission shall be entitled to file a brief.

RULE XII

HEARING BEFORE THE COMMISSION

- (a) Upon written request of any party or of counsel to the Commission, the matter will be set down for oral argument before the Commission. Such request must be made within the time provided for filing the original briefs or, in the case of a proceeding either on the question of postponement of the effective date of registration of a broker or dealer under Section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, pending final determination whether such registration shall be denied, or on the question of postponement of the effective date of registration of an investment adviser under Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 pending final determination whether such registration shall be denied, before the close of the hearing for the purpose of taking evidence; provided that, except upon order of the Commission, neither any party nor counsel to the Commission will be permitted to make oral argument before the Commission on matters arising out of proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Clause 30 of Schedule A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. or Section 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 22 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.
- (b) In a case where no trial examiner's report is made, the Commission shall determine the matter on the moving papers, the transcript of the testimony and exhibits received at the hearing, requests for specific findings, if any, the briefs of the parties and counsel we the Commission, if any, and oral argument before the Commission, if any.
- (c) The Commission, upon its own motion or upon application in writing by any party or counsel to the Commission for leave to adduce

additional evidence which application shall show to the satisfaction of the Commission that such additional evidence is material and that there were reasonable grounds for failure to adduce such evidence at the hearing before the Commission or the trial examiner, may hear such additional evidence or may refer the proceeding to the trial examiner for the taking of such additional evidence.

(d) Any petition for rehearing by the Commission shall be filed within 5 days after issuance of the order complained of and shall clearly state the specific grounds and the specific matters upon which rehearing is sought.

RULE XIII

FILING PAPERS—DOCKET—COMPUTATION OF TIME

- (a) All reports, exceptions, briefs, and other papers required to be filed with the Commission in any proceeding shall be filed with the Secretary, except that all papers containing data as to which confidential treatment is sought pursuant to Rules 580, X-24B-2 or U-22B-1 of the Rules and Regulations of the Commission, together with applications making objection to the disclosure thereof, shall be filed with the Chairman. Any such papers may be sent by mail or express to the officer with whom they are directed to be filed, but must be received by such officer at the office of the Commission in Washington, D. C., within the time limit, if any, for such filing.
- (b) All papers containing data as to which confidential treatment is sought pursuant to Rules 580, X-24B-2, or U-22B-1 of the Rules and Regulations of the Commission, together with any application making objection to the disclosure thereof, or other papers relating in any way to such application, shall be made available to the public only in accordance with the applicable provisions of Rules 580 (h), X-24B-2 (i) or U-22B-1. The report of the trial examiner, exceptions thereto, requests for findings, and briefs in support of such requests or in support of or in opposition to such exceptions, which are filed in connection with any hearing shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Commission, first be made available to the public on the opening date of public argument on the merits before the Commission, or, in the event of submission to the Commission without argument, upon final determination of the proceeding by the Commission, and prior thereto shall be for the confidential use only of the Commission, the respondent or respondents and counsel.
- (c) The Secretary shall maintain a docket of all proceedings, and each proceeding shall be assigned a number.
- (d) Wherever under these rules, unless otherwise expressly provided, any limitation is made as to the time within which any reports, exceptions, briefs, or other papers are required to be filed

with the Commission in any proceeding, trial examiners and parties who are residents of the following states: Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Utah, Arizona, Nevada, Washington, Oregon and California, shall have an additional period of 5 days; and trial examiners and parties who reside beyond the confines of the continental United States shall have an additional period of 20 days within which to file such reports, exceptions, briefs, and other papers. For the purposes of this rule the person upon whom service is made by the Commission is the party whose residence shall determine whether the additional time provided herein shall be granted.

- (e) In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by these rules or by order of the Commission, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Sunday or a legal holiday in the District of Columbia, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Sunday nor a holiday. Intermediate Sundays and holidays shall be included in the computation. A half-holiday shall be considered as other days and not as a holiday.
- (f) Unless otherwise specifically provided in these rules, an original and 8 copies of all papers shall be filed, unless the same be printed, in which case 20 copies shall be filed.

RULE XIV

SERVICE OF REPORTS, EXCEPTIONS, BRIEFS, AND OTHER PAPERS

- (a) All reports, exceptions, briefs, requests for specific findings, or other documents or papers required by these rules to be served on any party to a proceeding, or on counsel to the Commission, shall be served by the Secretary or other duly designated officer of the Commission, provided that such papers concerning applications for confidential treatment pursuant to the provisions of Clause 30 of Schedule A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Section 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 22 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, shall be served by the Chairman.
- (b) Subject to the provisions of Rule III (a) hereof, such service, except on counsel to the Commission, shall be made by personal service on the party or his attorney of record or by registered mail addressed to the party or his attorney of record.

RULE XV

FORMAL REQUIREMENTS AS TO PAPERS FILED IN PROCEEDINGS

(a) All papers filed under these rules shall be typewritten, mimeographed, or printed, shall be plainly legible, shall be on one grade

of good unglazed white paper approximately 8 inches wide and $10\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, with left-hand margin $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide, and shall be bound at the upper left-hand corner. They shall be double-spaced, except that quotations shall be single-spaced and indented. If printed, they shall be in either 10- or 12-point type with double-leaded text and single-leaded quotations.

- (b) All papers must be signed in ink by the party filing the same, or his duly authorized agent or attorney, or counsel to the Commission, and must show the address of the signer.
- (c) All papers filed must include at the head thereof, or on a title page, the name of the Commission, the names of the parties, and the subject of the particular paper or pleading, and the docket number assigned to the proceeding.

RULE XVI

SIGNATURE OF COMMISSION ORDERS

All orders of the Commission shall be signed by the Secretary or such other person as may be authorized by the Commission.

RULE XVII

INTERVENTION

- (a) Any interested representative, agency, authority, or instrumentality of the United States, and any interested State, State commission, State securities commission, municipality, or other political subdivision of a State, shall be permitted to intervene in any proceeding upon written request. Any other person may be permitted to intervene in any proceeding upon written application to the Commission showing that he possesses or represents a legitimate interest which is or may be inadequately represented in such proceeding, but no person will be permitted to intervene if after examination the Commission finds that, for any reason (including the existence of undesirable conflicts in the interests possessed or represented by the applicant), his participation in the proceeding would not be in the public interest, or for the protection of investors or, in a proceeding under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, for the protection of consumers. Intervention shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Commission may prescribe, which may include a requirement that the applicant divest himself of specified interests which might conflict with the interests upon which his intervention is based.
- (b) Any person filing an application to intervene shall file therewith an affidavit setting forth in detail his interest or the interest to be represented by him in the proceedings, and stating whether the position which he may propose to take with respect to the pending

matter is one already taken by any other party to the proceedings. In the case of a person desiring to intervene in a representative capacity, his affidavit in addition (1) shall state all relevant material facts bearing upon the existence of any interest of the applicant or of any person represented by him which may conflict with the interests of any other person represented by him, including all affiliations of the applicant or of any person represented by him with any other party to the proceedings; (2) if requested by the Commission shall state the names and addresses of the persons represented; and (3) shall be accompanied by copies of all circulars, other general literature, and forms of authorization used or intended to be used by the applicant.

(c) Upon request by any party or by counsel for the Commission, the trial examiner or the Commission may for good cause shown order the applicant to submit himself for examination with respect to his application.

RULE XVIII

CONSOLIDATION

By order of the Commission, or upon agreement between the parties and counsel to the Commission, proceedings involving a common question of law or fact may be joined for hearing of any or all the matters in issue in such proceedings and such proceedings may be consolidated; and the Commission may make such orders concerning the conduct of such proceedings as may tend to avoid unnecessary costs or delay.

RULE XIX

NONAPPLICABILITY OF RULES TO INVESTIGATIONS

These rules, other than Rule II, shall not be applicable to investigations conducted by the Commission pursuant to Sections 8 (e), 19 (b), and 20 (a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Sections 21 (a) and 21 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Sections 11 (a), 13 (g), 18 (a), 18 (b), 18 (e), and 30 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, or Sections 209 (a), (b), and (d) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

APPENDIX II

GUIDES TO FORMS 1

GUIDE TO FORMS ADOPTED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

FOR REGISTRATION STATEMENTS

FORM A-1-GENERAL FORM

- (a) General Rule.—This form is to be used for registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, of all securities for the registration of which no other form is specifically prescribed.
- (b) Special Rule.—Notwithstanding the Rules for the Use of Form A-2 for Corporations, Form A-1 may be used by any incorporated investment trust for registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, of an additional block of securities of a class, part of which has previously been registered on Form A-1.

FORM A-O-1 FOR SECURITIES OF CORPORATIONS ORGANIZED WITHIN 2 YEARS TO ENGAGE IN THE EXPLOITATION OF MINERAL DEPOSITS (OTHER THAN OIL OR GAS)

This form is to be used for registration under the Securities Act of 1933 of securities of any corporation organized within 2 years prior to the date of filing the registration statement to engage primarily in the exploitation of mineral deposits (other than oil or gas) if such securities are to be sold to the public for cash or purchasers' obligations to pay cash.

This form shall not be used, however, by any corporation which (a) has any subsidiary, or (b) was organized to take over and continue the business of another person or persons, unless such other persons were organized within such 2 years.

FORM A-2-FOR CORPORATIONS

This form is to be used for registration statements, except such statements as to which a special form is specifically prescribed, under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, by any corporation which files profit and loss statements for 3 years and which meets either one of the following conditions: (a) Such corporation has made annually

¹ These guides are designed to aid in the selection of appropriate forms, and are revised from time to time as circumstances require. Copies of the forms herein referred to will be furnished without charge upon request.

available to its security holders, for at least 10 years, financial reports (which may be reports consolidating the reports of the corporation and its subsidiaries) including at least a balance sheet and a profit-and-loss or income statement, or (b) such corporation had a net income for any 2 fiscal years of the 5 fiscal years preceding the date of the latest balance sheet filed with the registration statement. If such corporation has subsidiaries, such income shall be determined on the basis of consolidated reports for such corporation and its subsidiaries. Notwithstanding what is hereinabove prescribed in this paragraph, however, this form shall not be used by any corporation organized within 10 years, if the majority of the capital stock thereof was issued to promotors of the corporation in consideration of property or services, or if more than one-half of the proceeds of the sale of securities of such corporation has been used to purchase property acquired by the corporation from the promoters of the corporation.

This form may also be used for registration statements (except such statements as to which a special form is specifically prescribed) by a corporation organized for the purpose of distributing to its stockholders only, water, electricity, or gas, and prohibited from paying any dividends to its stockholders except upon its dissolution or liquidation, provided that:

- 1. The corporation has been in existence at least 15 years prior to the date of the filing of the registration statement;
- 2. There has been no default by the corporation upon any of its funded indebtedness within the period of 15 years prior to the date of the filing of the registration statement;
- 3. The registrant will have a total indebtedness, upon the issuance of the securities registered, not exceeding 50 percent of the amount, less valuation reserves, at which the total assets of the registrant are carried on the latest balance sheet of the registrant filed with the registration statement, giving effect to the proceeds of the securities registered; and
- 4. Within the period of 10 years preceding the date of the filing of the registration statement, the corporation shall not have failed to levy and collect assessments in amounts sufficient to meet all current charges.

SPECIAL RULES AS TO THE USE OF FORM A-2 FOR CORPORATIONS

1. Notwithstanding that Form E-1 is specifically prescribed for use in cases involving an exchange of securities by the issuer thereof for others of its securities or a modification of the terms of securities by agreement between the issuer and its security holders, a registrant otherwise entitled to use Form A-2 may, at its option, use Form A-2 in any such case if the registrant is not in reorganization pursuant to Section 77B of the Bankruptcy Act or in bankruptcy or

receivership and if no default exists on any outstanding funded debt (other than a default in sinking fund payments which has been waived by the holders of at least 80 percent in principal amount of the issue outstanding). If Form A-2 is used pursuant to this Rule, the fee payable for registration shall be calculated in accordance with Instruction 7 in Form E-1, and the table setting forth the calculation shall be prepared as prescribed in such Form

2. Form A-2 may be used by a registrant if all the following conditions exist:

(a) The registrant was organized as the successor to a single predecessor, or to a group of predecessors one of which, at the time of succession, directly or indirectly owned substantially all of the

outstanding stock of all the other predecessors;

(b) The registrant acquired all of the assets and assumed all of the liabilities of such predecessor or predecessors, and the capital structure of the registrant immediately following the succession was substantially the same as the capital structure of the single predecessor, or as the consolidated capital structure of the group of predecessors, except for such changes as may have resulted from the substitution of issuers incident to the succession or from changes in capital stock liability per share; and

(c) The single predecessor, or the parent company in a group of predecessors, could have used Form A-2 if the succession had not

taken place.

In determining whether such single predecessor or such parent company in a group of predecessors could have used Form A-2, the record of the registrant in regard to income or annual reporting to security holders shall be considered a continuation of the record of such single predecessor or such parent company. In the case of a group of predecessor companies, the income of the parent company of the group shall be determined on the basis of consolidated reports for such parent company and its subsidiaries, the subsidiaries to be included in the consolidated reports whether or not they were combined with the parent company to form the registrant.

- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of the last sentence of the rule for the use of Form A-2 for Corporations, that form may be used by a corporation otherwise entitled to use the form, if the property acquired from promoters under the circumstances stated in such last sentence consisted principally of one or more going businesses, or of securities representing directly or indirectly more than 50 percent of the voting power controlling such businesses.
- 4. Notwithstanding the rules as to the use of Form E-1, or the rule as to the use of Form A-2 for Corporations, Form A-2 may be used in the situation described below for registration statements, except those for which a special form (other than Form E-1) is specifically prescribed, by corporations which file profit and loss statements of their own or of their predecessors for 3 years and which, or the predecessors of which, have in the past 15 years paid dividends upon any class of common stock for at least 2 consecutive years.

The situation in which Form A-2 may thus be used is that of registration of securities issued or sold in the course of a "reorganization", as defined in Rule 5 (1) as to the use of Form E-1, where the only operation which brings the transaction within the definition is the acquisition of assets of a subsidiary by the registrant in consideration of securities of the registrant, or the exchange of securities of the registrant for outstanding securities of a subsidiary.²

- 5. Any corporation which was formed by the consolidation of two or more corporations may use Form A-2, if each of the constituent corporations which collectively brought in a majority of the assets, as shown by the books of the constituent corporations prior to the consolidation, could have used Form A-2 if the consolidation had not taken place. In determining whether any such constituent corporation could have used Form A-2, the record of the registrant in regard to income or annual reporting to security holders shall be considered a continuation of such constituent corporation's record. In this rule, all the corporations consolidated to form the registrant are called the "constituent corporations."
- 6. Form A-2 may be used by a registrant if all the following conditions exist:
- (a) The registrant was a wholly owned subsidiary of a corporation which, either alone or with one or more of its other wholly owned subsidiaries, was merged into the registrant;

(b) The registrant acquired all the assets and assumed all the

liabilities of the corporations merged into it; and

- (c) The parent corporation could have used Form A-2 had the merger not taken place. In determining whether such parent corporation could have used Form A-2, the record of the registrant subsequent to the merger, in regard to income or annual reporting to security holders, shall be considered a continuation of the record of such parent corporation.
- 7. Notwithstanding the provisions of clause (b) of the rule as to the use of Form A-2 for Corporations, this form may be used by a corporation which has had a net income for only 1 fiscal year of the 5 fiscal years preceding the date of the latest balance sheet filed with the registration statement, if—

(1) The corporation was organized at least 5 years prior to the date of filing:

(2) Total assets of the registrant and its subsidiaries after deducting valuation and qualifying reserves, amount to not more than \$5,000,000, as shown by the most recent balance sheets filed with the registration statement; and

(3) The registrant is not an investment company, a bank holding

company, or a small-loan or other finance company.

 $^{^{2}}$ Rule 5 (1) defining the term "reorganization" is set forth below under the caption "Form E-1 For Securities in Reorganization."

FORM A-R FOR CORPORATE BONDS SECURED BY MORTGAGE INSURED BY FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

This form is to be used for registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, of corporate bonds constituting part of an issue secured by mortgage insured by Federal Housing Administration under the authority of Section 207 of the National Housing Act.

FORM C-1 FOR SECURITIES OF UNINCORPORATED INVESTMENT TRUSTS

This form is to be used for registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, of securities of unincorporated investment trusts of the fixed or restricted management type, having a depositor or sponsor but not having a board of directors or persons performing similar functions.

FORM C-2 FOR CERTAIN TYPES OF CERTIFICATES OF INTEREST IN SECURITIES

This form is to be used for registration under the Securities Act of 1933 of certificates of interest in securities of a single class of a single issuer, if the following conditions exist:

(1) The major part of the certificates are to be sold to the public for cash;

(2) Under the terms of the deposit agreement the depositor (as defined below) has no rights or duties as depositor, subsequent to the

deposit of the securities with the depositary;

(3) Under the terms of the deposit agreement the power to vote or give a consent with respect to the deposited securities may be exercised only by, or pursuant to the instructions of, the holders of the certificates of interest, except a power, if any, to vote to effect a split-up of deposited stock in such manner as to cause no change in the aggregate capital stock liability of the issuer of the deposited securities;

(4) The securities deposited by the depositor are registered under the Securities Act of 1933 in connection with the sale of the certificates of interest.

FORM C-3 FOR AMERICAN CERTIFICATES AGAINST FOREIGN ISSUES AND FOR THE UNDERLYING SECURITIES

This form shall be used for registration under the Securities Act of 1933 of American certificates (for example, so-called American depositary receipts for foreign shares or American participation certificates in foreign bonds or notes) issued against securities of foreign issuers deposited or to be deposited with an American depositary (whether physically held by such depositary in America or abroad) and of the foreign securities so deposited.

FORM D-1 FOR CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

In registering certificates of deposit issued in anticipation of or in connection with a plan of reorganization or readjustment, Form D-1 shall be used. If a plan of reorganization or readjustment is proposed at the time the call for deposits is to be made, parts I and II of Form D-1 should be filed at the same time. If no such plan is proposed at the time the call for deposits is to be made, part I may be filed alone, and part II must then be filed before the plan is submitted to the security holders or deposits are solicited under the plan. Part II is an amendment of part I and as such shall become effective on such date as the Commission may determine, having due regard to the public interest and the protection of investors.

In the event that a registrant is exempted from the necessity for filing part I, he may nevertheless file part II.

Before the issuance of the securities provided in the plan of readjustment or reorganization, Form E-1 is to be filed by the issuer of such securities, unless exempted from the necessity of such filing by the Act.

FORM D-1A FOR CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED BY ISSUER OF SECURITIES CALLED FOR DEPOSIT

This form is to be used only where the issuer of the certificates of deposit is the original issuer of the securities called for deposit, and only if the certificates of deposit are issued in connection with a plan of reorganization or readjustment which involves the issue of new securities to the holders of certificates of deposit.

FORM E-1 FOR SECURITIES IN REORGANIZATION

This form is to be used to register securities (including contracts of guaranty but excepting voting trust certificates, certificates of deposit, and certificates of interest or shares in unincorporated investment trusts of the fixed or restricted management type not having a board of directors or a board of persons performing similar functions, but having a depositor or sponsor) sold or modified in the course of a reorganization.³

The "Rules and Instructions Accompanying Form E-1" contain the following definition of the term "reorganization":

- 5. As used in these rules and the accompanying instructions:
- (1) The term "reorganization" includes any transaction involving:
- (a) A readjustment by modification of the terms of securities by agreement; or
- (b) A readjustment by the exchange of securities by the issuer thereof for others of its securities; or

³ Attention is called to the rules as to the use of Form A-2 which permit the use of that form in certain instances for securities in reorganization.

- (c) The exchange of securities by the issuer thereof for securities of another issuer; or
- (d) The acquisition of assets of a person, directly or indirectly, partly or wholly, in consideration of securities distributed or to be distributed as part of the same transaction directly or indirectly to holders of securities issued by such person or secured by assets of such person; or
 - (e) A merger or consolidation.

FORM F-1 FOR VOTING TRUST CERTIFICATES

This form is to be used to register voting trust certificates issued in the course of a reorganization or otherwise.

FORM S-10 FOR OIL OR GAS INTERESTS OR RIGHTS

Form S-10 shall be used for registration of landowners' royalty interests, overriding royalty interests, participating interests, working interests, oil or gas payments, oil or gas fee interests, oil or gas leasehold interests, and other producing or nonproducing oil or gas interests or rights.

SUPPLEMENT S-T TO REGISTRATION STATEMENTS UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

The special items comprising this Supplement S-T shall be applicable to issuers registering securities under the Securities Act of 1933 if any of the securities being registered are to be issued under an indenture required to be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. The special items, together with the answers thereto, shall be inserted in the registration statement immediately after the last item of the appropriate form.

Information and Documents Required for Exemption of Certain Securities Under Section 3 (b) of the Act

Certain issues of securities having an aggregate offering price to the public not exceeding \$100,000 are exempted from the registration provisions of the Act by regulations of the Commission pursuant to Section 3 (b) of the Act upon compliance with certain conditions provided in the regulations. The pertinent regulations are available without charge upon request.

The Commission rescinded exemption Rules 200 to 210, inclusive, of Regulation A, effective January 1, 1941, and adopted a new Regulation A, effective December 9, 1940. In connection with the adoption of the new Regulation A the Commission also adopted Form S-3b-1 which may be used in supplying the information required to be set forth in the letter of notification required by the new regulation.

FORM 1-G FOR REPORT OF SALE OF OIL OR GAS RIGHT

This form is to be used for reports of sales of oil or gas rights, required by Rule 320.

FORM 2-G FOR REPORT OF SALE OF OIL OR GAS RIGHT

This form is to be used for reports of sales of oil or gas rights, required by Rule 322.

GUIDE TO FORMS ADOPTED UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR REGISTRATION OR EXEMPTION OF A NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE

- Form 1. Application for registration or exemption from registration as a National Securities Exchange.—This form shall be filed in connection with the applications of securities exchanges for registration or exemption from registration.
- Form 9. Amendatory and/or supplementary statement to registration statement filed by an exchange.—This form shall be used for filing amendatory and/or supplementary statements to registration statements of national securities exchanges.
- Form 9-A. Amendatory and/or supplementary statement to application for exemption from registration filed by an exchange.—This form shall be used for filing amendatory and/or supplementary statements to applications for exemption from registration as national securities exchanges.

FOR APPLICATIONS FOR REGISTRATION OF SECURITIES ON NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGES

- Form 7. For provisional applications.—Where the form for permanent registration of any particular class of security has not yet been authorized, and for a period of 90 days after the filing of applications on such form is authorized, a provisional application for registration of a security of such class may be filed on Form 7 pursuant to Rule X-12B-2. (Rule X-12B-2 sets forth the requirements of an application filed on Form 7.)
- Form 8. For amendments to applications for registration or amendments to annual reports.—This form shall be used for amendments to applications for registration of securities pursuant to Section 12 (b) and (c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or amendments to annual reports pursuant to Section 13 of that Act.
- Form 8-A. For additional securities.—This form shall be used for applications for registration of securities on an exchange on which other securities of the registrant, whether of the same or a different class, are registered pursuant to Section 12 (b) and (c) of the Act if Form 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 22, or 23 would be the form appropriate for registration in case the registrant did not have securities so previously registered: *Provided*, That if Form 22 or 23 would be appropriate for original registration, this form shall be used only if securities of the

registrant issued pursuant to the plan of reorganization or succession by reason of which Form 22 or 23 would be appropriate for original registration have been registered on such exchange pursuant to an application on such form.

Form 8-B. For securities issued in certain cases upon the registrant's succession to an issuer or issuers of previously registered securities.—
This form shall be used by an issuer, not having securities previously registered, for applications filed on and after March 12, 1936, for the registration of securities, if the conditions set forth in the following paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) exist:

(a) (1) The registrant, having no assets at the time other than nominal assets; succeeded to a single predecessor which had securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (b) and (c) of the Act on the exchange or exchanges on which registration is applied for on this form; or

(2) The registrant was organized as the successor to, or, having no assets at the time other than nominal assets, succeeded to, a group of predecessors consisting of a parent which had securities so registered and one or more wholly owned subsidiaries of such

parent; or

(3) The registrant was a wholly owned subsidiary of a corporation having securities so registered, which corporation, either alone or with one or more of its other wholly owned subsidiaries,

was merged into the registrant.

(b) Substantially all of the securities to be registered on this form were or are to be issued in exchange for or otherwise in respect of previously registered securities of one or more of the predecessors, or are securities which, having been previously registered, have become or are to become securities of the registrant by operation of law or otherwise upon the succession.

(c) The registrant acquired all the assets and assumed all the

liabilities of its predecessor or predecessors.

(d) Except for such changes as may have resulted (1) from the substitution of issuers incident to the succession, or (2) from changes in capital stock liability per share, or (3) from the issuance of securities in satisfaction of dividends or interest in arrears on securities of predecessors, the capital structure of the registrant immediately following the succession was substantially the same as the capital structure of the single predecessor or the combined capital structure of the predecessors, or in a case falling within paragraph (a) (3) above, the combined capital structure of all the constituent corporations.

The term "wholly owned subsidiary" as used in this rule refers to a subsidiary substantially all the outstanding stock of which is held, directly or indirectly, by a single parent.

Form 8-C. For registration on an additional exchange.—This form may be used for applications for registration of securities on an exchange upon which no securities of the registrant are listed and registered, if securities of the registrant are registered pursuant to Section 12 (b), (c), and (d) on another exchange,

Form 10. For corporations.—This form shall be used for applications for the permanent registration of securities of corporations, filed on and after February 13, 1935, except the following: Securities of companies making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, or under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934; certificates of deposit: American certificates against foreign issues, either government or corporate; securities of insurance companies, other than companies engaged primarily in the title insurance business; securities of banks and bank holding companies; securities of investment trusts; securities issued by any corporation organized under the laws of any foreign country other than a North American country or Cuba: bonds issued by any corporation organized under the laws of a North American country or Cuba, which are guaranteed by any foreign government; securities issued by any corporation, foreign or domestic, which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by any foreign government: Provided, however, That this form shall not be used for applications for the permanent registration of securities of any corporation for which, at the time the application is filed. Form 22 or 23 is prescribed: And provided further, That this form shall not be used for applications for the permanent registration of securities of any corporation, if, at the time the application is filed, such corporation is in bankruptcy or receivership or in the process of reorganization pursuant to Section 77 or 77B of the Bankruptcy Act, and (a) a trustee or receiver appointed in such proceedings has title to or possession of a substantial portion of the assets of such corporation, or (b) such corporation is in possession of a substantial portion of its assets pursuant to an order entered under Subdivision (c), Clause (2) of said Section 77 or Subdivision (c), Clause (1) of said Section 77B. foreign issuer which by this paragraph is to file on Form 10 as to any class of securities other than bonds may also file on such form for such bonds; and any issuer of bonds which is organized under the laws of any foreign country may at its option file on Form 10 until 90 days after the proper form applicable to such foreign issuer shall have been published.

Form 11. For unincorporated issuers.—This form shall be used for applications filed on or after March 30, 1935, for the permanent registration of securities of unincorporated issuers, except the following: Securities of companies making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, or under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934; certificates of deposit; voting trust certificates; American certificates against foreign issues, either government or private; securities of insurance companies; securities of banks and bank holding companies; securities of investment trusts; securities issued by a

national of a foreign country other than a North American country or Cuba; bonds issued by a national of a North American country or Cuba, which are guaranteed by any foreign government; securities of any issuer, foreign or domestic, which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by any foreign government: Provided, however, That this form shall not be used for applications for the permanent registration of securities of any issuer for which, at the time the application is filed, Form 22 or 23 is prescribed: And provided further, That this form shall not be used for applications for the permanent registration of securities of any issuer, if, at the time the application is filed, such issuer is in bankruptcy or receivership or in the process of reorganization pursuant to Section 77 or 77B of the Bankruptcy Act, and (a) a trustee or receiver appointed in such proceedings has title to or possession of a substantial portion of the assets of such issuer, or (b) such corporation is in possession of a substantial portion of its assets pursuant to an order entered under Subdivision (c), Clause (2) of said Section 77 or Subdivision (c), Clause (1) of said Section 77B.

Form 12. For companies making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, or under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934.—This form shall be used for applications filed on or after April 10, 1935, for the permanent registration of securities of companies making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, or under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934, except such companies in receivership or in process of reorganization pursuant to Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act.

Form 12-A. For companies in receivership or bankruptcy and making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, or under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934.—This form shall be used for applications filed on or after June 17, 1935, for the permanent registration of securities of companies making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, or under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934, and in receivership or in bankruptcy (including proceedings under Section 77 or 77B of the Bankruptcy Act).

Form 13. For insurance companies other than life and title insurance companies.—This form shall be used for applications filed on or after May 7, 1935, for permanent registration of securities of corporations engaged, directly or through subsidiaries, primarily in the insurance business, except corporations engaged primarily in the life or title insurance business. This form shall not be used by corporations engaged primarily in the business of guaranteeing mortgages or mortgage-participation certificates.

Pending the authorization of a form for registration of securities of corporations engaged primarily in the life insurance business, and for a period of 30 days after the filing of applications on such form is authorized, such corporations may file application on Form 13 for Insurance Companies other than Life and Title Insurance Companies.

Insofar as Form 13 may be inappropriate to the life insurance business, a corporation engaged in the life insurance business filing on Form 13, pursuant to this rule, shall furnish information comparable to that required by Form 13; and, in lieu of financial statements required under the Instructions as to Financial Statements in the Instruction Book for Form 13, such corporation may file a copy of its last annual statement filed with its State regulatory authority.

Form 14. For certificates of deposit issued by a committee.—This form shall be used for applications on or after May 10, 1935, for the permanent registration of certificates of deposit issued by a committee.

Form 15. For incorporated investment companies.—This form shall be used for applications filed on or after May 15, 1935, for the permanent registration of securities of any corporation which is engaged, either directly or through subsidiaries, primarily in the business of investing and reinvesting, or trading, in securities, for the purpose of revenue and for profit, and not in general for the purpose, or with the effect, of exercising control; except securities of such corporations in process of reorganization pursuant to Section 77B of the Bankruptcy Act or securities of such corporations in bankruptcy or receivership.

Form 16. For voting trust certificates and underlying securities.— This form shall be used for applications filed on or after May 18, 1935, for the permanent registration of voting trust certificates and underlying securities.

Form 17. For unincorporated issuers engaged primarily in the business of investing or trading in securities.—This form shall be used for applications filed on or after May 31, 1935, for the permanent registration of securities of any unincorporated issuer which is engaged, either directly or through subsidiaries, primarily in the business of investing and reinvesting, or trading, in securities, for the purpose of revenue and for profit, and not in general for the purpose, or with the effect, of exercising control; except securities of such issuers in process of reorganization pursuant to Section 77B of the Bankruptcy Act or securities of such issuers in bankruptcy or receivership.

Form 18. For foreign governments and political subdivisions thereof.— This form shall be used for applications filed on or after July 1, 1935, for the permanent registration of securities of any foreign government or political subdivision thereof: *Provided*, however, That any public corporation or other autonomous entity in the nature of a political subdivision, except a State, province, county, or municipality or similar body politic, may, at its option, use Form 21 in lieu of this form.

Form 19. For American certificates against foreign issues and for the underlying securities.—This form shall be used for applications filed on or after July 15, 1935, for the permanent registration of American certificates (for example, so-called American depositary receipts for foreign shares or American participation certificates in foreign bonds or notes) issued against securities of foreign issuers deposited with an American depositary (whether physically held by such depositary in America or abroad) and of the foreign securities so deposited.

Form 20. For securities other than bonds of foreign private issuers.—
This form shall be used for applications filed on or after July 15, 1935, for the permanent registration of securities other than bonds or other evidences of indebtedness (a) issued by a national of a foreign country other than a North American country or Cuba, or (b) issued by any corporation or unincorporated association, foreign or domestic, which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by any foreign government.

Form 21. For bonds of foreign private issuers.—This form shall be used for applications filed on or after July 15, 1935, for the permanent registration of bonds or other evidences of indebtedness (a) issued by a national of a foreign country other than a North American country or Cuba; (b) issued by a national of a North American country or Cuba which are guaranteed by any foreign government; (c) issued by any corporation or unincorporated association, foreign or domestic, which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by any foreign government; or (d) issued by any public corporation or other autonomous entity in the nature of a political subdivision which shall at its option elect to use this form in lieu of Form 18, except that this form is not to be used by a State, province, county, or municipality or similar body politic.

Form 22. For issuers reorganized in insolvency proceedings or which have succeeded to a person in insolvency proceedings.—This form shall be used for applications for registration of securities of any issuer which, pursuant to a plan—

(a) Has been or is being reorganized in insolvency proceed-

ings; or

(b) Has acquired or is to acquire, directly or indirectly, substantially all of its business and assets (other than cash) from a person in insolvency proceedings or from such person and one or more of its subsidiaries, and is continuing or is to continue the business so acquired; or

(c) Being a subsidiary of a person in insolvency proceedings, has acquired or is to acquire directly or indirectly substantially all of its assets (other than cash and other than assets

owned by it prior to such acquisition) from such person or from such person and one or more of its subsidiaries;

if the securities are, or are to be, outstanding or issued pursuant to the plan, or were or are to be issued after the consummation of the plan: *Provided*, That this form shall not be used by issuers for which Form 8-A, 12, or 12-A is prescribed, or for applications filed with the exchange after the expiration of a full fiscal year of the issuer commencing on or after the date on which the transfer or opening of accounts was made.

Form 23. For successor issuers.—This form shall be used for applications for registration of securities of any issuer which has acquired, or is presently to acquire, directly or indirectly (through the acquisition of securities or otherwise) the major portion of its business and assets (other than cash) by acquiring all or a part of the business and assets of one or more other persons, and is continuing or is to continue the business so acquired: Provided, however, That this form shall not be used by issuers for which either Form 8-A, 8-B, 12, 12-A, 20, 21, or 22 is prescribed, or for applications filed with the exchange after the expiration of a full fiscal year of the issuer commencing on or after the date of succession.

Form 24. For bank holding companies.—This form shall be used for applications for the registration of securities of any person which is engaged, either directly or through subsidiaries, primarily in the business of owning securities of banks, for the purpose or with the effect of exercising control.

Form 1-J. For registration of unissued warrants for "when issued" dealing.—This form is to be used for applications for registration of unissued warrants, pursuant to Section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for "when issued" dealing on a national securities exchange.

Form 2-J. For registration of unissued securities, other than unissued warrants for "when issued" dealing.—This form is to be used for applications for registration of unissued securities, other than unissued warrants, pursuant to Section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for "when issued" dealing on a national securities exchange.

Form 15-AN. For statements in respect of exemption of issued warrants.—This form is to be used for statements in respect of exemption of issued warrants, pursuant to Section 3 (a) (12) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

FOR ANNUAL AND OTHER REPORTS OF ISSUERS HAVING SECURITIES REGISTERED ON NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGES

Form 8-K. For current reports.—This form is to be used for the

current reports required by Rule X-13A-6.1

Form 10-K. For corporations.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of all corporations except those for which another form is specifically prescribed.

Form 11-K. For unincorporated issuers.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of all unincorporated issuers except those for which another form is specifically prescribed.

Form 12-K. For companies making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, or under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of companies making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate

- I Rule X-13A-6. Current reports (a) A current report on the appropriate form shall be filed by the is suer of a security registered on a national securities exchange (hereinafter called "the registrant") in case any of the events enumerated below occurred or shall occur at any time after the close of the first fiscal year or other one-year period for which an annual report is required to be filed by the registrant, or if the registrant had no security registered on a national securities exchange on December 31, 1935, at any time after the registration of any of its securities first became or shall become effective:
 - (1) A material amendment of any exhibit previously filed by the registrant pursuant to Section 12 or 13 of the Act;
 - (2) The execution of any voting trust agreement, contract, or indenture of a character required to be filed as an exhibit in the form of annual report appropriate for the registrant;
 - (3) A substantial restatement of the capital shares accout of the registrant;
 - (4) The issuance of any new class of securities, or an aggregate increase or decrease of more than five percent in the amount of any class of securities of the registrant outstanding, as last previously reported, unless resulting from an ordinary sinking fund operation; provided that (i) no report need be made with respect to notes, drafts, bills of exchange, or bankers' acceptances having a maturity at the time of issuance of not exceeding one year, and (ii) for the purposes of this paragraph (4), securities held by the registrant shall not be deemed "outstanding";
 - (5) The granting or extension of any option to purchase equity securities of the registrant from the registrant, provided that a current report need be made only when one or more options calling for an aggregate principal amount of \$50,000 or more of a single issue of convertible evidences of indebtedness, or an aggregate of 1,000 or more shares or other units of any other single class of equity securities, have been granted or extended and have not been previously reported;
 - (6) The exercise, in whole or in part, of any option to purchase equity securities of the registrant from the registrant, provided that a current report need be made only when a person or persons have acquired an aggregate principal amount of \$50,000 or more of a single issue of convertible evidences of indebtedness, or an aggregate of 1,000 or more shares or other units of any other single class of equity securities, through one or more exercises which have not been previously reported;
 - (7) A person's becoming, or ceasing to be, a parent or subsidiary of the registrant, provided that no report need be made as to any subsidiary the name of which would not be required to be furnished in the form of annual report appropriate for the registrant;
 - (8) A substantial revaluation of the assets of the registrant;
 - (9) A substantial withdrawal or substitution with respect to property securing any issue of registered ecurities:

provided, however. That no report need be filed as to any event concerning which information substantially similar to that required by Form 8-K shall have been previously reported by the registrant.

- (b) The current report shall be filed not more than ten days after the close of the calendar month during which occurred the event obligating the registrant to file the current report, or if the event occurred prior to December 1, 1936, not later than January 10, 1937.
- (c) As used in this rule, the term "previously reported" means previously reported in an application for registration or a report filed pursuant to Section 12 or 13 of the Act; the term "option" does not include options evidenced by an issue of securities, such as an issue of warrants or rights; the term "unit" means that unit of a class of securities representing the smallest interest in the registrant or in property of the registrant, or having the smallest par or face value or denomination which is separately transferable by a holder thereof. Unless the context otherwise requires, all other terms used in this rule have the same meanings as in the Act, in the form appropriate for an annual report of the registrant, and in the instruction book accompanying such form.
- (d) The foregoing provisions of this rule shall not be applicable to issuers of securities which are registered pursuant to an application on Form 18, 19, 20, or 21.

Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, and of carriers making annual reports under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934, except such companies in receivership or in bankruptcy, including proceedings for reorganization pursuant to Section 77 or 77B of the Bankruptcy Act, at the close of the fiscal year for which the report is made.

Form 12A-K. For companies in receivership or bankruptcy at close of fiscal year and making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, or under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934.— This form is to be used for the annual reports of companies making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or Section 220 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935, and of carriers making annual reports under Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934, if such companies were in receivership or in bankruptcy, including proceedings for reorganization pursuant to Section 77 or 77B of the Bankruptcy Act, at the close of the fiscal year for which the report is made.

Form 13-K. For insurance companies other than life and title insurance companies.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of corporations engaged, directly or through subsidiaries, primarily in the insurance business, except corporations engaged primarily in the life or title insurance business. This form is not to be used by corporations engaged primarily in the business of guaranteeing mortgages or mortgage-participation certificates.

Form 14-K. For certificates of deposit issued by a committee.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of issuers of certificates of deposit issued by a committee.

Form 15-K. For incorporated investment companies.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of corporations engaged either directly or through subsidiaries primarily in the business of investing and reinvesting or trading in securities for the purpose of revenue and for profit, and not in general for the purpose or with the effect of exercising control.

Form 16-K. For voting trust certificates and underlying securities.— This form is to be used for annual reports relating to securities evidencing a participation in a voting trust agreement or a similar agreement for the holding of securities for voting purposes and to securities held subject to such agreements.

Form 17-K. For unincorporated issuers engaged primarily in the business of investing or trading in securities.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of unincorporated issuers engaged either directly or through subsidiaries primarily in the business of investing and reinvesting or trading in securities for the purpose of revenue and for profit, and not in general for the purpose or with the effect of exercising control.

Form 18-K. For foreign governments and political subdivisions thereof.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of foreign governments or political subdivisions thereof, except any public corporation or other autonomous entity in the nature of a political subdivision, other than a State, province, county, or municipality or similar body politic which, at its option, has registered its securities on Form 21 in lieu of Form 18.

Form 19-K. For issuers of American certificates against foreign issues and the underlying securities.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of issuers of American certificates (for example, so-called American depositary receipts for foreign shares or American participation certificates in foreign bonds or notes) issued against securities of foreign issuers deposited with an American depositary (whether physically held by such depositary in America or abroad) and of the foreign securities so deposited.

Form 20-K. For foreign private issuers registering securities other than bonds.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of the following issuers with respect to securities other than bonds or other evidences of indebtedness: (a) Nationals of a foreign country other than a North American country or Cuba, and (b) corporations or unincorporated associations, foreign or domestic, which are directly or indirectly owned or controlled by any foreign government.

Form 21-K. For foreign private issuers registering bonds.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of the following issuers with respect to bonds or other evidences of indebtedness: (a) Nationals of a foreign country other than a North American country or Cuba, (b) nationals of a North American country or Cuba if such bonds or other evidences of indebtedness are guaranteed by any foreign government, (c) corporations or unincorporated associations, foreign or domestic, which are directly or indirectly owned or controlled by any foreign government, and (d) public corporations or other autonomous entities in the nature of political subdivisions which, at their option, have registered securities on Form 21 in lieu of Form 18.

Form 24-K. For bank holding companies.—This form is to be used for the annual reports of any person which is engaged, either directly or through subsidiaries, primarily in the business of owning securities of banks, for the purpose or with the effect of exercising control.

FOR REGISTRATION OF BROKERS AND DEALERS TRANSACTING BUSINESS
ON OVER-THE-COUNTER MARKETS

Form 3-M. For applications for registration of brokers and dealers, except applications for which Form 4-M is authorized.—This form is to be used for applications filed on or after July 1, 1936, for the registration of brokers and dealers pursuant to Section 15 (b) of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except applications for which Form 4-M is authorized to be used.

Form 4-M. For applications for registration of partnerships formed upon death, withdrawal, or admission of one or more partners in partnerships registered as brokers or dealers.—This form is to be used (a) for applications filed by a registered partnership on or after July 1, 1936, pursuant to Section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for the registration of a partnership to be formed as the successor to the applicant by the withdrawal or admission of one or more partners in the applicant; and (b) for applications filed on or after October 10, 1936, pursuant to said Section 15 (b) and Rule X-15B-4, for the registration of a partnership formed as the successor to a registered partnership which has been dissolved by the death, withdrawal, or admission of one or more partners: Provided, That the application is filed within 30 days after such dissolution.

Form 5-M. For adoption of applications filed by predecessors.—This form is to be used by a broker or dealer in adopting as its own an application for registration on Form 3-M or Form 4-M filed on its behalf by a predecessor.

Form 6-M. For supplemental statements to applications for registration of brokers and dealers.—This form is to be used for correcting inaccuracies and reporting changes in the information contained or incorporated in any application filed on Form 1-M, Form 3-M, or Form 4-M or in any adoption filed on Form 5-M or in any supplemental statement filed on Form 2-M or Form 6-M.

FOR ANNUAL REPORTS OF REGISTRANTS UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT

Form 1-MD. General form.—This form is to be used for the annual reports, pursuant to Section 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, of all issuers except those for which another form is specifically prescribed.

Form 2-MD. For investment trusts having securities registered on Form C-1.—This form is to be used for annual reports, pursuant to Section 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, relating to securities of unincorporated investment trusts of the fixed or restricted management type, having a depositor or sponsor but not having a board of directors or persons performing similar functions.

Form 3-MD. For voting trust certificates.—This form is to be used for annual reports, pursuant to Section 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, relating to voting trust certificates.

Form 4-MD. For certificates of deposit.—This form is to be used for annual reports, pursuant to Section 15 (d) of the Securities Ex-

² The filing of annual reports on these forms is required by Rule X-15D-1, pursuant to Section 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

change Act of 1934, relating to certificates of deposit issued by a Committee.

FOR APPLICATIONS FOR REGISTRATION OF NATIONAL SECURITIES
ASSOCIATIONS AND AFFILIATED SECURITIES ASSOCIATIONS

Form X-15AA-1. Application for registration as a national securities association or affiliated securities association.—This form is to be used for applications for registration as national securities associations or affiliated securities associations.

Form X-15AJ-1. Amendatory and/or supplementary statement to registration statement of national securities association or affiliated securities association.—This form is to be used for filing amendatory and/or supplementary statements to registration statements of national securities associations or affiliated securities associations.

Form X-15AJ-2. Annual consolidated supplement to registration statement of national securities association or affiliated securities association.—This form is to be used for filing annual consolidated supplements to registration statements of national securities associations or affiliated securities associations.

FOR REPORTS TO BE FILED BY OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND SECURITY HOLDERS

Form 4. For reporting changes in ownership of equity securities.— Every person who at any time during any month has been directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of any class of any equity security (other than an exempted security) which is listed on a national securities exchange, or a director or an officer of the issuer of such security, shall, if there has been any change during such month in his ownership of any equity security of such issuer, whether registered or not, file with each exchange on which any equity security of the issuer is listed and registered a statement on Form 4 (and a single duplicate original thereof with the Commission) indicating his ownership at the close of the calendar month and such changes in his ownership as have occurred during such calendar month. Such statements must be received by the Commission and the exchange on or before the 10th day of the month following that which they cover.

Form 5. For reporting ownership of equity securities.—In the case of an equity security (other than an exempted security) which is listed subsequent to February 15, 1935, on a national security exchange, every person who at the time such registration becomes effective is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of any class of such security or a director or an officer of the issuer of such security, shall file with each exchange on which any equity security of

the issuer is listed and registered a statement on Form 5 (and a single duplicate original thereof with the Commission) of the amount of all equity securities of such issuer, whether registered or not, so beneficially owned by him at the time such registration became effective. Such statement must be received by the Commission and the exchange on or before the 10th day of the following calendar month. If such person files a statement on Form 4 for the same calendar month in respect of the same securities, he need not file an additional statement pursuant to this paragraph.

Form 6. For reports by persons who have just become officers or directors or security holders of more than 10 percent of any class of equity security.—Every person who becomes directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of any class of any equity security (other than an exempted security), which is listed on a national securities exchange, or becomes a director or an officer of the issuer of such security, shall file with each exchange on which any equity security of the issuer is listed and registered a statement on Form 6 (and a single duplicate original thereof with the Commission) of the amount of all equity securities of such issuer, whether registered or not. so beneficially owned by him immediately after becoming such beneficial owner, director, or officer. Such statement must be received by the Commission and the exchange on or before the 10th day following the day on which such person became such beneficial owner, director, or officer. Such person need not file the statement required by this paragraph, if prior to such 10th day and during the calendar month in which he has become such beneficial owner, director, or officer, there has been a change in his beneficial ownership which will require him to file a statement on Form 4 with respect to the same securities.

FOR FILING NOTICE OF INTENTION TO STABILIZE AND FOR REPORTING STABILIZING TRANSACTIONS

Form X-9A6-1. For notice of intention to stabilize.—This form is to be used for filing notice of intention to stabilize the price of a security pursuant to Rule X-9A6-3.

Form X-17A-1. For reporting stabilizing transactions.—This form is to be used for reporting stabilizing transactions pursuant to Rule X-17A-2 (a) (1) or (3).

Form X-17A-2. For reporting stabilizing transactions.—This form is to be used for reporting stabilizing transactions pursuant to Rule X-17A-2 (a) (2).

Form X-17A-3. For reporting stabilizing transactions.—This form is to be used for reporting stabilizing transactions pursuant to Rule X-17A-2 (a) (4).

GUIDE TO FORMS ADOPTED UNDER THE PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1935

Form U-A. Facing page.—This form is to be used as a facing page for all amendments to applications, declarations, reports, and statements filed under the Act.

Form U-1. Form for applications and declarations.—This form is to be used by a registered holding company or subsidiary company filing an application or declaration that includes an issue or sale of securities, acquisition or sale of assets, change of rights, guaranty or assumption of liability, or a transaction subject to rules under Sections 12 (b) or 12 (c) of the Act.

Form U-2. Declaration and periodic report.—This form is to be used by a subsidiary of a registered holding company primarily engaged in business as a broker or dealer, which claims exemption under Rule U-3D-4 and also for the quarterly reports to be filed by such a company.

Form U-3A-2. Statement filed by holding companies claiming exemption.—This form is prescribed for annual reports to be filed by holding companies claiming exemption from the provisions of the Act by virtue of Rule U-3A-2.

Form U-3A3-1. Semiannual statement filed by banks claiming exemption.—This form is prescribed for semiannual reports to be filed by banks claiming exemption from the provisions of the Act by virtue of Rule U-3A3-1.

Form U-3D-13. Notification of acquisition of utility assets.—This form is to be filed by the acquiring company in the event of an acquisition of utility assets exempted by Rule U-3D-13.

Form U-5-A. Notification of registration.—This form is to be used for notification of registration pursuant to Section 5 (a) of the Act.

Form U-5-B. Registration statement.—This form is to be used for registration statements to be filed by registered holding companies pursuant to Section 5 (b) of the Act.

Form U-5-S. Annual supplement to registration statement.—This form is to be used by registered holding companies for the annual supplements to registration statements.

Form U-6B-2. Certificate of notification.—This form is to be used for the filing of certificates of notification of certain issuances of securities by registered holding companies and subsidiaries thereof, as required by Rule U-6B-2.

Form U-12 (I)-A. Statement pursuant to Section 12 (i).—This is a form of statement as to be made by a person employed or retained by a registered holding company or a subsidiary thereof.

Form U-12 (I)-B. Statement pursuant to Section 12 (i).—This is a form of an annual statement to be made by a person regularly employed or retained by a registered holding company or subsidiary company thereof. This annual form relieves persons, who are regularly employed or retained by holding companies or their subsidiaries and who frequently represent such companies, from the necessity of filing numerous reports on Form U-12 (I)-A.

Form U-13-1. Application for approval of mutual service company or declaration with respect to organization and conduct of business of subsidiary service company.—This form is to be used, pursuant to Rule U-13-22, for an application for approval of a mutual service company or for a declaration with respect to the organization and conduct of business of a subsidiary service company.

Form U-13-60. Annual report of mutual and subsidiary service companies.—This form is to be used for the filing of annual reports by each mutual service company and each subsidiary service company pursuant to Rule U-13-60.

Form U-13E-1. Report by affiliate service company.—This form is to be filed pursuant to Rule U-13E-1 by an affiliate service company or by a company principally engaged in the performance of services.

Form U-14-1. Quarterly report of acquisitions.—This form is prescribed for quarterly reports of acquisitions of securities to be filed by registered holding companies pursuant to Rule U-14-1.

Form U-14-3. Annual report of registered holding companies.— This form is to be used for the filing of annual reports by registered holding companies pursuant to Rule U-14-3.

Form U-17-1. Reports of ownership by officers and directors.—This form is to be used for statements of ownership required by Section 17 (a) of the Act to be filed by persons who are officers or directors of a registered holding company at the time when it is registered. A statement must be filed by every officer and director of a holding company following its registration, even if he owns no securities of the company or its subsidiaries.

Form U-17-2. Reports of changes of ownership by officers and directors.—This form is to be used by officers and directors of registered holding companies in reporting changes in their beneficial ownership of securities of such holding companies or any of their subsidiaries, as required by Section 17 (a) of the Act.

GUIDE TO FORMS ADOPTED UNDER THE TRUST INDENTURE ACT OF 1939

FOR STATEMENTS OF ELIGIBILITY AND QUALIFICATION OF TRUSTEES

Form T-1. For statements of eligibility and qualification of corporations designated to act as trustees.—This form shall be used for statements of eligibility and qualification of corporations designated to act as trustees under trust indentures to be qualified pursuant to Section 305 or 307 of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939.

Form T-2. For statements of eligibility and qualification of individuals designated to act as trustees.—This form shall be used for statements of eligibility and qualification of individuals designated to act as trustees under trust indentures to be qualified pursuant to Section 305 or 307 of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939.

FOR APPLICATIONS FOR QUALIFICATION OF INDENTURES

Form T-3. For applications for qualification of indentures.—This form shall be used for applications for qualification of indentures pursuant to Section 307 (a) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939.

GUIDE TO FORMS ADOPTED UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940

Form N-8A. For notification of registration.—This form shall be used as the notification of registration pursuant to Section 8 (a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Form N-30F-1. For initial statement of beneficial ownership of outstanding securities of registered closed-end investment companies.—This form is used for initial statements of beneficial ownership of securities of registered closed-end companies, to be filed with the Commission by every person who is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than 10 per centum of any class of outstanding securities (other than short-term paper) of which such a company is the issuer, or who is an officer, director, member of an advisory board, investment adviser, or affiliated person of an investment adviser of such a company at the time when the company is registered. It is also to be used by persons who assume any of the above specified relationships with such a company after the date when the company has registered.

Form N-30F-2. For statement of changes in beneficial ownership of outstanding securities of registered closed-end investment companies.—This form is used for statements of changes in beneficial ownership of securities issued by registered closed-end investment companies, to be filed with the Commission by every person who is required to file Form N-30F-1.

GUIDE TO FORMS ADOPTED UNDER THE INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940

Form 1-R. For application for registration.—This form is to be used for application for registration of investment advisers pursuant to Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

APPENDIX III

SECURITIES ACT REGISTRATION STATEMENTS AS TO WHICH STOP ORDERS, CONSENT REFUSAL ORDERS, AND WITHDRAWAL ORDERS WERE ISSUED JULY 1, 1939, TO JUNE 30, 1940 1

Docket No.	Issuer	Form	Amount	Type of order or action?	Date
2-4228 2-2095 2-2526 2-3458 2-3823 2-4352 2-4370 2-4097 2-4066 2-4248 2-4306	Albert Royalty Trust and Nellie L. Albert et al., originally filed as Nellie L. Albert and Elizabeth Sproule, Casper, Wyo. W. Wallace Alexander, Inc., Philadelphia, Padododododododo	G-2 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-2 A-1 A-1	\$78, 600 1, 000, 000 1, 000, 000 1, 000, 000 750, 000 312, 500 1, 258, 750 1, 650, 000 210, 000	W SO SO SO SO W W W W W W Kef. Eff. W	Jan. 11, 1940 Nov. 2, 1939 Do. Do. Do. June 6, 1940 Mar. 23, 1940 July 13, 1939 Mar. 1, 1940 Feb. 24, 1940 Apr. 8, 1940 As of Apr. 27, 1940 Aug. 3, 1939 Mar. 2, 1940
1 This	list includes 83 registration statements, which are cl		,	, **	Mai. 2, 1940
	Total additions to withdrawals Withdrawn, refiled. Total additions to withdrawals Withdrawn, refiled, and— Pending amendment Effective. Refiled and withdrawn during period.				58
	Total				
Co	Grand total of withdrawals during year onsent refusal orders: Orders issued and still in force Statements subsequently effective				1
St.	Total issued during yearop orders: Orders issued and still in focre				15
	Total issued during year				16
Three issued p	additional stop orders were lifted during the year. rior to the period.	These	were in con	nection wi	th stop orders

² Abbreviations used in this table:

W=Withdrawn.
CRO=Consent refusal order.
SO=Stop order.
Ref.=Refiled.

Eff. = Registration statement fully effective (stop or refusal order having been lifted, or statement having been refiled).

Re-Eff. = Re-effective.

SECURITIES ACT REGISTRATION STATEMENTS AS TO WHICH STOP ORDERS, CONSENT REFUSAL ORDERS, AND WITHDRAWAL ORDERS WERE ISSUED JULY 1, 1939, TO JUNE 30, 1940—Continued

Docket No.	Issuer	Form	Amount	Type of order or action	Date
2-4283 2-4224	American Wringer Co., Inc., Woonsocket, R. I Asbestos Mfg. Co., Huntington, Ind Atlantic Seaboard Petroleum Corporation, Piscat-	A-2 E-1	\$411, 438 201, 265	W	Feb. 14, 1940 Apr. 4, 1940 Aug. 12, 1939
2-4116	awaytown, N. J.	A-1	500, 000	Ref. Eff. W	Aug. 26, 1939 Oct. 14, 1939 Aug. 24, 1939
2-4079	Beech Aircraft Corporation, Wichita, Kans	A-2	270, 235	Ref.	Dec. 22, 1939 Feb. 26, 1940 as of
2-4109 2-3825	The B-Ettes Corporation, New York, N. Y. Thomas Bond, Inc., Chicago, Ill.	A-1 A-1	594, 034 250, 000	W W	Feb. 25, 1940 Feb. 20, 1940 Aug. 21, 1939
2-1039	Callahan Zinc Lead Co., Wallace, Idaho	A-1	747, 518	Re-Eff.	Sept. 26, 1939 Oct. 11, 1939 Nov. 28, 1939
2-4229	Canadian Colonial Airways, Inc., New York, N. Y.	A-2	405, 000	Ref. Eff.	May 8, 1940 June 17, 1940 as of
2-4338	Cinnabar City Mining Co., Inc., Reno, Nev	A-0-1	400,000	w	June 10, 1940 Apr. 6, 1940
2-4281 2-4153	Citizens Gas Co., Stroudsburg, Pa.	A-2 A-1	329, 820 250, 000	W W	Feb. 10, 1940 Aug. 23, 1939
2-3930	Citizens Gas Co., Stroudsburg, Pa. Colony Fund, Inc., New York, N. Y. Consolidated Grain Corporation, Kawkawlin, Mich.	A-1	150,000	so	Jan. 9, 1940
2–3543 2–4181	Dewey Portland Cement Co., Kansas City, Mo. Era Mining & Development Co., Inc., Idaho Falls, Idaho	A-2 A-0-1	3, 000, 000 73, 500	w	July 11, 1939 Sept. 18, 1939
2-3763	Fawn Mining Company, Ltd., Vancouver, British Columbia.	A-1		w w	1 .
2-3733 2-3734 2-3640	Federal Screw Works, Detroit, MichdoFinger Canadian Lumber Co., Ltd., Winnipeg,	D-1-A A-2	253, 899 579, 000 579, 000	W	June 24, 1940 Nov. 14, 1939 Do.
2-4121	Manitoba. Fox Lake Gold Mines, Ltd., London, Ontario	A-1 A-1	270, 000 687, 500 550, 500	SO W	July 31, 1939 Oct. 17, 1939
2-4164 2-4055 2-4188	Fox Lake Gold Mines, Ltd., London, Ontario Fuel Oil Motors, Inc., New York, N. Y General Instrument Corporation, Elizabeth, N. J Great Western Silver Mines Tr. Co., Gold Hill,	A-1 A-2	934, 326	W	June 6, 1940
2-3225	Colo———————————————————————————————————	A-0-1 A-1 E-1	160, 000 812, 500	W W	Oct. 21, 1939 Aug. 30, 1939
2-4226 2-3641	Haile Gold Mines, Inc., New York, N. Y. Hotel Markham, Inc., Gulfport, Miss. Illinois Zine Co., Chicago, Il.	E-1 A-2	812, 500 285, 504 600, 000	W	Jan. 5, 1940
2-4208 2-3877	Investment Corporation of North America, Chi-	A-1	750, 000	w	Feb. 19, 1940 May 22, 1940
2-2802 2-3816	cago, Ill. Investors Fund of America, Inc., New York, N. Y. Kant Blaze Fireproofing Corporation, Lynn,	A-2 A-1	123, 816 3, 562, 231	so W	July 11, 1939 Sept. 19, 1939
2-3961	Mass Konversionskasse Fur Deutsche Auslandsschul- den and Deutsches Reich (Conversion Office for German Foreign Debt and Guaranty by Ger-	A-1	375, 000	w	June 5, 1940
2-1539	man Government)	A-1 A-2	73, 000, 000 12, 250, 000	W W	Sept. 20, 1939 Jan. 25, 1940
2-4085	Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago, Ill	Ã-1	96, 000	so w	May 2, 1940 Nov. 6, 1939
2-4213	Marland Oil Co. of Oklahoma, Ponca City, Okla-	A-1	700,000	Ref. Eff.	Nov. 10, 1939 Mar. 30, 1940
2-4185 2-4318	Maryland Discount Corporation, Hyattsville, Md. The Measuregraph Co., V. T., St. Louis, Mo Metropolitan Personal Loan Corporation, New	A-1 F-1	100, 000 342, 326	w w	Sept. 29, 1939 Mar. 16, 1940
2~4002 2~4230	Metropolitan Personal Loan Corporation, New York, N. Y Missouri Theatre Corporation, St. Joseph, Mo.	A-2 E-1	2, 259, 596 52, 833	so	May 8, 1940 Nov. 25, 1939
2-4067	York, N. Y	A-2	1, 496, 250	w	Oct. 4, 1939
2-4395	Montgomery ward & Co., Inc., Unicago, III	A-2	30, 916, 400 2, 000, 000	w	May 21, 1940
2-4407 2-4207	Motors Securities Co., Inc., Shreveport, La Nancy Lee Mines, Inc., Kellogg, Idaho	A-2 A-0-1	2,000,000	W	June 4, 1940 Oct. 28, 1939
2-4207 2-3173 2-3765	Nancy Lee Mines, Inc., Kellogg, Idaho National Broach & Machine Co., Detroit, Mich National Terminal Co. of Washington, D. C.,	A-2	525, 000 1, 653, 750	w	Aug. 1, 1939
2-4126 2-4168 2-3883	Washington, D. C New England Power Co., Boston, Mass Pacific Aviation, Incorporated, Hawthorne, Calif. Pacific States Oil & Terminals Co., Los Angeles,	A-1 A-2 A-1	303, 000 11, 194, 000 325, 000	W W W	Jan. 2, 1940 June 20, 1940 Nov. 21, 1939
2-2081	Calif. Potrero Sugar Co., New York, N. Y.	A~1 A-1	605, 000 428, 566	so w	Aug. 24, 1939
2-4086	Poulin Mining, Co, Ltd., Montreal, Quebec	A-1	428, 566 800, 000	\f W	Sept. 19, 1939 July 17, 1939 Oct. 20, 1939
2-4110	Public Service Co. of North Carolina, Inc., Gas-	A-2	898, 200	Ref.	July 21, 1939
	tonia, N. C	A-2	050, 200	{ Ref.	Aug. 21, 1936

SECURITIES ACT REGISTRATION STATEMENTS AS TO WHICH STOP ORDERS, CONSENT REFUSAL ORDERS, AND WITHDRAWAL ORDERS WERE ISSUED JULY 1, 1939, TO JUNE 30, 1940—Continued

No.	Issuer	Form	Amount	Type of order or action	Date
2-3821	Public Service Co. of Oklahoma, Tulsa, Okla	A-2	\$226, 354	w	Apr. 24, 1940
2-3513	Realty Shares Corporation, Chicago, Ill.	Ã-1	2,000,000	ŵ	Aug. 25, 1939
2-3410	Regan Alexander Baking Co., Inc., Hamtramck,		_, 000, 000		1208, 20, 2000
	Mich	A-1	128,000	w	Sept. 28, 1939
2-2305	Reiter Foster Oil Corporation, New York, N. Y.	A-1	432, 349	so	Mar. 11, 1940
2-2	The Republic Co., Denver, Colo	A-1	1, 727, 530	so	Mar. 13, 1940
2-4378	Rio Grande Valley Gas Co., Houston, Tex	A-2	263, 340	w	Apr. 15, 1940
				(W	Oct. 6, 1939
2-4072	Seiberling Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio	A-2	1, 538, 750	Ref.	Dec. 20, 1939
. 1				[Eff.	Jan. 8, 1940
2-4025	Steam Power, Inc., New York, N. Y.	A-1	140, 000	W	Oct. 14, 1939
2-4051	Thompson Automatic Arms Corporation, New				
	York, N. Y	A-1	825, 000	W	July 24, 1939
2-4115	Tide Water Associated Oil Co., New York, N. Y.	A-2	262, 500	w	Oct. 28, 1939
2-3711	Tim Bo Lok Corporation, Hawthorne, N. J.	A-I	249, 000	w	Dec. 26, 1939
2-4154	Transair Corporation, San Francisco, Calif	A-1	1,000,000	w	Feb. 13, 1940
2-4187	Trend Corporation, Wilmington, Del	A-l	1, 250, 000	w	Dec. 2, 1939
2-4429	Tung Oil & Subsistence Farms, Inc., Ocala, Fla-	A-1	100,000	CRO	June 25, 1940
2-4375	Union Premier Food Stores, Inc., Philadelphia,	4.0	4 105 000	337	A 10 1040
0.2052		A-2	4, 125, 000	W SO	Apr. 12, 1940
2-3953 2-4043	U. S. Chromium, Inc., Chicago, Ill.	A-0-1	200,000		Feb. 19, 1940
2-3540	John W. Westbrook, trustee, Dallas, Tex	A-1 A-2	20,000	so W	Oct. 25, 1939
2-4040	Westgate Greenland Oil Co., Kansas City, Mo Hudson Dunham Wilcox, individual, Marfa, Tex.	G-2	197, 894	w	Jan. 29, 1940 Sept. 11, 1939
2-4012	Winnebago Distilling Co., Chicago, Ill	A-1	75,000	so	Feb. 24, 1940
2-4144	Wymont Petroleum Co., Billings, Mont	A-1	625, 000 270, 000	w	Aug. 14, 1939

APPENDIX IV

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1940

Copies of the material listed below may be procured from the Publications Unit, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D. C.

ACTS:

Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Provisions of Federal Laws Relating to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Trust Indenture Act of 1939.

Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.

National Bankruptcy Act, as amended June 22, 1938.

Investment Company Act of 1940.

Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

MISCELLANEOUS:

Addresses by Commissioners and members of the staff of the Commission. Cost of Flotation for Small Issues—1925–1929 and 1935–1938.

Directory of Over-the-Counter Brokers and Dealers Registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Handbook to the Registration Record.

Official Summary of Security Transactions and Holdings of Officers, Directors, and Principal Stockholders. (Issued twice monthly.)

Securities Traded on Exchanges under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Selected Statistics on Securities and on Exchange Markets.

Work of the Securities and Exchange Commission. (This pamphlet describes briefly the duties and activities of the Commission.)

RELEASES:

Releases are issued covering the Commission's official actions, orders, rulings, opinions, etc., under the various Acts which it administers. There are also a Statistical Series of releases which includes statistics of security registrations and of security underwritings, and an Accounting Series which includes statements of the Chief Accountant and other accounting material. An order blank for placing names on the mailing list is available upon request.

Compilation of Releases under the Securities Act of 1933, to and including December 31, 1936.

Compilation of Releases under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, to and including December 31, 1936.

Compilation of Releases under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, to and including December 31, 1936.

REPORTS:

Reports on the Feasibility and Advisability of the Complete Segregation of the Functions of Dealer and Broker.

Report to the Commission by the Trading and Exchange Division on the Proplem of Multiple Trading on Securities Exchanges.

Report on Trading in Unlisted Securities upon Exchanges.

Preliminary Summary of the Progress of the Study of Investment Trusts and Investment Companies.

Report on the Study of Investment Trusts and Investment Companies (other portions of this report are listed on p. 243):

REPORTS—Continued.

Part Three: Abuses and Deficiencies in the Organization and Operation of Investment Trusts and Investment Companies.

Chapter III: Problems in Connection with the Distribution and Repurchase of Shares of Open-end and Closed-end Management Investment Trusts and Investment Companies.

Chapter IV: Problems in Connection with Shifts in Control, Mergers, and Consolidations of Management Investment Companies.

Chapter V: Problems in Connection with Capital Structure.

Chapter VI: Accounting Practices and Reports to Stockholders Generally—Accounting Practices of the United Founders Group of Companies with a Description of Their Activities.

Reports of the Public Utilities Division:

Charts Showing Location of Operating Electric and/or Gas Subsidiaries of Registered Public Utility Holding Companies. - 1939.

Dividend Status of Preferred Stocks of Registered Public Utility Holding Companies and Their Electric and Gas Utility Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1938.

Financial Statistics for Electric and Gas Subsidiaries of Registered Public-Utility Holding Companies. – 1939.

Financial Statistics for Electric and Gas Subsidiaries of Registered Public-Utility Holding Companies. 1930–1939.

The Problem of Maintaining Arm's-Length Bargaining and Competitive Conditions in the Sale and Distribution of Securities of Registered Public Utility Holding Companies and their Subsidiaries.

Security Issues of Electric and Gas Utilities. 1935-1939.

SURVEY OF AMERICAN LISTED CORPORATIONS, a Work Projects Administration Project Sponsored by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The following publications of the Survey (formerly Census) of American Listed Corporations have been made available for distribution by the Publications Unit of the Commission:

Repo	VOLUME 1 (29) PAGES)	mber of npanies
	Agricultural Machinery and Tractors	•
	Automobiles	
3.		
4.	Cigarettes—Assets Over \$10,000,000 Each	
5.	Containers—Metal and Glass Including Closures	
6.	Meat Packing—Assets Over \$50,000,000 Each	
7.	· · ·	
8.	Steel—Assets Over \$100,000,000 Each	
	Tires and Other Rubber Products	
	VOLUME II (375 PAGES)	
	Aircraft and Aircraft Equipment	
11.	Nonferrous Metals and Their Products Including Smelting and Refining— Assets Over \$20,000,000 Each	
12.	Oil Refining and Distributing With Producing Facilities—Assets Over	
	\$50,000,000 Each	. 20
13.	Chain Grocery and Food Stores	_ 14
	Chain Variety Stores	
15.	Dairy Products	. 8
	Department Stores—Annual Sales Over \$10,000,000 Each.	
	Mail Order Houses	
	Motion Picture Production and Distribution	

	VOLUME III (280 PAGES)	Number o
-	ort No.	companie
19.	Distilled Beverages—Assets Over \$10,000,000 Each	(
	Paints and Varnishes	
21.	Vegetable Oil	8
22 .	Drugs and Medicines	14
	Toilet Preparations and Soap	
24.	Cement	8
25 .	Clay Products	18
26.	Building Materials Other Than Clay Products and Cement	19
	Building Equipment	
	VOLUME IV 2 (303 PAGES)	
28.	Apparel Other Than Hosiery and Footwear	17
	Carpets, Rugs, and Other Floor Coverings	
	Rayon Yarn	
	Hosiery	
32.	Textile Fabrics Other Than Upholstery Materials	12
33.	Upholstery and Miscellaneous Textiles	8
	Paper and Allied Products	
	Printing and Publishing (Other Than Publishing of Newspapers Periodicals)	and
36.	Publishing of Newspapers and Periodicals.	9
	1	
	VOLUME V 2 (169 PAGES)	
37.	Biscuits and Crackers	{
	Bread and Cake	
	Beet Sugar	
	Cane Sugar Refining With Producing Facilities	
	Food Canning and Preserving	
	Grocery Specialties and Miscellaneous Food Products	
	Copies of vol. III (out of print) have been made available for public use in all regional or	

Securities and Exchange Commission and the Library of Congress, Washington, D. C., as well as with 540 depository libraries.

² Copies of vols. IV and V are not available for public distribution but have been placed in regional offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Library of Congress, Washington, D. C., as well as with 540 depository libraries.

SUPPLEMENTS FOR 1939—TO REPORTS INCLUDED IN VOLUMES I, II, AND III PREVIOUSLY PUBLISHED

Supplement

No.

- 1. Meat Packing-Assets Over \$50,000,000 Each.
- Nonferrous Metals and Their Products, Including Smelting and Refining— Assets Over \$20,000,000 Each.
- 3. Steel—Assets Over \$100,000,000 Each.
- 4. Automobiles.
- 5. Aircraft and Aircraft Equipment.
- 6. Cement.
- 7. Paints and Varnishes.
- 8. Containers-Metal and Glass Including Closures.
- 9. Clay Products.
- 10. Distilled Beverages—Assets Over \$10,000,000 Each.
- 11. Chain Variety Stores.

. 60

Supplement

No.

- Oil Refining and Distributing With Producing Facilities—Assets Over \$50,-000,000 Each.
- 13. Agricultural Machinery and Tractors.
- 14. Tires and Other Rubber Products.
- 15. Dairy Products.
- 16. Mail Order Houses.
- 17. Building Equipment.
- 18. Cigarettes—Assets Over \$10,000,000 Each.
- 19. Chain Grocery and Food Stores.
- 20. Building Materials-Other Than Clay Products and Cement.
- 21. Office Machinery and Equipment.
- 22. Department Stores-Annual Sales Over \$10,000,000 Each.
- 23. Toilet Preparations and Soap.
- 24. Vegetable Oil.
- 25. Drugs and Medicines.
- 26. Chemicals and Fertilizers—Assets Over \$10,000,000 Each.
- 27. Motion Picture Production and Distribution.

RULES, REGULATIONS, AND FORMS:

General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933.

Guide to Forms Adopted under the Securities Act of 1933.

Forms Adopted under the Securities Act of 1933.

General Rules and Regulations under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939.

Forms Adopted under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939.

General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Guide to Forms Adopted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Forms Adopted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Regulation S-X, under the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934—Form and Content of Financial Statements.

General Rules and Regulations under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.

Forms Adopted under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935. Rules of Practice.

UNIFORM SYSTEMS OF ACCOUNTS:

Uniform System of Accounts for Mutual Service Companies and Subsidiary Service Companies.

Uniform System of Accounts for Public Utility Holding Companies.

COPIES OF THE MATERIAL LISTED BELOW MAY BE PROCURED FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS, GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Volume 4, part 2 (February 1, 1939, to May 31, 1939)

Decisions and reports (paper bound)—Continued.	Price
Volume 5, part 1 (June 1, 1939, to July 31, 1939)	\$0. 60 . 50
Volume 6, part 2 (January 1, 1940, to March 31, 1940)	. 55
Decisions and reports (buckram bound):	1
(The buckram-bound volumes contain all decisions and reports printed in their respective paper-bound volumes. They also contain a table of cases reported with the Sections of the Acts involved and an index-digest of the cases.)	,
Volume 1 (July 2, 1934, to December 31, 1936)	1. 75
Volume 2 (January 1, 1937, to December 31, 1937)	1. 75
Volume 3 (January 1, 1938, to October 31, 1938) Volume 4 (November 1, 1938, to May 31, 1939)	1. 75 1. 75
Annual reports:	
First Annual Report, fiscal year ended June 30, 1935	. 10
Second Annual Report, fiscal year ended June 30, 1936	. 15
Third Annual Report, fiscal year ended June 30, 1937	. 25
Fourth Annual Report, fiscal year ended June 30, 1938	. 15
Fifth Annual Report, fiscal year ended June 30, 1939	. 25
Report on the Study and Investigation of the Work, Active Personnel, and Functions of Protective and Reorganization emittees:	,
Part I. Strategy and Techniques of Protective and Reorganization Committees	Price \$1. 00
II. Committees and Conflicts of Interest	. 60
III. Committees for the Holders of Real Estate Bonds	. 25
Municipal Obligations	. 15
Defaulted Foreign Government Bonds	1. 00
VI. Trustees Under Indentures	. 20
VII. Management Plans Without Aid of Committees VIII. A Summary of the Law Pertaining to Equity and Bank- ruptcy Reorganizations and of the Commission's	. 60
Conclusions and Recommendations	. 50
Investigation in the Matter of McKesson & Robbins, Inc.:	
Testimony of Expert Witnesses	. 65 . 60
Investigation in the Matter of Richard Whitney et al.:	
Volume 1. Report of the Commission	. 20
Volume 2. Transcript of Hearing	1. 00
Volume 3. Exhibits	. 55

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. 25

Report on the Study of Investment Trusts and Investment panies:	Com-
Part One. The Nature, Classifications, and Origins of Investment Trusts and Investment Companies Part Two. Statistical Survey of Investment Trusts and Investment	Price \$0. 20
Companies Part Three. (First section, chapters I-II). Abuses and Deficiencies in the Organization and Operation of Investment Trusts and Invest-	1. 25
ment Companies	1. 00
The other portions of the Commission's report which have been transmit Congress are now being printed, and after printing is completed will be averaged from the Superintendent of Documents.	
The following supplemental reports have been issued in connewith the Report on the Study of Investment Trusts and Invest	
Companies:	Price
Investment Trusts in Great Britain	\$0. 15
Investment Counsel, Investment Management, Investment Supervisory, and Investment Advisory Services	. 15
Commingled or Common Trust Funds Administered by Banks and	10
Trust Companies	. 10
Fixed and Semifixed Investment Trusts	. 40

Miscellaneous:

Official Summary of Holdings of Officers, Directors, and Principal Stockholders as of December 31, 1935. Price 35 cents.

Companies Sponsoring Installment Investment Plans

Companies Issuing Face Amount Installment Certificates

APPENDIX V

STATISTICAL TABLES .

Table 1.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933 !—Totals from September 1934 to June 1940, inclusive, by months

[Amounts in thousands of dollars 2]

Number of state	Year and month	Total s	securities e registered	Total, less securities reserved for conver- sion or substitution ³	Securities proposed for sale by issuers	
September		of state-		Amount	Amount	Amount
October 22 28 33 536 28 876 27 057 November 23 42 66 785 34 547 32 205 December 24 34 45 813 39 791 36 795 January 20 25 17 373 11 083 9 661 76 60 325 58 606 36 019 36 70 78	1934	!				
November					39, 012	28, 991
December 24				33, 536		
1935 20				45 813		
January				10, 310	00, 101	30, 180
February		20	25	17 272	11 002	0.061
March 33 36 133, 30 130, 138 124, 581 April 41 50 161, 309 140, 178 105, 322 May 32 40 185, 099 142, 302 121, 293 June 35 44 193, 831 171, 369 164, 921 Total, September 1934–June 1935 284 364 913, 130 796, 102 686, 245 July 60 71 576, 933 530, 240 476, 792 August 44 62 256, 688 254, 884 227, 407 September 37 48 233, 348 293, 219 244, 304 October 58 77 417, 457 408, 075 370, 146 November 60 74 303, 478 282, 007 250, 791 December 48 57 277, 201 274, 624 258, 333 February 48 57 277, 201 274, 624 258, 333 February 48					58 606	
April				133, 050	130, 338	
Total, September 1934-June 1935 284 364 913, 130 796, 102 686, 245	April				140, 178	105, 322
Total, September 1934–June 1935. 284 364 913, 130 796, 102 686, 245 1935						
July	June	35	44	193, 831	171, 369	164, 921
July	Total, September 1934-June 1935	284	364	913, 130	796, 102	686, 245
July	1985			=======================================		
September 37 48 323, 348 293, 219 244, 304 October 58 77 417, 457 408, 075 370, 146 November 60 74 303, 478 262, 607 250, 791 December 44 59 212, 206 205, 739 196, 201 1936 January 48 57 277, 201 274, 624 258, 333 February 46 78 225, 597 207, 250 175, 920 March 61 93 587, 009 575, 208 475, 110 April 96 139 777, 230 703, 662 613, 038 May 67 93 322, 107 308, 345 262, 071 June 68 966 4, 835, 050 4, 484, 542 3, 935, 903 Total fiscal year 1936 689 966 4, 835, 050 4, 484, 542 3, 935, 903 July 74 119 369, 245 361, 384 313, 1		60	71	576, 933	530, 240	476, 792
October 58 77 417, 457 408, 075 370, 146 November 60 74 303, 478 262, 007 250, 791 December 44 59 212, 206 205, 739 196, 201 Isomorphisms January 48 57 277, 201 274, 624 288, 33 February 46 78 225, 597 207, 250 175, 920 March 61 93 587, 009 575, 208 475, 110 April 96 139 777, 230 703, 662 613, 038 May 67 93 322, 107 308, 345 262, 071 June 68 115 555, 796 461, 289 385, 790 Total fiscal year 1936 689 966 4, 835, 050 4, 484, 542 3, 935, 903 Injy 74 119 369, 245 361, 384 313, 188 August 74 119 369, 245 361, 384 313, 188 A					254, 884	
November						
December	November				962 007	370, 146
January	December				205, 739	196, 201
January	. 1986	1		·		
February 46 78 225, 567 207, 250 175, 920 March 61 93 587, 009 575, 208 475, 110 April 96 139 777, 230 703, 662 613, 038 May 67 93 322, 107 308, 345 262, 071 June 68 115 555, 796 461, 289 385, 790 Total fiscal year 1936 689 966 4, 835, 050 4, 484, 542 3, 935, 903 July 74 119 369, 245 361, 384 313, 188 August 60 84 289, 505 259, 739 208, 638 September 57 86 266, 099 237, 242 196, 488 October 83 119 528, 829 508, 453 437, 532 November 56 77 275, 341 262, 414 229, 226 December 87 130 705, 513 678, 659 599, 824 January <		48	57	277, 201	274, 624	258 333
April 96 139 777, 230 703, 662 613, 038 May 67 93 322, 107 308, 345 262, 071 June 68 96 4, 835, 050 4, 484, 542 3, 935, 903 Total fiscal year 1936 689 966 4, 835, 050 4, 484, 542 3, 935, 903 July 74 119 369, 245 361, 384 313, 188 August 60 84 289, 505 259, 739 208, 638 September 57 86 266, 099 237, 242 196, 488 October 83 119 528, 829 508, 453 437, 532 November 56 77 275, 341 252, 214 229, 225 December 87 130 705, 513 678, 659 599, 824 January 53 87 465, 648 402, 025 274, 513 February 53 87 465, 648 402, 025 274, 513 March		46		225, 597	207, 250	175, 920
May 67 93 322, 107 308, 345 262, 071 June 68 115 555, 796 401, 289 385, 790 Total fiscal year 1936 689 966 4, 835, 050 4, 484, 542 3, 935, 903 1936 1936 74 119 369, 245 361, 384 313, 188 August 60 84 289, 505 259, 739 208, 638 September 57 86 266, 099 237, 242 196, 488 October 83 119 528, 829 508, 453 437, 532 November 56 77 275, 341 222, 214 229, 226 December 87 130 705, 513 678, 659 599, 824 1937 January 53 87 495, 648 402, 025 274, 513 February 60 97 494, 468 475, 933 415, 719 March 83 125						475, 110
Total fiscal year 1936 689 966 4, 835, 050 4, 484, 542 3, 935, 903						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
July	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				401, 200	360, 780
July 74 119 369, 245 301, 384 313, 188 August 60 84 289, 505 259, 739 208, 638 September 57 86 266, 099 237, 242 196, 488 October 83 119 528, 829 508, 453 437, 532 November 56 77 275, 341 252, 214 229, 252 December 87 130 705, 513 678, 659 599, 824 1987 January 53 87 465, 648 402, 025 274, 513 February 60 97 494, 468 475, 933 415, 719 March 83 125 541, 591 508, 764 339, 194 April 101 107 294, 054 262, 605 153, 970 May 62 90 251, 710 200, 496 142, 440 June 64 85 369, 462 362, 677 323, 876	Total fiscal year 1936	689	966	4, 835, 050	4, 484, 542	3, 935, 903
August 60 84 289,505 259,739 208,638 September 57 86 266,099 237,242 196,488 October 83 119 528,829 508,453 437,532 November 56 77 275,341 252,414 229,226 December 87 130 705,513 678,659 599,824 January 53 87 495,648 402,025 274,513 February 60 97 494,468 475,933 415,719 March 83 125 541,591 508,764 339,194 April 101 167 294,054 262,605 153,970 May 62 90 251,710 200,496 142,440 June 64 85 369,462 362,677 323,876	1936					
September 57 86 266,099 237,242 196,488 October 83 119 528,829 508,453 437,532 November 56 77 275,341 222,242 229,226 December 87 130 705,513 678,659 599,824 1937 January 53 87 495,648 402,025 274,513 February 60 97 494,468 475,933 415,719 March 83 125 541,591 508,764 339,194 April 101 167 294,054 262,605 153,970 May 62 90 251,710 200,496 142,440 June 64 85 369,462 362,677 323,876	July			369, 245	361, 384	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
November 56 77 275, 341 252, 414 229, 226 December 87 130 705, 513 678, 659 599, 824 1937 January 53 87 495, 648 402, 025 274, 513 February 60 97 494, 468 475, 933 415, 719 March 83 125 541, 591 508, 764 339, 194 April 101 167 294, 054 262, 605 153, 970 May 62 90 251, 710 200, 496 142, 440 June 64 85 369, 462 362, 677 323, 876				266, 099		
December 87 130 705, 513 678, 659 599, 824 1987 53 87 495, 648 402, 025 274, 513 February 60 97 494, 468 475, 933 415, 719 March 83 125 541, 591 508, 764 339, 194 April 101 167 294, 054 262, 605 153, 970 May 62 90 251, 710 200, 496 142, 440 June 64 85 369, 462 362, 677 323, 876	November	56		228, 829		937, 032
1937 53 87 465, 648 402, 025 274, 513	December					
January 53 87 495, 648 402, 025 274, 513 February 60 97 494, 468 475, 933 415, 719 March 83 125 541, 591 508, 764 339, 194 April 101 167 294, 054 262, 605 153, 970 May 62 90 251, 710 200, 496 142, 440 June 64 85 369, 462 362, 677 323, 876				, , , , , ,	1	
February 60 97 494, 468 475, 933 415, 719 March 83 125 541, 591 508, 764 339, 194 April 101 167 294, 054 262, 605 153, 970 May 62 90 251, 710 200, 496 142, 440 June 64 85 369, 462 362, 677 323, 876		E9	07	405 040	400.005	074 510
March 83 125 541, 591 508, 764 339, 194 April 101 167 294, 054 262, 605 153, 970 May 62 90 251, 710 200, 496 142, 440 June 64 85 369, 462 362, 677 323, 876	February	80			475 933	274, 513 415 710
April 101 167 294,054 262,605 153,970 May 62 90 251,710 200,496 142,440 June 64 85 369,462 362,677 323,876					508, 764	
June 64 85 369, 462 362, 677 323, 876	April	101	167	294, 054	262, 605	153, 970
	May					
Total fiscal year 1937	June	64	85	369, 462	362, 677	323, 876
	Total fiscal year 1937	840	1, 266	4, 851, 465	4, 510, 391	3, 634, 608

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Totals from September 1934 to June 1940, inclusive, by months—Continued

Year and month	Total s	securities ef registered		Total, less securities reserved for conver- sion or substitution ³	Securities proposed for sale by issuers
•	Number of state- ments	Number of issues	Amount	Amount	Amount
1937					
July	61	88	278, 174	205, 389	152, 510
August	48	69	302, 343 228, 802	224, 459	181, 631
September	40	54	228, 802	180, 190	86, 486
October	32	40	128, 209	126, 984	124, 399
November	40	57	62, 130	59, 230	31,861
December	48	103.	216, 294	193, 745	145, 429
. 1938		,			
January	19	41	81, 474	78, 808	63, 162
February March	24	31	206, 993	186, 650	140, 465
March	23	34	77, 369	68, 522 97, 349	63, 803
April	27	37	97, 899	97, 349	91, 289
May	28	44	97,048	85, 537	53, 850
June	21	32	327, 979	286, 248	213, 903
'Total fiscal year 1938	411	630	2, 104, 714	1, 793, 111	1, 348, 788
1938			,		
July	25	. 39	225, 624	224, 322	195, 674
August	34	51	414, 405	317, 204	287, 382
September	30	43	130, 587	112, 147	95, 550
October	21	29	411,878	405, 063	358, 079
November	31	. 58	303, 392	249, 989	218, 519
December	. 29	43	166, 327	140, 709	130, 349
1939					,
January		50	143,001	142, 137	135, 939
February	17	25	24,020	21, 366	16, 360
March	. 37	45	87, 282	69, 614	62, 257
April		57	308, 519	278, 371	235, 667
May		24 56	88,062 276,096	55, 588 271, 720	31, 228 252, 910
June	44	- 30	270,090	2/1, /20	232, 910
Total fiscal year 1939	. 343	520	2, 579, 193	2, 288, 230	2,019,914
1939					
July	. 36	47	234, 969	228, 694	188, 081
August	. 34	48	304, 829	296, 294	277, 487
September '	. 17	26	35, 956	26,888	24, 816
October	. 21	25	30, 817	28, 461	13, 509
November.	_ 17	44	114, 924	113, 994	112, 153
December	_ 25	. 35	166, 571	153, 367	149, 542
1940		1			1
January	_ 26	36	146, 482	143, 542	102, 375
February		42	249, 933		231, 314
March	_ 29	38	70, 996	60, 474	46, 929
April	_ 36	53	245, 723	225, 510	133 065
May	.] 15	21	245, 723 102, 761	99, 739	97, 270
June		28	82, 577	76,882	56, 240
Total fiscal year 1940	306	443	1, 786, 538	1,694,988	1, 432, 781

Included in the data presented in tables 1 to 7, inclusive, are "reorganization and exchange securities" which, in previous annual reports, were shown only in separate tables.
Rounding off figures has resulted in slight differences between the totals and the actual sums of the components in tables 1 to 7.
Securities reserved for conversion or substitution" include, in addition to securities reserved for the conversion of securities having convertible features, voting trust certificates and certificates of deposit. In previous annual reports these "substitute securities" were included in reorganization and exchange securities.

Table 2.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—By types of securities, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive, by months

		(An	ounts in tho	usands of d	ollarsj					
,		Total, a	all securities		_	Secu	red bonds			
Year and month	effectiv	securities rely regis- ered	Total, less securities reserved for conversion or substi- tution	Securities proposed for sale by issuers	effectiv	securities ely regis- ered	Total, less securities reserved for conversion or substi- tution	Securities proposed for søle by issuers		
	Num- ber of issues	Amount	Amount	Amount	Num- ber of issues	Amount.	Amount	Amount		
July	47 48 26 25 44 35	234, 969 304, 829 35, 956 30, 817 114, 924 166, 571	228, 694 296, 294 26, 888 28, 461 113, 994 153, 367	188, 081 277, 487 24, 816 13, 509 112, 153 149, 542	3 7 2 4 3 8	39, 675 163, 101 10, 380 13, 444 46, 815 125, 681	39, 675 163, 101 10, 380 13, 444 46, 815 125, 681	39, 675 163, 101 10, 000 2, 069 46, 815 125, 681		
1940 January February March April May June	36 42 38 53 21 28	146, 482 249, 933 70, 996 245, 723 102, 761 82, 577	143, 542 241, 143 60, 474 225, 510 99, 739 76, 883	102, 375 231, 314 46, 929 133, 065 97, 270 56, 240	5 11 4 4 1 4	47, 289 153, 522 13, 477 44, 217 3, 200 58, 144	47, 289 153, 522 13, 477 44, 217 3, 200 58, 144	45, 989 153, 522 10, 810 44, 217 3, 200 38, 950		
Total	443	1, 786, 538	1, 694, 989	1, 432, 781	56	718, 945	718, 945	684, 029		
		Unse	cured bonds		Preferred stock					
1939 July August September October November December	3 11 1 1 2 2	112, 421 102, 524 1, 600 500 17, 700 10, 900	112, 421 102, 524 1, 600 500 17, 700 10, 900	112, 421 100, 172 1, 600 500 17, 700 10, 900	11 8 5 2 5 7	49, 406 11, 628 1, 936 2, 700 3, 391 8, 920	49, 406 11, 628 1, 936 2, 200 3, 391 8, 710	10, 443 8, 881 1, 936 2, 200 2, 798 8, 282		
1940 January February March April May June	4	31, 270 46, 506 53, 866 75, 000	31, 270 46, 506 53, 866 75, 000	31, 270 45, 700 33, 112 75, 000	7 6 7 13 4 4	40, 679 17, 209 19, 366 84, 509 5, 039 2, 254	40, 679 17, 209 19, 369 84, 509 5, 039 2, 254	3, 339 9, 484 15, 910 40, 452 5, 039 1, 373		
Total	40	452, 287	452, 287	428, 375	79	247, 037	246, 327	110, 137		
		Common stock				eates of pest, warrand voting tr	articipation, its, certificate cust certificat	beneficial es of depos- es		
1939 July August September October November December	17 16 12 14 30 13	21, 600 23, 962 20, 465 12, 992 34, 373 12, 969	16, 433 19, 041 12, 172 11, 317 33, 443 8, 076	14, 783 5, 332 10, 480 7, 740 32, 840 4, 679	1 13 6 1 6 4 4 5	11, 867 3, 614 1, 575 1, 181 12, 645 8, 100	10, 759 800 1, 000 12, 645	10, 759 800 1, 000 12, 000		
January February March April May June	17	25, 943 30, 935 23, 414 49, 883 14, 119 6, 799	24, 303 23, 369 19, 409 38, 424 14, 119 6, 799	21, 776 22, 607 11, 986 10, 791 11, 869 6, 256	3 4 11 6 6 29	1, 300 1, 760, 14, 739 13, 246 5, 403 15, 379	536 8, 223 4, 493 2, 381 9, 685	8, 223 4, 493 2, 162 9, 660		
Total	191	277, 454	226, 905	161, 139	77	90, 809	50, 522	49, 097		

Includes 1 guaranty.
Includes 2 guaranties.

Note.—For back figures, see Fifth Annual Report, p. 199; Fourth Annual Report, p. 144; Third Annual Report, p. 127; Second Annual Report, pp. 98 and 99.

Table 3.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—By major industrial groups of issuers, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive, by months

					-	1				
		Т	otal, all in	dustries	Extractive					
Year and	Total securities effec- tively registered			Total, less se- curities reserved for corp		Total securities effec- tively registered			Total, less se- curities reserved	Securi- ties pro- posed for
month .	Num- ber of state-	Num- ber of issues	Amount	for con- version or substi- tution	sale by issuers	Num- ber of state-	Num- ber of issues	Amount	for conversion or substitution	sale by issuers
	ments		•	Amount	Amount	ments			Amount	Amount
1939										
JulyAugust September October November	36 34 17 21 17	47 48 26 25 44	234, 969 304, 829 35, 956 30, 817 114, 924	228, 694 296, 294 26, 888 28, 461 113, 994	188, 081 277, 487 24, 816 13, 509	2 2 1 3	2 2 1 3	702 2, 747 1, 582 1, 523	702 2, 747 1, 582 1, 523	666 2, 100 1, 582 775
December	25	35	166, 571	153, 367	112, 153 149, 542	2	4	10, 149	6, 160	6, 160
JanuaryFebruaryAprilAprilApril	26 30 29 36 15 20	36 42 38 53 21 28	146, 482 249, 933 70, 996 245, 723 102, 761 82, 577	143, 542 241, 143 60, 474 225, 510 99, 739 76, 882	102, 375 231, 314 46, 929 133, 065 97, 270 56, 240	2 2 3 3 1	2 2 4 4 1 1	323 2,375 1,957 10,819 4,864 75	323 2, 375 1, 957 10, 819 4, 864 75	323 2, 375 1, 377 10, 745 4, 864 75
Total:	306	443	1, 786, 538	1, 694, 988	1, 432, 781	22	26	37, 116	33, 127	31, 042
		<u>!</u>	Manufact	uring	<u>!</u>	Financial and investment				t
1939	 -	1		1	1	<u> </u>	Ι	i	1	
July	6 10 5 8 6 10	9 12 7 10 9 13	94, 109 36, 501 5, 085 10, 993 10, 859 24, 420	88, 942 34, 511 3, 485 8, 818 9, 929 23, 517	88, 638 33, 309 2, 632 7, 738 8, 844 21, 520	14 4 5 4 5 1	15 7 9 5 25 2	24, 162 - 3, 894 25, 737 2, 927 40, 776 224	24, 162 3, 894 19, 444 2, 927 40, 776 224	24, 162 3, 700 18, 606 2, 927 40, 386 224
January	10 14 8 12 5 6	14 19 10 16 6	27, 932 124, 758 21, 767 65, 264 86, 112 5, 726	26, 293 122, 320 21, 567 61, 839 86, 112 5, 726	24, 635 120, 751 21, 063 54, 861 86, 112 5, 158	3 3 9 5 5 2	3 4 11 8 6	4, 999 12, 828 17, 518 15, 265 5, 246 9, 835	4, 999 12, 282 16, 768 14, 374 2, 745 9, 835	4, 999 12, 282 15, 768 14, 374 2, 745 9, 835
Total	100	134	513, 526	493, 059	475, 261	60	97	163, 411	152, 430	150, 008
		<u> </u>	Merchan	dising		Tra	ansport	ation and	communi	cation
1939 July	1	2	233	233	175	2	2	28, 834	28, 834	28, 834
August September		6	2,952	1, 777	1,777	1	4	5, 987	4, 548	55
November						1	1 2	1, 750 7, 823	1, 750 7, 823	7, 823
December	2	3	901	691	261	1	1	1, 401	1, 401	
1940 January February March		62	2, 444 12, 000	2, 444 6, 000	1, 575 3, 722	2 4 4	3 7 6	3, 484 24, 309 9, 725	2, 184 18, 504 9, 209	\$84 17, 968 5, 000
March April May	5	6	26, 232	24, 629	21, 424	1 1	1	705 3, 768	705 3, 768	705 3, 549
June	4	5	2, 210	2, 210	1, 329	5	9	10, 031	4, 337	893
Total	21	30	46, 972	37, 984	30, 263	27	39	98, 197	83, 443	65, 711

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.—Effective registrations under the Securites Act of 1933—By major industrial groups of issuers, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive, by months—Con.

	Electric light and power, gas, and water					Other industries 1					
Year and	Total securities effec- tively registered			Total, less se- curities reserved Securi- ties pro-			securiti ely regis	Total, less se- curities reserved	Securi- ties pro-		
month	Num- ber of state-	Num- ber of Amour		for con- version or substi- tution	posed for sale by issuers	Num- ber of state-	Num- ber of	Amount	for con- version or sub- stitution	posed for sale by issuers	
	ments		issues		Amount	Amount	ments	issues		Amount	Amount
1939 July August September	7 8	9 14	82, 914 222, 043	82, 914 217, 149	45, 023 206, 453	4 6 2 4 2 3	8 9 2	4, 016 33, 657 220	2, 908 33, 444 220	584 31, 870 220	
November December	1 3 6	1 5 8	11, 194 54, 955 119, 176	11, 194 54, 955 119, 176	54, 700 119, 176	4 2 3	5 3 4	2, 431 511 10, 300	2, 250 511 2, 200	2, 069 400 2, 200	
January February March April May	5 4 1 6	8 7 1 10	107, 300 85, 413 824 85, 885	107, 300 85, 413 824 84, 018	69, 960 77, 688 27, 080	3 2 4 3	3 4 8 6	251 7, 206 41, 553 2, 771	250 4, 150 29, 125 2, 250	250 3,875	
June Total	43	65	• 4, 700 824, 404	54, 700 817, 643	38, 950 639, 030	33	52	102, 916	77, 308	41, 468	

¹ Includes agriculture, real estate, service industries, miscellaneous domestic companies, foreign companies and foreign governments.

Note.—For back figures, see Fifth Annual Report, pp. 201 and 202; Fourth Annual Report, pp. 145 and 146; Third Annual Report, pp. 129 and 130; Second Annual Report, p. 100; First Annual Report, pp. 72 and 73.

Table 4.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933.—Total amount effective, amount not proposed for sale by issuers, issuing and distributing expenses, and net proceeds, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive, by months

		Total a	mount e	ffective		a 4			
Year and month		Register account o (excludir stitute sec	f issuers ng sub-	Substi- tute se- curities	Regis-	(a p amou	of flot plicab int propos by issuers)	le to sed for	Net proceeds from amount
Total	Total	Proposed for sale	Not pro- posed for sale	(v. t. etfs. and etfs. of de- posit)	tered for account of others	Total	Compensation to underwriters, agents, etc.	Ex- penses	proposed for sale by issuers
July	234, 969 304, 829 35, 956 30, 817 114, 924 166, 571	188, 081 277, 487 24, 816 13, 509 112, 153 149, 542	43, 781 11, 858 8, 917 13, 550 1, 916 5, 288	1, 108 3, 614 775 181	1, 999 11, 870 1, 448 3, 578 855 3, 640	5, 948 7, 284 2, 178 1, 450 4, 723 4, 604	5, 006 6, 031 2, 053 1, 247 4, 069 3, 414	942 1, 253 125 203 653 1, 190	182, 134 270, 203 22, 638 12, 059 107, 430 144, 938
January February March April May June	146, 482 249, 933 70, 996 245, 723 102, 761 82, 577	102, 375 231, 314 46, 929 133, 065 97, 270 56, 240	41, 507 16, 307 11, 798 78, 522 20, 225	1, 300 1, 225 6, 516 8, 753 3, 022 5, 694	1, 300 1, 088 5, 752 25, 382 2, 469 418	4, 729 7, 001 2, 548 5, 673 3, 637 2, 317	4, 027 5, 547 2, 091 4, 632 3, 126 1, 959	702 1, 454 - 457 1, 042 511 358	97, 645 224, 312 44, 381 127, 391 93, 632 53, 923
Grand total	1, 786, 538	1, 432, 781	253, 669	40, 288	59, 799	52, 092	43, 202	8, 890	1, 380, 686

AMOUNT REGISTERED BY ISSUERS BUT NOT PROPOSED FOR SALE

Year and month	Reserved for con- version	Reserved for options	Reserved for other subsequent issuance	To be issued in exchange for other securities	To be issued against claims	To be issued for assets	To be issued for selling and distributing expenses
July	5, 167 4, 921 8, 293 2, 175 930 5, 103	286 159 298 147	11, 194	38, 320 6, 778 624 181 688	38	7	
1940 January February March April May	1, 640 7, 566 4, 005 11, 460	335 150 647	60 12, 237	38, 640 8, 531 6, 775 54, 351	198	172 400	74
Grand total	51, 260	2, 147	23, 491	20, 075	1, 142	579	85

¹ Not including amounts set forth as securities "to be issued for selling and distributing expenses,"

Note.—For back figures, see Fifth Annual Report, p. 203; Fourth Annual Report, p. 147; Third Annual Report, p. 132; Second Annual Report, p. 101; First Annual Report, p. 74.

Table 5, Part 1.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Estimated net proceeds from sale of securities, by proposed uses from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive, by months

				New mo	ney			ent of incement of s		ss and	Purch	ase of sec	curities			1.51
Year and month	Grand total	Total	Plant and equip- ment	Working capital	Reimburse- ment of corporate treasuries for capital expendi- tures	Other new money purposes	Total	Bonds and notes	Other debt	Pre- ferred stock	Total	For invest-ment	For affilia- ation	Pur- chase of other assets	Organ- ization ex- pense	Miscel- laneous and unac- counted for
July	182, 134 270, 203 22, 638 12, 059 107, 430 144, 938	21, 846 16, 006 3, 574 6, 492 4, 922 8, 480	8, 504 9, 441 1, 089 936 2, 861 2, 525	11, 088 6, 443 2, 354 5, 098 2, 061 5, 955	1, 919	335 123 130 457	140, 319 222, 041 5, 398 2, 694 64, 567 136, 060	122, 061 217, 817 4, 789 1, 428 53, 969 126, 207	13, 697 1, 807 609 1, 223 7, 383 6, 461	4, 562 2, 417 43 3, 214 3, 391	19, 956 2, 618 12, 062 2, 632 37, 920 200	19, 058 2, 495 11, 914 2, 632 37, 541	898 123 148 379 200	110 1, 586 235	1 4 15	13 29, 426 19 2 6 8
January February March April May June	97, 645 224, 312 44, 381 127, 391 93, 632 53, 923	17, 133 17, 125 11, 291 43, 361 8, 252 4, 293	3, 659 8, 031 1, 180 19, 154 5, 858 586	11, 338 8, 161 9, 287 22, 677 2, 234 3, 698	310	2, 136 623 824 34 160 9	77, 560 196, 224 21, 342 79, 667 82, 825 40, 303	73, 002 180, 555 8, 453 53, 532 76, 621 38, 156	4, 558 5, 420 640 7, 818 6, 105 8	10, 249 12, 248 18, 316 99 2, 139	2, 395 10, 832 10, 232 3, 943 2, 556 9, 309	2, 370 10, 832 10, 232 3, 943 2, 556 9, 030	25 	1, 384	28	555 131 132 393
Total	1, 380, 686	162, 775	63, 824	90, 394	3, 725	4, 831	1,069,000	956, 590	55, 729	56, 678	114, 655	112, 603	2,052	3, 505	50	30, 703

NOTE.—For back figures, see Fifth Annual Report, p. 204; Fourth Annual Report, p. 148; Third Annual Report, p. 133; Second Annual Report, p. 102; First Annual Report, p. 75.

Table 5, Part 2.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Estimated net proceeds from sale of securities, by proposed uses, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive, by months

[In percent of net proceeds]

				New mo	ney		Repayme retir	nt of inc ement of s	debtedne tock	ss and	Purch	ase of sec	curities			35:1
Year and month	Grand total	Total	Plant and equip- ment	Working capital	Reimburse- ment of corporate treasuries for capital expendi- tures	Other new money purposes	Total	Bonds and notes	Other debt	Pre- ferred stock	Total	For invest-ment	For affilia- ation	Pur- chase of other assets	Organ- ization ex- pense	Miscellaneous and unac- counted for
1939 Julyst 1939 September October November December	100 100 100 100 , 100 100	12. 0 5. 9 15. 8 53. 8 4. 6 5. 9	4. 7 3. 5 4. 8 7. 7 2. 7 1. 8	6 1 2. 4 10. 4 42. 3 1. 9 4. 1	1 0	0. 2 0. 0 0. 6 3. 8	77. 0 82. 2 23. 8 22. 4 60. 1 93. 9	67. 0 80. 6 21. 1 11. 8 50. 2 87. 1	7. 5 0. 7 2. 7 10. 2 6. 9 4. 5	2 5 0. 9 0. 4 3. 0 2. 3	11. 0 1. 0 53. 3 21. 8 35. 3 0. 1	10. 5 1. 0 52 6 21. 8 34. 9	0, 5 0, 0 0, 7 0, 4 0, 1	0. 0 7. 0 2. 0	0. 0 0. 0 0. 0	0. 0 10. 9 0. 1 0 0 0. 0
1940 January February March April May Une	100 100 100	17. 5 7. 6 25. 4 34. 0 8. 8 8. 0	3. 7 3. 6 2. 6 15. 0 6. 2 1. 1	11. 6 3. 6 20. 9 17 8 2. 4 6. 9	0.1	2. 2 0. 3 1. 9 0 0 0. 2 0. 0	79. 4 87. 5 48. 1 62 6 88. 5 74. 8	74 8 80. 5 19. 1 42. 0 81. 8 70 8	4. 6 2. 4 1. 4 6. 2 6. 5 0. 0	4. 6 27. 6 14. 4 0 2 4. 0	2. 5 4 8 23. 1 3. 1 2. 7 17. 2	2. 5 4. 8 23. 1 3. 1 2. 7 16. 7	0. 0	3. 1	0.0	0.0
Total	100	11.8	4.6	6. 5	0.3	0.4	77. 4	69. 3	4.0	4.1	8.3	8. 2	0.1	0.3	0.0	2.

Note.—For back figures, see Fifth Annual Report, p. 205; Fourth Annual Report, p. 149; Third Annual Report, p. 134; Second Annual Report, p. 103; First Annual Report, p. 75

Table 6.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Detailed statistics by industries—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940
[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

			,	Total reg	istration	s				Securities	Securit	ies not offe	red for sale	or exchange
In dustry	Num- ber of issues	Total	Secured bonds	Unse- cured bonds	Pre- ferred stock	Com- mon stock	Ctfs. of part., bene- ficial inter- est, war rants, v. t. ctfs. and ctfs. dep.	Substitute securities (v. t. ctfs. and ctfs. dep.)	Securities registered for account of others	registered for account of issuers (excluding substitute securities)	Total .	Reserved for con- version	Reserved for op- tions	Reserved for other subsequent issuance
	1	2	. 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Agriculture	6	14, 975	1, 667		1, 460	11, 849			7, 145	7, 830	3, 305	3, 055	250	
Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells	18 8	20, 304 16, 812	5, 910	12, 100	4, 864	9, 529 4, 712	0		1, 395 57	18, 909 16, 754	4, 025 522	3, 989	36 522	
Total extractive	26	37, 115	5, 910	12, 100	4, 864	14, 241	0		1, 452	35, 663	4, 547	3, 989	558	
Manufacturing: Food and related products. Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.) Textiles and textile prod-	4 3	19, 319 1, 183	11,000	7, 734	585	1, 158	25		75	19, 319 1, 108	125		125	
Lumber and lumber prod- ucts	2 2	1, 330 2, 127				1, 330 2, 127				1, 330 2, 127				
Paper and paper products. Printing, publishing and allied industries	11 5	25, 021 8, 531	17, 180	2, 393 2, 665	3, 794 4, 800	1, 655 1, 066	0		793	24, 228 8, 531	200		200	
Chemicals and allied prod- ucts Petroleum refining Tire and other rubber	8 8	21, 375 126, 798		1, 600 124, 488	12, 625 500	7, 150 1, 044	0 766	766	600	20, 775 126, 032	1, 898 500	1, 600 500	298	
productsLeather and leather prod-	2 1	2, 779 525			1, 400	1, 379 525			361	2, 779 162	1, 379	1, 244	135	
Building and related prod- ucts	9 10 6	12, 461	106, 495	6, 535 110, 000	250 2, 835	3, 507 957 2, 472	2, 419	2, 419	1, 465	8, 577 217, 702 5, 307	900 375 2, 462	840 375 2, 462		60

Machinery and tools: Industrial machinery and tools Electrical mach, and equip	14 1	17, 950 435	10, 800		1, 050	6, 100 435			2,382	15, 569 435	760	610	150	
Total machinery and tools	15	18, 385	10, 800		1, 050	6, 535			2, 382	16, 004	760	610	150	
Transportation equipment: Automobiles and trucks. Automobile parts and accessories Aircraft.	2 10 22	7, 225 11, 433 23, 984			4, 000 4, 210 1, 508	3, 225 7, 223 22, 476			859 1, 148	7, 225 10, 574 22, 836	3, 225 4, 167 1, 276	3, 225 4, 167 1, 129	147	
Radio	4	1, 879				1, 879	ŏ		518	1, 361	125		125	
Total trans. equip	38	44, 521			9, 718	34, 803	0		2, 524	41, 997	8, 793	8, 521	272	
Miscellaneous manufactur- ing	10	6, 161	750		557	4, 654	200	200	506	5, 455	930	930		
Total manufacturing	134	513, 525	146, 225	255, 414	38, 114	70, 361	3, 411	3, 386	8, 707	501, 432	18, 321	17, 082	1, 179	60
Financial and investment: Investment and trading: Investment and trading: Investment management Open-end management Investment plans	3 46 10	4, 162 105, 718 21, 301	10, 750		1,000	1,000 68,944	26, 024		604	4, 162 105, 113 21, 301	6, 537	6, 537		
Total invest. and trad	59	131, 181	10, 750		1, 000	69, 944	49, 487		604	130, 576	6, 537	6, 537		
Commercial credit, finance, and mortgage Industrial and personal loan	13	11, 045 14, 369		700 2, 750	6, 015 9, 563	4, 330 2, 055	0		35	11, 010 14, 369	1, 596	1, 437 506	159	
InsuranceOther financial and invest-	6	3, 220				3, 220	0			3, 220				
ment.	5	3, 597			175	921	2, 502	2, 502		1,096				
Total fin. and invest	97	163, 411	10,750	3, 450	16, 754	80, 470	51, 988	2, 502	640	160, 270	8, 639	8, 480	159	
Merchandising	30	46, 971		3, 375	22, 325	14, 496	6, 775	6, 775	5, 969	34, 227	2, 213	2, 213		
Real estate	11	3, 018			1, 212	48	1,758	1, 758	111	1, 149				
Construction	0													

See footnote at end of table.

Table 6.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Detailed statistics by industries—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Con.

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

			,	Total reg	istration	s ·				g	Securit	ies not offe	red for sale	or exchange
Industry	Num- ber of issues	Total	Secured bonds	Unse- cured bonds	Pre- ferred stock	Com- mon stock	Ctfs. of part., bene- ficial inter- est, war- rants, v. t. etfs. and etfs. dep.	Substitute securities (v. t. etfs. and etfs. dep.)	Securities registered for account of others	Securities registered for account of issuers (excluding substitute securities)	Total	Reserved for con- version	Reserved for op- tions	Reserved for other subsequent issuance
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Transportation and commu- nication: Railroads (incl. terminal and switching) Street railroads	1 8	516 9, 488	4. 744		, ,		516 4, 744	516 4,744	,	4, 744				
Motor transportation Pipe lines	2 1 13	2, 130 2, 000 20, 483	380			1, 750 2, 000 16, 039	4, 744	3, 689	2, 130 3, 015	2, 000 13, 779				
Telephone and telegraph Radio	11 2	60, 336 2, 538	13, 835	26, 834	13, 863	5, 805 2, 538	4,444	3,089	2, 538	60, 336	5, 805	5, 805		
com	1	.705	705							705				
Total trans, and com	39	98, 195	19, 664	26, 834	13, 863	28, 132	9, 704	8, 949	7, 682	81, 565	5, 805	5, 805		
Service	21	22, 617	500		5, 075	8, 240	8, 802	8, 802	925	12, 890	3, 875	3, 875		
Electric light, power, heat, water, and gas: Holding companies Operating-holding compa- nies	7	73, 022		30, 970	38, 024	4, 028			712	72, 310		•		
Operating companies	58	751, 380	532, 481	68, 167	105, 098	45, 380	255	*******	26, 455	724, 925	17, 954	6, 760		11, 194
· Total elec. lt., pwr., heat, and gas	65	824, 403	532, 481	99, 137	143, 122	49, 408	255		27, 167	797, 236	17, 954	6, 760		11, 194
Miscellaneous domestic companies	1	1, 750	1, 750							1, 750				
Foreign companies	3	459			250	209				459				
Foreign governments	10	60, 096		51, 979			8, 117	8, 117		51, 979	12, 237			12, 237
Grand total	443	1, 786, 537	718, 946	452, 289	247, 038	277, 454	90, 810	40, 288	59, 799	1, 686, 449	76, 897	51, 259	2, 146	23, 491

,		Sec	urițies offered	l in exchange	e for					lotation (ap	
				a	a	Tangible	To be is- sued for selling and	Total se- curities proposed	issuers)	· proposed i	or sale by
Industry	Total	Securities of issuer	Certificates of deposit	Securities of other issuers	Claims against issuer	and intangible assets	distributing expenses	for sale by issuer	Total	Compensa- tion to un- derwriters, agents, etc.	Expenses
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Agriculture	4, 150	4, 150						375	78	75	3
Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells		, 					74	14, 810 16, 232	2, 204 825	2, 091 671	113 154
Total extractive							74	31, 042	3, 028	2, 761	267
Food and related products. Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.) Textiles and textile products.	25				25			9 197	742 181 31	584 166	159 15 31 15
Paper and paper products Printing, publishing and allied industries Chemicals and allied products Petroleum refining Tire and other rubber products	400 4, 811	4, 800			11	400	11	23, 828 3, 508 18, 878	901 246 785 2, 663 147	658 203 549 2, 163 119	244 43 236 501 28
Leather and leather products Building and related products Iron and steel Non-ferrous metals	1,877		1,877					162 5, 800 217 327	17 207 4, 477 177	15 150 3, 496 125	25 57 981 52
Machinery and tools: Industrial machinery and tools Electrical mach. and equip			 						961 102	699 85	262 17
Total machinery and tools								15, 244	1,063	784	279
Transportation equipment: Automobiles and trucks Automobile parts and accessories Aircraft Radio	38				38			4, 000 6, 369 21, 560 1, 236	186 876 3, 135 297	110 735 2, 860 267	. 46 140 275 30
Total trans. equip	38				38			33, 165	4, 494	4, 002	492

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Detailed statistics by industries—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Con.

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

9		Sec	urities offere	l in exchang	e for				Cost of	flotation (ap	plicable to
•						Tangible	To be is- sued for selling and	Total se- curities proposed	issuers		
. Industry	Total	Securities of issuer	Certificates of deposit	Securities of other issuers	Claims against issuer		distributing	for sale by issuer	Total	Compensa- tion to un- derwriters, agents, etc.	Expenses
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Miscellaneous manufacturing	688	688						3, 837	823	759	65
Total manufacturing	7, 840	5, 488	1, 877		75	400	11	475, 260	16. 971	13, 772	3, 199
Financial and investment: Investment and trading: Closed-end management Open-end management Investment plans								4, 162 98, 576 21, 301	315 6, 170 1, 666	315 6, 061 1, 532	110 135
Total invest. and trad								124, 039	8, 151	7, 907	244
Commercial credit, finance and mortgage Industrial and personal loan Insurance	1, 624	1,000		624				9, 414 12, 239 3, 220 1, 096	851 1,065 340 14	789 985 310	61 80 30 14
Total fin. and invest	1, 624	1, 000		624				150, 007	10, 421	9, 991	430
Merchandising	1, 750	881			870			30, 264	1, 290	982	308
Real estate	1, 149	1, 142				7					
Construction											
Transportation and communication: Railroads (incl. terminal and switching) Street railroads Motor transportation											
Pipe lines Aviation								2,000 12,340	81 1, 029	796	81 232

Telephone and telegraphRadio	3,867	3, 695				172		50, 664	1, 158	815	343
Miscellaneous trans. and com								705	31	22	8
Total trans. and com	10, 050	3, 695	4,744	1, 439		172		65, 710	2, 299	1, 634	665 •
Service	181		181					8, 834	619	550	69
Electric light, power, heat, water, and gas: Holding companies Operating-holding companies	37, 340	37, 340						34, 970	809	590	219
Operating companies	102, 911	102, 162	551	•	198			604, 060	15, 781	12, 101	3, 680
Total elec. lt., pwr., heat, and gas	140, 252	139, 503	551		198			639, 030	16, 590	12, 691	3, 899
Miscellaneous domestic companies								1,750	88	70	18
Foreign companies								459	30		30
Foreign governments	9, 691	1, 574	8, 117					30, 050	678	675	3
Grand total	176, 686	157, 432	15, 470	2, 062	1, 143	579	. 85	1, 432, 781	52, 092	43, 201	8, 891

									<u> </u>	
	Net pro-	,		New money	,		Repaymen	t of indebte	dness and rock	etirement of
Industry	ceeds from amount proposed for sale by issuers	Total	Plant and equipment	Working capital	Reimburse- ment of cor- porate treasuries for capital expenditures	Other new money purposes	Total	Bonds and notes	Other debt	Preferred stock
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Agriculture	297	295	. 38	257						
Extractive Metal mining Oil and gas wells	12, 606 15, 408	6, 600 7, 401	3, 618 588	2, 182 5, 247		799 1, 566	5, 981 7, 999	300	5, 981 7, 699	
Total extractive	28, 013	14, 001	4, 207	7, 430		2, 365	13, 980	300	13, 680	
Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries and distilleries)	18, 577 777	3, 046 329	384 150	2, 663 179			15, 513	13, 893	1, 620	
Textiles and textile products Lumber and lumber products Paper and paper products	1, 299 2, 112 22, 926	5, 249	3, 368				1,299 2,112 17,448		1, 200	99 2, 112

Table 6.—Effective registration under the Securities Act of 1933—Detailed statistics by industries—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Con.

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	Net pro-			New mone	у ,		Repaymen		iness and re	tirement of
Industry	ceeds from amount proposed for sale by issuers	Total	Plant and equipment	Working capital	Reimburse- ment of cor- porate treasuries for capital expenditures	Other new money purposes	Total	Bonds and notes	Other debt	Preferred stock
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Manufacturing—Continued. Printing, publishing and allied industries Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum refining. Tire and other rubber products. Leather and leather products. Building and related products. Iron and steel. Non-ferrous metals.	3, 262 18, 092 122, 868 1, 253 145 5, 593 212, 850 2, 668	627 3, 770 11, 696 810 141 1, 191 906 2, 469	175 6, 868 1, 101 769 152	452 3,770 4,828 810 141 90 87 2,318	7	50	2, 475 13, 638 111, 173 443 4, 402 211, 944 199	2, 450 615 107, 161 3, 586 211, 769	24 775 443 507 175 199	12, 248 4, 012 309
Machinery and tools: Industrial machinery and tools	13, 848	4, 926 232	706 , 50	4, 206 82		14 100	8, 867 26	5, 577	2, 524 26	766
Total machinery and tools	14, 181	5, 158	· 756	4, 288		114	8, 893	5, 577	2, 550	766
Transportation equipment: Automobiles and trucks Automobile parts and accessories Aircraft Radio	3, 814 5, 494 18, 425 939	2, 508 2, 461 13, 346 927	704 3, 094 212	2, 508 1, 757 8, 291 660		1, 960 55	1, 306 3, 025 4, 957	1, 306	2, 955 4, 932	70
Total trans. equip	28, 671	19, 241	4, 011	13, 215		2, 015	9, 288	1, 331	7, 888	70
Miscellaneous manufacturing	3.013	2, 806	1, 302	1, 249		255	201	83	119	
Total manufacturing	458, 289	57, 438	19, 034	35, 971		2, 433	399, 028	363, 629	15, 784	19, 615

Financial and investment Investment and trading: Closed-end management. Open-end management Investment plans.	3, 847 92, 406 19, 635						4, 431	4, 091	340	
Total invest, and trad.	115, 888						4, 431	4, 091	340	
Commercial credit, finance and mortgage Industrial and personal loan Insurance Other financial and investment	8, 563 11, 174 2, 880 1, 082	8, 141 8, 783 1, 787		8, 141 8, 783 1, 787			413 2, 382	383 2, 382	30	
Total fin. and invest.	139, 586	18, 711		18, 711			7, 226	6, 856	370	
Merchandising	28, 974	10, 342	1, 160	9, 182			16, 956	2, 965	69	13, 923
Real estate										
Construction										
Transportation and communication: Railroads (incl. terminal and switching). Street railroads. Motor transportation. Pipe lines A viation Telephone and telegraph. Radio.					1,919		2, 760 31, 542	215 10, 931	2, 545 11, 898	8,713
Miscellaneous trans, and com.	674	674	674							
Total trans. and com	63, 410	27, 704	15, 103	10, 373	2, 228		34, 302	11, 146	14, 443	8, 713
Service	8, 215	7, 578	2, 791	4, 787			507	296	212	
Flectric light, power, heat, water, and gas: Holding companies Operating-holding companies Operating companies	34, 161 588, 279	25, 764	21, 389	2, 879	1, 496		33, 632 562, 226	29, 712 540, 556	3, 920 7, 243	14, 427
Total elec. it., pwr., heat, and gas	622, 440	25, 764	21, 389	2, 879	1, 496		595, 859	570, 268	11, 163	14, 427
Miscellaneous domestic companies	1, 662	530		530			1, 132	1, 132	======================================	
Foreign companies	429	411	103	275		33	11		11	
Foreign governments.	29, 372									
Grand total	1, 380, 688	162, 774	63, 825	90, 393	3, 724	4, 831	1, 068, 999	956, 591	55, 729	56, 679

Table 6.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Detailed statistics by industries—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Purch	ase of sec	urities	Pur-	Ozzazi	Miscel- laneous and unac- counted for	
Total	For invest- ment	For affili- ation	chase of other assets	zation expense		
36	37	38	39	40	41	
					-	
					28	
					29	
	=====					
		279	160	0	1'	
200 25		200 25 270	200	28	13	
			53 75			
			128			
			110	1	1 1	
			110	1	3	
				2		
884		884	698	30	21	
3, 847 87, 974 19, 506	3, 847 87, 974 19, 506			0	12	
111, 327	111, 327			0	12	
8	1 000	8		0	7	
1, 093	1,093	898				
113, 509	112, 603	906		1	13	
148		148	1, 476	0		
		<u></u>				
	Total 36 279 200 25 379 379 884 3,847 87,974 19,506 111,327 8 1,093 1,082 113,509 148	Total For investment 36 37 279 290 25 379 884 3,847 87,974 19,506 111,327 111,327 8 1,093 1	Total invest- affiliment ation 36	Total For investment ation assets 36 37 38 39 279 279 160 200 200 25 379 379 300 25 379 379 379 300 36 38 47 87,974 87,974 19,506 19,506 19,506 19,506 111,327 111,327 111,327 111,327 111,327 112,603 906 1148 11,476	Total For investment action affiliation assets are provided in the provided action assets and action assets are provided in the provided action assets are provided action as a provided action as a provided action action action as a provided action actio	

Table 6.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Detailed statistics by industries—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

	Purch	ase of sec	urities	Pur-	0	Miscel- lancous
Industry	Total	For invest- ment	For affili- ation	chase of other assets	Organization expense	and unac- counted for
	36	37	38	39	40	41
Transportation and communication: Railroads (incl. terminal and switching) Street railroads Motor transportation						
Motor transportation Pipe lines Aviation Telephone and telegraph Radio Miscellaneous transportation and communi-				1,332	0	3 70
cation				i——		73
Total transp. and com Service				1, 354	15	2
Electric light, power, heat, water, and gas: Holding companies Operating-holding companies					1	529
Operating companies Total elec. lt., pwr., heat, and gas	l					289 817
Miscellaneous domestic companies						
Foreign governments.						29, 372
Grand total	114, 656	112, 603	2, 053	3, 505	50	30, 704

Note.—For back figures, see Fifth Annual Report, pp. 206-213; Fourth Annual Report, pp. 150-157; Third Annual Report, pp. 135-143; Second Annual Report, pp. 104-111; First Annual Report, pp. 76-83.

Table 7.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Securites proposed for sale by issuers—By proposed methods of selling and by industries—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

- 1		mount	distributed		Г	To security holders			
Industry	Grand total	By	By un- derwrit- ers	By agents	Total	By issuers	By under- writers	By agents	
Agriculture	375			375					
Extractive: Metal miningOil and gas wells	14, 810 16, 232	1, 944 2, 663	5, 910 13, 319	6, 956 250	6, 122	212	5, 910		
Total extractive	31, 042	4, 607	19, 229	7, 206	6, 122	212	5, 910		
Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries	19, 319		18, 734	585					
and distill) Textiles and textile products Lumber and lumber products Paper and paper products Printing, publishing and al-	958 1, 330 2, 127 23, 828	1, 330 2, 127 1, 993	20, 399	1, 436	2, 127	2, 127			
lied industries	3, 508 18, 878 125, 532	1, 044	2, 983 18, 283 123, 988	525 595 500	318 16, 195		318 16, 195		
ucts. Leather and leather products. Building and related products. Iron and steel. Non-ferrous metals.	1, 400 162 5, 800 217, 327 2, 845	253 340	1, 400 850 216, 120 2, 505	162 4, 950 955	33			33	
Machinery and tools: Industrial machinery and tools. Electrical mach. and	14, 809	875	12, 209	1, 725	875	875			
rotal machinery and	435 15, 244	875	185	250	875	074			
tools	4, 000	875	12, 394 4, 000	1, 975	875	875			
accessories	6, 369 21, 560 1, 236	84 502	5, 122 15, 909 705	1, 163 5, 149 531	84 6, 371	84 145	5, 776	450	
Total trans. equip	33, 165	586	25, 736	6, 843	6, 455	229	5, 776	450	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	3, 837	275	750	2, 812	275	275			
Total manufacturing	475, 260	8, 823	444, 292	22, 146	26, 279	3, 506	22, 289	483	
Financial and investment: Investment and trading: Closed-end management. Open-end management. Investment plans	4, 162 98, 576 21, 301	10, 882		4, 162 87, 694 21, 301	3, 414	3, 414			
Total invest. and trad	124, 039	10, 882		113, 157	3, 414	3, 414			
Commercial credit, finance and mortgage. Industrial and personal loan. Insurance. Other financial and invest-	9, 414 12, 239 3, 220	499 886 680	5, 785 2, 500	3. 130 8, 852 2, 510	886 510	886 180		330	
ment	1,096	1,696							
Total fin, and invest	150,007	14, 043	8, 285	127, 679	4,810	4, 480		330	
Merchandising	30, 264	7, 262	21, 518	1,484	15, 739	1, 142	13, 748	849 ====	
Real estate		=====							
Construction and communica								====	
Transportation and communica- tion. Railroads (incl. terminal and switching)								\\\	

Table 7.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Securities proposed for sale by issuers—By proposed methods of selling and by industries—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

	[Amount	5 111 611011	adina in in	onaraj						
	A	mount d	istributed		Т	To security holders				
Industry	Grand total	By issuers	By un- derwrit- ers	By agents	Total	By issuers	By under- writers	By agents		
Transportation, etc.—Continued. Street railroads.										
Motor transportation	2,000	2,000								
Aviation Telephone and telegraph	12, 340 50, 664	6, 915	12, 140 38, 208	200 5, 542	10, 256 55		10, 256 55			
Radio			705							
Miscellaneous trans. and com	705									
Total trans. and com	65, 710	8, 915	51, 053	5, 742	10, 311		10, 311			
Service	8, 834	4, 964	3, 870		3, 120	3,000	120			
Electric light, power, heat, water, and gas: Holding companies. Operating-holding companies Operating companies.	34, 970	4,000	30, 970 600, 854	2, 056	4,000 11,546	4, 000 650	9, 590	1, 306		
Total elec. lt., pwr., heat,										
and gos	639,030	5, 150	631, 824	2,056	15, 546	4, 650	9, 590	1, 306		
Miscellaneous domestic companies	1, 750	-3	1, 300	450				<u>-</u>		
Foreign companies	459	459								
Foreign governments	30, 050		30,050							
Grand total	1, 432, 781	54, 224	1, 211, 420	167, 137	81, 926	16, 990	61, 968	2,968		
		To "others"								
		Тор	ublic			То "с	thers"			
Industry	Total	By issuers	By under- writers	By agents	Total	By issuers	By under- writers	By agents		
Agriculture	Total	Ву	By under-	By agents	Total	Ву	By under-	By agents		
Agriculture		Ву	By under-	agents	Total	Ву	By under-	By agents		
Agriculture	375	By issuers	By under- writers	375 6, 956		Ву	By under-	By		
Agriculture Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells Total extractive Manufacturing: Food and related products	375 - 8, 688 14, 232	By issuers 	By under- writers	375 6, 956 250	2,000	By	By under-	By		
Agriculture Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells Total extractive Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.)	375 - 8, 688 14, 232 - 22, 920	By issuers 	By under-writers 13, 319 13, 319	375 6, 956 250 7, 206	2,000	By issuers	By under-	By agents		
Agriculture. Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells. Total extractive. Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries and distill). Textiles and textile products.	375 - 8, 688 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319	By issuers 	By under-writers 13, 319 13, 319 18, 734 150	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585	2,000	By	By under-	By agents		
Agriculture. Extractive: Metal mining. Oil and gas wells. Total extractive. Manufacturing: Food and related products. Beverages (incl. breweries and distill). Textiles and textile products. Lumber and lumber products. Paper and paper products.	375 - 8, 688 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319	By issuers 	By under-writers 13, 319 13, 319 18, 734	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585	2,000	By issuers	By under-	By agents		
Agriculture Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells Total extractive Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.). Textiles and textile products. Lumber and lumber products.	375 - 8, 688 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319 - 958 - 23, 828 - 3, 190	1, 732 663 2, 395	13, 319 13, 319 18, 734 150 20, 399 2, 665	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585 808 1, 436 525	2,000	By issuers	By under-	By agents		
Agriculture. Extractive: Metal mining. Oil and gas wells. Total extractive. Manufacturing: Food and related products. Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.). Textiles and textile products. Lumber and lumber products. Paper and paper products. Printing, publishing, and allied industries. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum refining.	375 - 8, 688 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319 - 958 - 23, 828	1, 732 663 2, 395	By under-writers 13, 319 13, 319 18, 734 150 20, 399	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585 808	2,000	By issuers	By under-	By agents		
Agriculture. Extractive: Metal mining. Oil and gas wells. Total extractive. Manufacturing: Food and related products. Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.) Textiles and textile products. Lumber and lumber products. Paper and paper products. Printing, publishing, and allied industries. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum refining Tire and other rubber products.	375 - 8, 688 - 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319 - 958 - 23, 828 - 3, 190 - 2, 683 - 124, 488 - 1, 400	1, 732 663 2, 395	13, 319 13, 319 18, 734 150 20, 399 2, 665 2, 088	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585 808 1, 436 525 595 500	2,000	By issuers 2,000	By under-	By agents		
Agriculture. Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells. Total extractive. Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.). Textiles and textile products. Lumber and lumber products. Printing, publishing, and allied industries. Chemicals and allied products Petroleum refining. Tire and other rubber products. Leather and leather products. Leather and leather products. Building and related prod-	375 - 8, 688 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319 - 958 - 23, 828 - 3, 190 - 2, 683 - 124, 488 - 1, 400 - 129	1, 732 663 2, 395	13, 319 13, 319 18, 734 150 20, 399 2, 665 2, 088 123, 988 1, 400	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585 808	2,000 2,000 1,330	By issuers 2,000	By under-	agents		
Agriculture. Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells. Total extractive. Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.). Textiles and textile products. Lumber and lumber products. Paper and paper products. Printing, publishing, and allied industries. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum refining Tire and other rubber products. Leather and leather products. Building and related products. Building and related products. Iron and steel.	375 - 8, 688 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319 - 958 - 23, 828 - 3, 190 - 2, 683 - 124, 488 - 1, 400 - 129 - 850 - 217, 327	1, 732 663 2, 395	13, 319 13, 319 18, 734 150 20, 399 2, 665 2, 068 123, 988 1, 400	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585 808 1, 436 525 595 500	2,000 2,000 1,330 1,044 4,950	By issuers 2,000 1,330 1,044	By under-	By agents		
Agriculture. Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells Total extractive. Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.). Textiles and textile products. Paper and paper products. Printing, publishing, and allied Industries. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum refining. Tire and other rubber products. Leather and leather products. Building and related products. Building and related products. Icon and steel. Non-ferrous metals. Machinery and tools:	375 - 8, 688 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319 - 958 - 23, 828 - 3, 190 - 2, 683 124, 488 - 1, 400 - 129 - 850	1, 732 663 2, 395	13, 319 13, 319 13, 319 20, 399 2, 665 2, 088 123, 988 1, 400	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585 808 11, 436 525 595 500	2,000 2,000 1,330	By issuers 2,000	By under-	agents		
Agriculture Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells Total extractive Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.). Textiles and textile products. Lumber and lumber products. Paper and paper products. Printing, publishing, and allied industries. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum refining Tire and other rubber products. Leather and leather products. Building and related products. Iron and steel. Non-ferrous metals. Machinery and tools: Industrial machinery and tools. Electrical mach. and.	375 - 8, 688 - 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319 - 958 - 23, 828 - 3, 190 - 2, 683 - 124, 488 - 1, 400 - 129 - 850 - 217, 327 - 2, 505 - 13, 934	1, 732 663 2, 395	By under-writers 13, 319 13, 319 18, 734 150 20, 399 2, 665 2, 088 123, 988 1, 400 850 216, 120 2, 505	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585 808 1, 436 525 595 500 129	1, 044 4, 950	By issuers 2,000 1,330 1,044	By under-writers	agents		
Agriculture. Extractive: Metal mining Oil and gas wells Total extractive. Manufacturing: Food and related products Beverages (incl. breweries and distill.). Textiles and textile products. Paper and paper products. Paper and paper products. Printing, publishing, and allied industries Chemicals and allied products Petroleum refining. Tire and other rubber products Leather and leather products. Leather and leather products. Itoland steel. Non-ferrous metals. Machinery and tools: Industrial machinery and tools.	375 - 8, 688 14, 232 - 22, 920 - 19, 319 - 958 - 23, 828 - 3, 190 - 2, 683 - 124, 488 - 1, 400 - 129 - 850 - 217, 327 - 2, 505 - 13, 934	1, 732 663 2, 395	13, 319 13, 319 18, 734 150 20, 399 2, 665 2, 088 123, 988 1, 400 850 216, 120 2, 505	375 6, 956 250 7, 206 585 808 1, 436 525 595 500	2,000 2,000 1,330 1,044 4,950	By issuers 2,000 1,330 1,044	By under-	agents		

Table 7.—Effective registrations under the Securities Act of 1933—Securities proposed for sale by issuers—By proposed methods of selling and by industries—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

		То р	ıblic			To "others"			
Industry	Total	By issuers	By under- writers	By agents	Total	By issuers	By under- writers	By agents	
Manufacturing—Continued. Transportation equipment: Automobiles and trucks_ Automobile parts and accessories_ Aircraft.	4, 000 6, 285 15, 071	282	4, 000 5, 122 10, 114 705	1, 163 4, 675	118	75	19	24	
Radio	1, 236			531					
Total trans, equip	26, 592	282	19, 941	6, 369	118	75	19	24	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	3, 562		750	2, 812					
Total manufacturing	441, 189	2, 527	421, 973	16, 689	7, 792	2, 789	29	4, 974	
Financial and investment: Investment and trading: Closed-end management Open-end management Investment plans	4, 162 90, 194 21, 301	2, 500		4, 162 87, 694 21, 301	4, 969	4,969			
Total invest. and trad	115, 657	2, 500		113, 157	4, 969	4,969			
Commercial credit, finance, and mortgage	8, 915 11, 097 2, 000		5, 785 2, 500	3, 130 8, 597 2, 000	499 255 710	499 500		255 210	
ment					1,096	1,096			
Total fin. and invest	137, 669	2, 500	8, 285	126, 884	7, 528	7,063		465	
Merchandising	9,004	600	7,770	634	5, 521	5, 521			
Real estate									
Construction									
Transportation and communica- tion: Railroads (incl. terminal and switching). Street railroads. Motor transportation Pipe lines. A viation Telephone and telegraph.	2, 084 38, 153		1, 884 38, 153	200	2, 000 12, 457	2, 000 6, 915		5, 542	
Radio	705		705						
Total trans. and com	40,942		40, 742	200	14, 457	8, 915		5, 542	
Service	4,969	1, 219	3,750		745	745			
Electric light, power, heat, water, and gas: Holding companies. Operating-holding companies.	30, 970	1,210	30, 970						
Operating companies	591, 264	<u> </u>	591, 264		1, 250	500		750	
Total elec. It., pwr., heat, and gas	622, 234		622, 234		1, 250	500		750	
Miscellaneous domestic compa- nies	1,750		1, 300	450					
Foreign companies	397	397			63	63			
Foreign governments	30, 050		30, 050						
							1	-,	

Note.—For back figures, see Fifth Annual Report, pp. 214-16; Fourth Annual Report, pp. 158-160; Third Annual Report, pp. 144-147; Second Annual Report, p. 112; First Annual Report, pp. 84-85.

Table 8.—New issues of securities offered for cash in the United States, 12 by types of offerings and types of securities, yearly from July 1934 to June 1940, inclusive

[Amounts in thousands of dollars 3]

,			Ту	pes of offering	S	-		тур	es of securiti	es
Year and month	G., 14.4-1	Pul	olie		Private		Unregistered, intrastate	Bonds,	Preferred	Common
	Grand total	Registered	Exempt 4	Registered 5	Exempt	Other 6	and unascer- tained	notes, and debentures	stock	stock
Total, July 1934 to June 1935. Total, July 1935 to June 1936. Total, July 1936 to June 1937. Total, July 1937 to June 1938. Total, July 1938 to June 1939.	3, 767, 922 11, 242, 541 7, 611, 365 3, 725, 181 6, 779, 102	492, 315 3, 261, 572 3, 008, 878 891, 099 1, 651, 062	2, 832, 588 7, 534, 044 4, 165, 958 2, 447, 757 4, 279, 537	70, 161 11, 814 3, 988 62, 836	87, 654 43, 416 105, 655 27, 745 106, 924	351, 767 322, 493 302, 589 350, 838 670, 988	3, 598 10, 855 16, 471 3, 754 7, 756	3, 748, 881 10, 948, 072 6, 781, 823 3, 478, 373 6, 598, 707	12, 160 189, 963 404, 712 186, 028 106, 650	6, 881 104, 506 424, 830 60, 780 73, 745
July 1939 August September October November December	578, 292	169, 471 274, 880 4, 909 7, 686 69, 964 147, 970	377, 009 149, 843 75, 871 392, 702 141, 620 756, 402	0 0 0 0 4,950 5,610	34, 672 1, 985 250 10, 236 0 6, 325	20, 765 123, 703 95, 016 166, 307 4, 330 33, 688	700 1, 129 100 1, 361 737 529	581, 507 539, 694 172, 487 569, 252 208, 262 937, 256	15, 944 9, 280 1, 080 3, 518 3, 460 9, 462	5, 166 2, 566 2, 579 5, 522 9, 879 3, 806
January February March April May June	582, 848 304, 636 452, 814	96, 980 211, 030 39, 893 132, 800 95, 659 46, 786	361, 551 319, 642 240, 857 290, 921 147, 616 135, 322	0 277 3,800 0 75	21, 962 0 3, 000 0 10, 536 6, 920	23, 421 50, 774 17, 086 28, 839 61, 537 55, 807	384 1, 126 0 254 0 312	482, 252 569, 515 269, 803 393, 423 295, 366 236, 660	7, 451 10, 268 16, 497 45, 117 7, 942 5, 368	14, 595 3, 066 18, 336 14, 274 12, 115 3, 119
Total, July 1939 to June 1940	5, 485, 886	1, 298, 028	3, 389, 356	14, 712	95, 886	681, 273	6, 632	5, 255, 477	135, 387	95, 023

¹ Reported as offered in the financial press or in records of the Commission. Data exclude issues having maturities of less than 1 year; issues with gross proceeds of \$100,000 or less; offerings which do not appear in the financial press (largely those sold through continuous offering, such as sales of securities of open-end investment companies); and intercorporate transactions. Figures subject to revision as new data are received.

Rounding off figures may have resulted in slight differences between the totals in

mental subdivisions; by common carriers; by banks; and by charitable, religious, educational, and other non-profit institutions.

5 Certain privately placed issues formerly carried as "registered" issues were changed to "other" issues, as they were placed privately prior to registration.

Securities for which registration under the Securities Act of 1933 presumably would

be required if they were publicly offered.

Note.—Earlier data appearing in the Commission's Annual Reports included notes sold commercial banks as sole purchasers; such notes have been excluded, in addition to routine revisions.

the table and the actual sums of the components.

^{3 &}quot;Amounts" represent principal amount of bonds or number of shares multiplied in each instance by offering price, except for State and municipal issues where principal amount was used.

⁴ Includes offerings by the United States Government and agencies, and by United States insular and territorial possessions; by States, municipalities, and other govern-

Table 9.—New issues of securities offered for cash in the United States, 12 by types of issuers, yearly from July 1934 to June 1939, inclusive; monthly from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive

[Amounts in thousands of dollars 3]

	4	Corpo	rate ⁴	•		, 1	Noncorporate	ı	
Year and month	Total	Public util- ity	Industrial	Rail and other	Total	United States Government and Agency ⁵	State and municipal ⁶	Foreign gov- ernment ⁷	Educational, religious, and other non- profit
Total, July 1934 to June 1935. Total, July 1935 to June 1936. Total, July 1936 to June 1937. Total, July 1937 to June 1938. Total, July 1938 to June 1939.	1; 169, 240 4, 484, 192 3, 740, 097 1, 641, 095 2, 466, 908	368, 832 2, 080, 908 1, 655, 680 616, 206 1, 365, 788	335, 832 1, 330, 275 1, 214, 682 807, 549 939, 149	464, 577 1, 073, 009 869, 735 217, 340 161, 970	2, 598, 682 6, 758, 349 3, 871, 268 2, 084, 087 4, 312, 195	1, 572, 410 5, 354, 659 2, 589, 371 1, 206, 754 2, 904, 127	1, 020, 326 1, 248, 675 1, 060, 212 863, 795 1, 322, 049	4, 978 130, 537 163, 239 3, 250 66, 797	968 24, 478 58, 446 10, 288 19, 222
1939	199. 110 383, 047 107, 457 200, 352 86, 762 266, 070	80, 134 243, 683 50, 053 155, 680 60, 825 153, 760	100, 873 72, 614 19, 972 17, 600 16, 039 33, 050	18, 103 66, 750 37, 432 27, 073 9, 899 79, 261	403, 506 168, 493 68, 689 377, 940 131, 839 684, 454	317, 906 71, 139 44, 416 323, 124 53, 941 594, 151	83, 249 69, 060 24, 003 53, 980 80, 093 90, 115	0 27, 939 0 0 0	2, 351 355 270 836 805 188
January February March April May June	102, 131	73, 887 107, 716 20, 058 54, 020 1, 538 94, 418	32, 385 124, 791 34, 046 102, 684 90, 640 8, 133	39, 225 33, 157 48, 027 97, 210 106, 303 8, 445	358, 801 317, 186 202, 504 198, 901 116, 943 134, 152	273, 044 144, 665 105, 992 121, 504 64, 268 49, 600	85, 612 171, 946 84, 320 75, 746 50, 077 84, 213	0 0 0 0 0	145 575 12, 192 1, 651 2, 598 339
Total, July 1939 to June 1940	2, 319, 478	1, 095, 772	652, 827	570, 885	3, 166, 408	2, 163, 749	952, 416	27, 939	22 305

7 Excludes portions of issues offered abroad.

NOTE.—Earlier data appearing in the Commission's Annual Reports included notes sold commercial banks as sole purchasers; such notes have been excluded, in addition to routine revisions.

See footnote 1 of table 8.
 See footnote 2 of table 8.

See footnote 3 of table 8.
 See footnote 3 of table 8.
 Corporate plus noncorporate issues, shown in table 9, are equal to grand total of issues shown in table 8.
 Includes only issues publicly offered for cash.
 Source: Commercial and Financial Chronicle (includes security offerings of United

States possessions).

holders under Section 16 (a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934—Monthly averages for the years 1936-39; monthly from July 1938 to June 1940

	Numb	er of transa	etions				Number of	shares (in	thousands))		
					Purchases			Sales			Balances	,
Year or month ¹	Pur- chases	Sales	Total	All trans- actions	Trans- actions under 10,000 shares	Trans- actions of 10,000 shares or more	All trans- actions	Trans- actions under 10,000 shares	Trans- actions of 10,000 shares or more	All trans- actions	Trans- actions under 10,000 shares	Trans- actions of 10,000 shares or more
1936 monthly average 1937 monthly average 1938 monthly average 1930 monthly average	1, 124 1, 247 765 882	1, 343 1, 295 956 629	2, 467 2, 542 1, 721 1, 511	1, 407 989 787 650	356 374 292 240	1, 051 615 495 410	1, 870 1, 823 1, 005 500	633 657 411 260	1, 237 1, 166 594 240	-463 -834 -218 +150	-277 -283 -119 -20	-186 -551 -99 · +170
July	597 610 714 661 655 1, 253	1, 475 840 650 1, 411 980 1, 253	2, 072 1, 450 1, 364 2, 072 1, 635 2, 506	470 759 230 226 649 1,578	172 193 196 167 204 1,396	298 566 34 59 445 182	796 888 540 1, 172 2, 752 1, 001	570 292 280 699 512 607	226 596 260 473 2, 240 394	-326 -129 -310 -916 -2, 103 +577	-398 -99 -84 -532 -308 +789	+72 -30 -226 -414 -1, 795 -212
1939	947 732 971 1, 067 628 734 709 868 980 861 870 1, 218	560 455 722 383 459 430 576 402 1, 189 815 660 899	1, 507 1, 187 1, 693 1, 450 1, 087 1, 164 1, 285 1, 270 2, 169 1, 676 1, 530 2, 117	429 280 2, 769 908 432 276 503 221 950 204 300 521	261 197 238 338 218 168 215 198 262 183 220 377	168 83 2, 531 570 214 108 288 23 688 21 80	506 575 439 460 327 257 475 164 1,536 373 373 373 516	211 231 254 147 141 167 208 122 683 350 259 347	295 344 185 313 186 90 267 42 853 23 114 169	-77 -295 +2,330 +448 +105 +19 +28 +57 -586 -169 -73 +5	+50 -34 -16 +191 +77 +1 +76 -421 -167 -39 +30	-127 -261 +2,346 +257 +28 +18 +18 +21 -19 -165 -25
January February March April May June	886 826 839 889 1,776 799	664 545 570 942 766 524	1, 550 1, 371 1, 409 1, 831 2, 542 1, 323	288 283 375 307 731 619	228 271 266 252 529 244	60 12 169 55 202 375	803 325 646 684 446 410	232 255 191 418 366 198	571 70 455 266 80 212	-515 -42 -271 -377 +285 +209	-4 +16 +75 -166 +163 +46	-511 -58 -346 -211 +122 +163

¹ Data pertaining to periods prior to May 31, 1938, computed on basis of reports received up to July 31, 1938; data pertaining to periods between June 1, 1938, and Apr. 30, 1939, computed on basis of reports received up to May 30, 1939; data pertaining to period after May 1, 1939, computed on the basis of reports received within the calendar month following each month reported. For descriptions of the methods of computation, coverage,

and limitation of data see "Selected Statistics on Securities and on Exchange Markets," pp. 83 ff.

NOTE.—For monthly figures for the period from Jan. 1, 1936, to June 30, 1938, see "Selected Statistics on Securities and on Exchange Markets," table 68.

Table 11.—Ordinary transactions in stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange reported by officers, directors, and principal stockholders under Section 16 (a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934—Monthly averages for the years 1936–39; monthly from July 1938 to June 1940

,	Numb	er of trans	actions			1	Number of	shares (in	thousands)			
			,		Purchases			Sales	•		Balances	
Year or month 1	Pur- chases	Sales	Total	All trans- actions	Trans- actions under 10,000 shares	Trans- actions of 10,000 shares or more	All trans- actions	Trans- actions under 10,000 shares	Trans- actions of 10,000 shares or more	All trans- actions	Trans- actions under 10,000 shares	Trans actions of 10,000 shares or more
1936 monthly average 1937 monthly average 1938 monthly average 1939 monthly average	538 533 258 340	658 691 546 321	1, 196 1, 224 804 661	370 309 155 125	162 165 69 89	208 144 86 36	559 631 375 178	282 265 236 131	277 366 139 47	-189 -322 -220 -53	-120 -100 -167 -42	-69 -222 -53 -11
July 1938 August September October November December	188 159 250 239 189 444	844 437 346 914 528 773	1, 032 596 596 1, 153 717 1, 217	257 34 73 77 72 197	46 34 73 62 72 147	211 0 0 15 0 50	348 191 152 769 590 466	308 159 142 513 289 366	40 32 10 256 301 100	-91 -157 -79 -692 -518 -269	$\begin{array}{r} -262 \\ -125 \\ -69 \\ -451 \\ -217 \\ -219 \end{array}$	+171 -32 -10 -241 -301 -50
January 1939 February March April May June July August September October November December	387 300 376 533 218 299 268 328 358 271 287 454	267 187 349 202 223 208 300 180 739 419 288 491	654 487 725 735 441 507 568 508 1,097 690 575	101 86 164 233 252 82 159 81 86 56 56	101 76. 91 156 74 62 89 81 86 56 52	0 10 73 77 178 20 70 0 0 0	100 116 147 143 119 133 155 93 546 170 102	100 65 108 80 69 73 94 65 427 170 102 221	0 51 39 63 50 60 61 28 119 0 0	+1 -30 +17 +90 +133 -51 +4 -12 -460 -114 -50 -167	+1 +11 -17 +76 +5 -11 -5 +18 -341 -114 -50 -79	+0 -41 +34 +14 +128 -40 -40 -28 -119 +0 +0 -88
January 1940 February March April May June June	410 307 335 287 827 374	330 270 295 517 450 317	740 577 630 804 1, 277 691	160 138 79 79 367 206	· 115 138 66 63 305 149	45 0 13 16 62 57	310 192 227 230 266 114	128 122 101 103 250 101	182 70 126 127 16 13	-150 -54 -148 -151 +101 +92	-13 +16 -35 -40 +55 +48	-137 -70 -113 -111 +46 +44

¹ Data pertaining to periods prior to May 31, 1938, computed on basis of reports received up to July 31, 1938; data pertaining to periods between June 1, 1938, and Apr. 30, 1939, computed on basis of reports received up to May 30, 1939; data pertaining to period after May 1, 1939, computed on the basis of reports received within the calendar month following each month reported. For descriptions of the methods of computation, coverage, and

limitation of data see "Selected Statistics on Securities and on Exchange Markets," pp. 83 ff.

NOTE.—For monthly figures for the period from Jan. 1, 1936, to June 30, 1938, see "Selected Statistics on Securities and on Exchange Markets," table 69.

Table 12.—Brokers and dealers registered under Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934—Effective registrations, classified by type of organization ¹

End of—	Total	Sole pro- proprietor- ships	Partner- ships	Corpora- tions	Other
1935 2	5, 326 6, 372 6, 882 6, 815 6, 679	2, 048 2, 640 3, 049 3, 160 3, 219	1, 537 1, 634 1, 671 1, 586 1, 517	1, 732 2, 086 2, 151 2, 062 1, 935	9 12 11 7 8
January 1938 February March April May June July August September October November December	6, 891 6, 911 6, 898 6, 868 6, 823 6, 808 6, 792 6, 805 6, 807 6, 819 6, 804 6, 815	3, 074 3, 088 3, 098 3, 107 3, 117 3, 121 3, 113 3, 123 3, 140 3, 153 3, 148 3, 160	1, 670 1, 670 1, 652 1, 639 1, 614 1, 607 1, 597 1, 594 1, 585 1, 586 1, 583 1, 583	2, 136 2, 142 2, 137 2, 112 2, 085 2, 073 2, 075 2, 081 2, 075 2, 073 2, 066 2, 062	11 11 11 10 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
January 1939 February March April May June July August September October November December	6, 772 6, 756 6, 756 6, 779 6, 801 6, 815 6, 796 6, 783 6, 756 6, 752 6, 750 6, 701 6, 679	3, 148 3, 158 3, 157 3, 217 3, 242 3, 247 3, 254 3, 256 3, 258 3, 258 3, 228 3, 219	1, 579 1, 565 1, 564 1, 551 1, 545 1, 532 1, 529 1, 521 1, 522 1, 519 1, 523 1, 523	2, 038 2, 026 2, 021 2, 026 2, 021 2, 010 1, 993 1, 972 1, 969 1, 966 1, 942 1, 935	77 77 77 77 77 77 88 8
January 1940 February March April May June	6, 629 6, 633 6, 638 6, 618 6, 609 6, 602	3, 192 3, 206 3, 221 3, 224 3, 234 3, 238	1, 505 1, 496 1, 496 1, 491 1, 484 1, 478	1, 924 1, 923 1, 913 1, 896 1, 885 1, 880	8 8 8 7 6 6

¹ Includes domestic and foreign registrants.
² January 2, 1936.

Table 13.—Brokers and dealers registered under Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934—Monthly changes in effective registrations during the fiscal year ended June 29, 1940, classified by type of organization ¹

		Total		Sole p	ropriete	orships	Pa	rtnersh	ips	Cor	poratio	ns².
Month	Added	Can- celed	Net change	Added	Can- celed	Net change	Added	Can- celed	Net change	Added	Can- celed	Net change
July 1939 August September October November December January 1940 February March April May June	77 67 56 66 59 62 71 122 87 68 75 79	90 94 60 68 108 84 121 118 82 88 84 86	-13 -27 -4 -2 -49 -22 -50 +4 +5 -20 -9 -7	39 42 26 34 30 36 31 58 45 43 49 48	32 40 28 30 60 45 58 44 30 40 39 44	+7 +2 -2 +4 -30 -9 -27 +14 +15 +3 +10 +4	25 19 17 21 18 13 24 45 33 19 17 20	28 27 16 24 14 19 36 54 33 24 24 26	-3 -8 +1 -3 +4 -6 -12 -9 0 -5 -7 -6	13 6 13 11 11 13 16 19 9 6 9	30 27 16 14 34 20 27 20 19 24 21 16	-17 -21 -3 -3 -23 -7 -11 -11 -10 -18 -12 -5
Total	889	1,083	-194	481	490	-9	271	325	-54	137	268	-131

Includes domestic and foreign registrants.
 Includes corporations and other forms of organization (except sole proprietorships and partnerships).

Note.—For back figures see Fifth Annual Report, p. 221, table 13.

Table 14.—Brokers and dealers registered under Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 —Effective registrations as of June 29, 1940, classified by type of organization and by location of principal office

				T	otal				So	le propi	rietorsh	ips		Partn	erships			Corpor	ations!	
•		Num- ber			Number	of bran	nch offic	es												
Location of principal office	Num- ber	of pro- prie-	Num- ber			Locat	ed in—		Num- ber	Num- ber	Num- ber	Num- ber of	Num- ber	Num- ber	Num- ber	Num- ber of	Num- ber	Num- ber of	Num- ber	Num- ber of
	of regis- trants	tors,	of em- ploy- ees]	Total	Home city	Home state	Other parts of continental U.S.	Abroad	of regis- trants	of pro- prie- tors ³	of em- ploy- ees	branch offi- ces, total		of part- ners, etc.3	of em- ploy- ees	branch offi- ces, total		offi- cers, direc- tors, etc.3	of em- ploy- ees	branch offi- ces, total
Alabama Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia daho Illinois Indiana owa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland	22 6 22 324 110 60 12 115 51 46 378 91 55 65 65 19 95 42 89	50 11 62 1, 079 260 197 51 303 126 93 30 1, 215 232 166 147 69 209 109	77 9 77 4, 488 631 699 256 862 124 241 41 4, 975 321 193 204 426 145	4 0 3 203 8 23 11 8 11 17 3 197 2 19 7 7 6 16 11 21	0 0 0 12 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 0 2 159 4 21 1 1 10 9 3 46 2 13 3 3 2	0 0 1 31 4 2 9 7 1 8 0 146 6 4 4 3 14 13	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9 3 8 114 57 19 3 63 22 28 9 128 41 17 46 5 54 18 18 53	9 3 8 114 57 19 3 63 22 28 9 128 41 17 46 5 54 118	15 1 12 209 70 67 3 85 24 49 8 8 226 185 55 37 12 75 3	1 0 0 6 1 1 1 3 0 11 1 2 1 1 0	5 2 4 87 14 19 2 13 2 2 7 2 81 11 6 6 6 4 19	13 5 10 313 36 70 17 51 4 16 4 275 24 18 13 26 59 4 80	27 8 8 14 1, 829 90 322 236 272 1 112 5 1, 902 49 18 31 95 254 17 657	3 0 1 69 3 9 6 4 0 10 1 1 9 6 0 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 8 1 10 123 399 227 7 399 329 32 13 10 222 23 5	28 3 44 652 167 108 31 189 100 49 17 812 167 131 - 88 96 87 64	35 0 51 2, 450 471 310 7505 99 80 28 2, 847 163 248 125 97 97 94 86	128 128 133 10 4 4 22 90 1 16 3 3 3 3 0 7
I assachusetts fichigan fichigan finnesota fississippi fissouri fontana lebraska lew Hampshire lew Jersey	303 97 80 26 144 13 45 9 7	920 331 295 39 473 31 99 18 18 458	5, 428 982 3, 546 37 1, 372 58 130 7 27 538	155 40 220 4 71 1 5 0 40	7 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	40 32 19 3 18 0 5 0	108 7 184 1 52 1 0 0 0 24	0 0 16 0 0 0 0 0 0	154 22 26 16 46 7 2 135	154 22 26 16 46 7 29 6 2 135	426 128 67 22 119 7 35 5 1	7 3 8 3 11 0 2 0 0 6	57 26 9 4 35 0 1 0 2	270 85 26 8 136 0 ·2 0 4	3,362 423 111 3 578 0 0 0 11	97 16 3 0 24 0 0 0	92 49 45 6 63 6 15 3 3	496 224 243 15 291 24 68 12 12 279	1, 640 431 3, 368 12 675 51 95 2 15	20

New Mexico New York (excl. N.Y.C.) North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	535 22 10 176 209 33 292 42 38 8 62 276 32 2 31 145 15 98	177 834 733 222 627 306 100 875 92 87 1186 473 97 11 83 298 41 308	18 1, 139 104 17 1, 485 649 123 3, 879 215 93 1470 193 9 131 544 49 518	0 30 6 0 78 6 3 115 5 .4 4 0 0 26 30 8 0 14 10	0 3 0 0 1 0 0 9 9 9 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 23 3 0 48 3 0 68 0 1 1 26 3 0 2 8 2 5	0 4 3 3 0 0 0 29 3 3 38 4 4 3 0 0 15 4 5 5 0 12 1 1 1 2 2 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	14 418 9 6 39 177 8 112 22 17 4 26 204 15 0 0 14 89 7 7 36 5	14 418 9 .6 39 177 8 112 22 17 4 26 204 15 0 0 14 89 .7 36 5	16 365 8 365 114 143 21 241 46 16 6 20 166 12 0 0 39 109 6 32	0 2 0 0 0 2 3 0 0 6 6 2 1 1 0 0 8 8 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	1 38 1 1 54 7 6 6 97 13 5 1 10 27 5 0 7 11 5 9 0	3 117 2 175 25 12 348 39 14 2 34 60 28 0 0 25 22 22 20 0	2 364 0 0 529 21 17, 1, 884 142 12 0 99 72 144 0 0 52 18 39 39 6	0 17 0 18 0 0 0 64 4 2 0 0 13 4 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	79 12 3 83 25 19 83 7 16 45 12 20 45 12 10 45 3 3 0	0 299 62 14 413 104 80 415 31 56 209 54 11 44 187 144 252 0	0 410 96 14 842 485 85 1,754 27 65 11 312 232 37 9 40 417 4 40 0	0 11 6 0 58 3 3 45 1 3 0 13 18 1 0 2 8 0
Total, excl. New York City New York City	4,607	11, 840 5, 522	37, 171 33, 301	1, 442 999	49 131	622 120	754 696	17 52	2, 362 849	2, 362 849	3, 496 865	109 24	757 713	2, 561 3, 047	13, 962 27, 985	513 773	1, 488 376	6, 917 1, 626	19, 713 4, 451	\$20 202
Total, incl. New York City	6, 545	17, 362	70, 472	2, 441	180	742	1, 450	69	3, 211	3, 211	4, 361	133	1, 470	5, 608	41, 947	1, 286	1, 864	8, 543	24, 164	1, 022

Domestic registrants only.
 Includes corporations and other forms of organization (except sole proprietorships and partnerships).
 Includes directors, officers, trustees and all other persons occupying similar status or performing similar functions.

Note.-For back data (as of June 30, 1938) see "Selected Statistics on Securities and on Exchange Markets," table 26.

Table 15.—Brokers and dealers registered under Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 —Effective registrations as of June 29, 1940, classified by size of establishment (based on number of employees reported) and by location of principal office

									Reg	istrants	s reporti	ng	_							
	No em	ployees	From	1 to 4 er	nploy-	From	5 to 9 er ees	nploy-		10 to 1 ployees			20 to 4 ployees			1 50 to 9 ployees		100 a	nd mor ployees	
Location of principal office	Num- ber of regis- trants	Number of proprietors, partners, officers. etc. ²	Num- ber of regis- trants	Number of proprietors, partners, officers, etc. ²	Number of employees	Num- ber of regis- trants	Num- ber of pro- prie- tors, part- ners, offi- cers, etc.2	Number of employees	Num- ber of regis- trants	Number of proprietors, partners, officers, etc.3	Num- ber of em- ploy- ees	Num- ber of regis- trants	Number of proprietors, partners, officers, etc.2	Number of employees	Num- ber of regis- trants	Num- ber of pro- prie- tors, part- ners, offi- cers, etc. ²	Num- ber of em- ploy- ees	Num- ber of regis- trants	Num- ber of pro- prie- tors, part- ners offi- cers, etc. ²	Number of employ-
Alabama Arizona Arizona Arizona Arizona Arizona Arizona Arizona Arizona Alabama Jolorado Jonnecticut Jelaware Jelaware Jistrict of Columbia Florida Jeorgia Jeorgia Jelaware Jeorgia Jelaware Jelaware Jelaware Jelaware Jistrict of Columbia Jeorgia Jelaware Jela	1 3 5 49 31 8 5 5 8 13 7 3 61 20 6 30 11 22 8 31 12 6 12 12 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	1 5 7 87 87 15 15 18 8 9 3 6 35 21 29 8 44 119 24 24 119 8 44 410	14 3 9 131 57 17 3 38 29 30 11 181 47 26 22 37 122 39 35 19 55	25 6 24 286 119 30 7 74 76 55 19 429 106 59 49 49 204 107 930 144 10	25 9 18 283 118 46 6 80 554 22 380 88 51 35 27 110 41 711 268 82 68 31 129	6 6 6 5 6 6 5 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	20 0 22 162 53 31 10 72 23 7 3 162 69 44 44 24 35 54 55 52 75 1	36 0 37 323 79 59 14 144 47 18 9 348 116 99 68 38 60 238 90 126 6 164	1 0 2 47 6 15 10 10 2 4 1 3 3 2 5 5 3 3 3 3 8 17 6 6 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	4 0 9 198 26 61 0 46 9 12 5 144 19 113 11 10 18 17 132 64 25 0 5	16 0 22 593 85 192 192 22 25 10 449 30 70 30 70 37 31 66 35 515 515 525 84 0 189	0 0 0 33 3 8 0 0 3 3 4 4 4 2 2 4 1 1 0 5 5 2 15 4 4 0 17	0 0 0 200 17 40 0 15 0 7 0 192 13 18 26 3 0 27 161 52 31 0	0 0 1, 119 86 216 0 0 89 0 0 23 0 941 163 101 51 130 23 23 0 941 172 983 416 140 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 8 3 1 1 0 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 66 0 20 7 39 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 23 23 23 22 23 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	0 0 0 541 0 186 59 272 0 94 0 742 0 0 0 0 0 86 180 169 144 0 382	0 0 0 0 6 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 80 6 0 112 0 0 0 124 0 0 0 0 129 111 111 129 129 129 129 129 129 129	. 00 0 0 1,629 263 0 0 177 145 0 0 0 0 2,115 0 0 0 0 371 3,244 0 0 2,984

Nevada. New Hampshire New Jersey. New Mexico New York (excl. N.Y.C.) North Carolina North Dakota Ohio. Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania. Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas. Utah. Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin. Wyoming. Total, excl. New	109 9 283 4 5 16 119 3 48 5 12 2 19 134 10 0 5 42	9 11 137 9 314 7 6 55 134 7 7 7 98 22 23 3 25 155 13 0 0 10 6 6	4 3 75 5 201 13 3 74 80 18 117 24 22 5 5 24 117 118 78 88 51	9 6 196 7 338 30 5 191 128 46 266 40 45 11 55 221 4 33 140 21 129	7 63 7 406 25 6 163 137 40 241 51 46 10 59 210 34 15 134 15 95	0 22 25 0 31 2 2 44 4 9 9 44 9 3 1 8 3 16 6 1 15 0	0 9 82 0 777 6 11 1600 122 344 1190 588 114 655 0	0 11 162 0 198 13 11 279 26 53 298 70 15 7 52 122 24 8 17 103 6 102	0 1 7 1 7 1 1 21 4 4 3 36 2 2 0 0 0 6 5 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 2 2 2 1 31 5 0 84 117 13 142 5 0 0 0 29 26 0 0 22 27 10 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	0 10 89 11 93 10 0 267 53 30 508 29 0 0 76 76 0 57 78 28 72	0 2 2 0 11 2 0 16 1 1 0 32 2 2 1 0 3 2 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	0 0 13 0 58 25 0 103 1 1 0 161 9 8 0 19 13 17 0 14 4 4 4	0 0 0 312 56 0 449 27 0 967 65 32 0 90 92 23 21 10 182 0	0 1 0 2 0 0 5 5 0 0 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 8 0 16 0 0 34 0 0 82 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 59 0 130 0 0 327 0 0 831 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 14 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 406 0 1,034 0 0 0 0 0 0 107 0 0 0
York City New York City	1, 337 644	1,840 911	1,996 720	4, 201 1, 514	4, 051 1, 476	586 183	1, 995 585	3, 847 1, 208	332 119	1, 362 464	4, 411 1, 665	249 135	1, 427 725	7, 602 4, 267	66 63	511 . 437	4, 488 4, 384	41 74	504 886	12, 772 20, 301
Total, incl. New York City	1,981	2, 751	2, 716	5, 715	5, 527	769	2, 580	5, 055	451	1,826	6, 076	384	2, 152	11,869	129	948	8, 872	115	1, 390	33, 073

Domestic registrants only.

Includes sole proprietors, partners, directors, officers, trustees, and all other persons occupying a similar status or performing similar functions.

Table 16.—Brokers and dealers registered under Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 —Effective registrations as of June 29, 1940, classified by type of credit extension and by type of business

. Type of credit extension	Type of business	Number of regis- trants	Number of pro- prietors, partners, officers, etc. ²	Number of em- ployees	Average number ³ of person- nel per regis- trant
Total, all registrants	Total	6, 545	17, 362	70, 472	13. 4
	Dealers Brokers Combination ⁴ Other ⁵	1, 167 655 4, 677 46	2, 648 1, 522 13, 047 145	4, 593 7, 392 57, 497 990	6. 2 13. 6 15. 1 24. 7
Registrants not extending credit to customers in any form.	Total	5, 057	11, 403	22, 384	6.7
	Dealers Brokers Combination 4 Other 5	1, 035 457 3, 527 38	2, 192 828 8, 273 110	3, 242 1, 064 17, 191 887	5. 3 4. 1 7. 2 26. 2
Registrants carrying margin accounts for customers, but extending no other credit	Total	844	3, 599 ·	30, 676	40.6
facilities.	DealersBrokersCombination 4Other 5	16 140 687 1	31 534 3, 032 2	67 4, 645 25, 963 1	6. 1 37. 0 42. 2 3. 0
Registrants selling securities to customers on partial payment contracts, but extend-	Total	249	647	2, 239	11.6
ing no other credit facilities.	DealersBrokersCombination 4Other 5	74 32 138 5	216 49 360 22	619 169 1, 375 76	11. 3 6 8 12. 6 19. 6
Registrants extending credit facilities to customers, other than through margin	Total	198	838	3, 120	20.0
accounts and through sale of securities on partial payment contracts.	Dealers. Brokers. Combination 4 Other 5	30 8 158 2	153 35 639 11	638 118 2, 338 26	26. 4 19. 1 18. 8 18. 5
Registrants carrying margin accounts for customers and selling securities on partial	Total	49	145	405	11. 2
payment contracts, but extending no other credit facilities.	Dealers Brokers Combination 4 Other 4	0 48	2 0 143 0	0 0 405 0	2.6 0 0 11.4 . 0.0
Registrants extending credit to customers in all forms, except through sale of securi-	Total	90	527	8, 113	96. 0
ties on partial payment contracts.	Dealers Brokers Combination Cother S	14 76	70 457 0	1, 392 6, 721	0. (104. 4 94. 4 0. (
Registrants extending credit to customers in all forms, except through carrying of	Total	40	156	3, 415	89. 3
margin accounts.	Dealers Brokers Combination 4 Other 5	3 26	54 5 97 0	27 4 3, 384 0	7. 4 3 (133. 9 0. (
Registrants extending credit to customers in all forms.	Total	18	47	120	9.3
	Dealers Brokers Combination 4 Other 5	1 17	0 1 46 0	- 0 0 120 0	0. 0 - 1. 0 9. 8 0. 0

1 Domestic registrants only.

³ Includes sole proprietors, partners, directors, officers, trustees, and all other persons occupying a similar osition or performing similar functions.

³ Number of proprietors, partners, officers, etc. plus number of employees, divided by number of regis-

ants.

Brokers and dealers.
Registrants claiming to be neither brokers nor dealers.

Note.—For back data (as of June 30, 1938) see "Selected Statistics on Securities and on Exchange Markets," table 29.

Table 17.—Brokers and dealers registered under Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1984 —Effective registrations as of June 29, 1940, of brokers and dealers engaged in or qualified to engage in the sale of fractional oil and gas royalties and other fractional or undivided interests in oil and gas rights, classified by type of organization and by location of principal office

		Total		Sole	propri ships	etor-	Pa	rtnersh	ips	Cor	poratio	ns ²
Location of principal office 	Num- ber of regis- trants	Number of proprietors, partners, officers, etc.3	Num- ber of em- ploy- ees	Num- ber of regis- trants	Num- ber of pro- prie- tors ³		Num- ber of regis- trants	Num- ber of part- ners, etc. ³		Num- ber of regis- trants	Num- ber of offi- cers, direc- tors, etc.3	Number of employ-ees
Alabama Arizona Arkansas. California Colorado. Connecticut Delaware. District of Columbia. Florida. Georgia ddaho. Illinois. Indiana. Gowa Kansas. Kentucky Louisiana Malne Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Michigan Minnesota Missouri Montana. Nevada Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico. North Carolina. North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon. Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Trexas. Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Washington West Virginia Washington West Virginia	1 1 1 6 50 50 11 1 3 0 22 2 2 1 4 4 2 2 39 9 14 4 4 4 10 0 14 4 4 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 13 244 14 13 0 0 29 12 12 3 3 9 16 6 0 0 0 28 8 8 29 9 0 0 5 5 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 24 27 8 2 2 0 18 8 6 6 2 2 1 19 3 3 2 2 38 8 0 0 8 13 3 3 3 4 4 2 2 167 11 12 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 4 4 27 8 8 2 2 0 0 18 8 6 6 2 2 1 19 3 3 2 2 38 8 0 0 8 18 13 3 3 3 4 4 2 2 167 7 11 12 2 4 0 0 1 11 1 12 2 2 2 2	1 1 0 38 6 6 5 0 188 1 1 0 0 0 17 0 0 0 18 0 5 5 27 0 0 0 24 4 5 80 0 0 0 2 2 137 8 8 366 13 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 2 2 19 3 3 1 1 0 4 4 3 3 0 0 0 5 5 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 7 7 82 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	((113)
Total, excl. New York City New York City	868 138	1, 284 248	1, 680 308	713 91	713 91	559 90	45 7	121 16	202 39	110 40	450 141	91 17
Total, incl. New York City	1, 006	1, 532	1, 988	804	804	649	52	137	241	150	591	1, 09

Domestic registrants only.
 Includes corporations and other forms of organization (except sole proprietorships and partnerships.)
 Includes directors, officers, trustees, and all other persons occupying a similar status or performing similar functions.

Note.—For back data (as of June 30, 1938) see "Selected Statistics on Securities and on Exchange Markets," table 30.

Table 18.—Market value and volume of sales on registered exchanges 1—Grand totals, by exchanges, for the year ended June 30, 1940

	Total	Stoel	rs 2	Вот	ıds ³	Right warr	s and ants
	Market value (thousands of dollars)	Market value (thousands of dallars)	Number of shares (thou- sands)	Market value (thou- sands of dollars)	Principal amount (thou- sands of dollars)	Market value (thou- sands of dol- lars)	Num- ber of units (thou- sands)
Total, all registered ex- changes	13, 469, 385	11, 661, 419	493, 713	1, 801, 052	2, 540, 368	6, 914	4, 478
Baltimore Stock Exchange Boston Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade Chicago Stock Exchange Cincinnati Stock Exchange Cleveland Stock Exchange Detroit Stock Exchange	9, 105 200, 497 88 189, 352 7, 979 12, 508 39, 371	8, 124 200, 004 88 187, 743 7, 901 12, 503 39, 371	560 5, 630 40 8, 698 302 614 3, 934	981 490 0 1, 551 79	2, 807 533 0 1, 257 87 0	0 3 (4) 57 0 (4) 5	0 1 1 51 0
Los Angeles Stock Exchange New Orleans Stock Exchange New York Curb Exchange New York Real Estate Securi- ties Exchange	58, 831 676 1, 158, 544	58, 785 585 819, 316	4, 879 99 59, 606	0 91 335, 327	98, 068 398, 068	46 0 3, 901	187 0 1,565
New York Stock Exchange Philadelphia Stock Exchange Pittsburgh Stock Exchange St. Louis Stock Exchange Salt Lake Stock Exchange	11, 557, 958 92, 626 22, 225 5, 862 1, 641	10, 094, 270 92, 444 22, 200 5, 090 1, 641			2, 133, 364 . 1, 242 23 2, 158	2,856 0 0 14	2, 542 0 0 10
San Francisco Mining Ex- change	173 110, 389	173 110, 218	2, 552 7, 136	140	148	0 31	. 121
Spokane Washington Stock Exchange	284 1, 252	284 679	1, 347 15	573	553	0	0 ن

¹ The rounding off of the monthly figures results in some slight discrepancies between totals contained in this table and totals derived by adding the monthly figures in succeeding tables.
2 "Stock sales" include sales of voting-trust certificates, American depository receipts, and certificates of

4 \$500 or less.

4 "Bond sales" include sales of woring-trust certificates and certificates of deposit for bonds.

4 \$500 or less.

Passbooks, the value of which is included in the total at head of column.

Note.—Value and volume of sales on registered securities exchanges are reported in connection with fees paid under Section 31 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. For most exchanges the figures represent transactions cleared during the calendar month. Figures in this and the other tables differ in some cases from comparable figures in the monthly releases due to revision of data by exchanges. For earlier data see Fifth Annual Report, pp. 222–227; Fourth Annual Report, pp. 166-171; Third Annual Report, insert facing p. 156; Second Annual Report, insert facing p. 116; First Annual Report, pp. 87-91.

TABLE 19.—Market value of all sales. monthly, by exchanges, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive [Thousands of dollars]

			19	39			,		1	940		
· · ·	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feh.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Total, all registered exchanges 1	895, 769	892, 254	2, 622, 905	1, 346, 934	979, 677	892, 789	908, 932	686, 970	734, 949	1, 270, 123	1, 587, 302	650, 78
Baltimore Stock Exchange	623	545	1, 179	723	672	639	806	722	621	831	1, 305	43
Boston Stock Exchange Dicago Board of Trade	13 056	13, 361 10	31, 624 14	17, 521	17, 332	16, 522	13, 916	11, 093	12, 377 13	16, 105	25, 403	12, 1
Chicago Stock Exchange Lincinnati Stock Exchange	14, 402	13, 625	24, 670	20, 003	14, 957	14, 110	15, 215	11, 334	12, 430	16, 172	22, 747	9,6
leveland Stock Exchange	547 645	577 435	619 2, 649	612 1, 266	505 801	499 964	639 842	553 730	603 886	890 1. 055	1, 378 1, 512	5 7
Otroit Stock Exchange	2. 977	2,990	7, 123	3, 789	2, 732	2, 172	2, 456	2, 287	2, 947	3, 349	4, 441	2, 1
os Angeles Stock Exchange	4,066	3,850	10,050	4, 899	4, 495	3, 476	3, 821	3, 290	3. 937	6, 080	7, 562	3, 2
ew Orleans Stock Exchange	60	32	209	54	35	58	37	61	38	38	39	
lew York Curb Exchange lew York Real Estate Securities Exchange	79, 592	83, 373	149, 197	100, 886	91, 621	90, 500	100, 573	73, 441	76, 145	129, 228	134, 989	49.0
lew York Stock Exchange	765, 226	758, 619	2, 353, 819	1, 176, 848	829, 485	747, 604	754, 094	569, 735	609, 634	1, 073, 067	1, 358, 225	561. 6
hiladelphia Stock Exchange	5, 829	6, 485	15, 378	9, 370	7, 025	6, 504	7. 767	5, 701	5, 593	7. 574	10, 567	4, 8
ittsburgh Stock Exchange	1 475	1, 211	5, 504	2, 240	1,666	1, 386	1, 244	1,009	1,081	1, 657	2, 689	i,à
t. Louis Stock Exchange alt Lake Stock Exchange	. 304	246	733	0 485	662	442	404	547	485	626	724	'2
alt Lake Stock Exchange	. 97	55	331		75	47	60	117	148	335	211	
an Francisco Mining Exchange an Francisco Stock Exchange	6.756	15	15	10	11	, 20	15	10	15	19	22	١.,
tandard Stock Exchange of Spokane.	16	6,715	19, 655 97	7, 977	7, 457 15	7,706	6, 873 25	6, 242 16	7, 897.	12,946	15, 304 23	4,8
Washington Stock Exchange	54	89	38	131	126	123	138	76	91	121	149	1

¹ Includes passbook sales, totaling 5 thousand dollars from July to October 1939, after which trading in passbooks was suspended.

² \$500 or less.

Table 20.—Market value of stock sales, monthly, by exchanges, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive [Thousands of dollars]

			19	39					;	1940		
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Total all registered exchanges	774, 191	769, 265	2, 204, 881	1, 184, 233	843, 895	767, 062	774, 382	582, 515	631, 842	1, 133, 310	1, 435, 589	560, 25
Baltimore Stock Exchange Boston Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade Chicago Stock Exchange Cincinnati Stock Exchange Cleveland Stock Exchange Detroit Stock Exchange Los Angeles Stock Exchange New Orleans Stock Exchange New York Curb Exchange New York Curb Exchange New York Real Estate Securities Exchange New York Stock Exchange Philadelphia Stock Exchange Pittsburgh Stock Exchange St. Louis Stock Exchange Sal Lake Stock Exchange San Francisco Mining Exchange San Francisco Mining Exchange	12, 966 9 14, 264 547 643 2, 977 4, 088 29 46, 394 0 677, 292 5, 813 1, 474 262 97	498 13, 264 10 13, 465 568 434 2, 990 3, 850 20 49, 975 0 669, 431 6, 472 1, 206 222 55 15	1, 132 31, 607 14 24, 648 618 2, 647 7, 123 10, 046 0 115, 586 0 1, 969, 582 15, 340 5, 504 702 331 15	661 17, 508 5 19, 569 008 1, 265 3, 789 4, 899 4, 899 70, 784 0 1, 044, 901 9, 335 2, 240 423 100	17, 323 14, 888 505 801 2, 732 4, 493 35 62, 553 0 723, 386 7, 010 1, 658 396 11	16, 592 16, 511 13, 855 498 964 2, 172 3, 476 53 63, 938 0 648, 941 6, 472 1, 385 372 20	671 13, 875 7 14, 883 627 842 2, 456 3, 820 29 67, 927 0 652, 915 7, 746 1, 236 309 15	633 11, 053 7 11, 288 545 730 2, 287 3, 265 45 52, 186 0 486, 918 5, 689 1, 009 482 117	12, 342 13, 12, 427 591 886 2, 947 3, 925 33 55, 241 0 527, 688 5, 593 1, 081 458 148	748 16, 024 8 16, 057 869 1, 055 3, 349 6, 079 0 964, 608 7, 574 1, 657 592 335	1, 186 25, 370 4 22, 712 1, 367 1, 512 4, 441 7, 562 33 100, 333 0 1, 241, 492 10, 567 2, 689 685 281 211 222	37, 12, 16 9, 68 55, 72 2, 10 3, 28 1, 33, 10 487, 11 4, 83 1, 06 6, 6 4, 86
San Francisco Stock Exchange Standard Stock Exchange of Spokane Washington Stock Exchange	6, 747 16 32	6, 706 18 65	19, 652 97 31	7, 975 17 93	7, 416 15 34	7, 706 9 44	6, 868 25 70	6, 188 16 46	7, 876 9 32	12, 937 22 50	15, 287 23 94	4, 8

TABLE 21.—Volume of stock sales, monthly, by exchanges, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive [Thousands of shares]

			193	19	•				194	10		
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec	Jan.	Feh.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Total all registered exchanges	30, 892	31, 315	92, 271	43, 284	35, 252	31, 238	31, 644	24, 978	28, 439	50, 802	68, 229	25, 370
Baltimore Stock Exchange Boston Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade Chicago Stock Exchange Cincinnati Stock Exchange Cincinnati Stock Exchange Cleveland Stock Exchange Detroit Stock Exchange Los Angeles Stock Exchange New Orleans Stock Exchange New York Curb Exchange New York Real Estate Securities Exchange New York Stock Exchange Philadelphia Stock Exchange Pittsburgh Stock Exchange St. Louis Stock Exchange St. Louis Stock Exchange Salt Lake Stock Exchange San Francisco Mining Exchange	33 209 334 4 3,042 24,519 263 79 17 617 212	32 354 4 612 17 24 210 338 3 3,425 50 24,554 294 87 13 468	78 946 5 1, 286 1, 286 768 568 40 9, 281 0 75, 192 650 269 45 1, 023 359	39 481 3 783 25 51 320 327 10 4, 642 . 0 34, 998 365 103 374 188	35 497 2 675 20 47 320 368 5 4, 245 27, 445 362 97 23 393 179	58 491 2 746 21 49 246 321 8 4,637 23,091 355 103 37 332 200	58 372 3 612 24 38 212 325 3 4, 239 0 24, 141 346 86 86 199	39 289 3 513 21 40 249 286 8 3,508 3,508 18,541 242 70 35 469 142	44 334 7 560 22 44 375 376 6 4, 103 20, 510 20, 510 278 95 31 815 228	46 474 6 . 766 34 55 387 647 5 7, 282 0 37, 599 3,66 151 28 1, 771 240	64 739 2 1, 063 52 78 450 728 5 8, 493 5 53, 543 210 40 904	26 321 1 399 21 36 186 260 2 2, 708 0 20, 107 208 72 14 433
San Francisco Stock Exchange Standard Stock Exchange of Spokane Washington Stock Exchange	417	397 150 1	1, 251 361 1	427 114 1	483 53 ₁1	488 52 2	400 118 1	411 110 1	544 64 1	840 104 2	1, 095 85 2	38 6

^{1 500} shares or less.

Table 22.—Market value of bond sales, monthly, by exchanges, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive [Thousands of dollars]

			193	39		ĺ			19	40		
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
Total all registered exchanges	121, 420	122, 908	417, 429	162, 275	135, 515	125, 631	134, 462	103, 351	102, 858	135, 784	149, 103	90, 31
altimore Stock Exchange	95	47	47 17	62	111	47	135	89 40	85 35	83 81	119 30	6
Soston Stock Exchange	90	97 0	17	13	0	11	0	0	30	0	0	2
hicago Stock Exchange	136	160	22	411	37	254	332	46	.3	115	35	(
incinnati Stock Exchange	0	9	1 1	5	0	1	11	7	11	21	11	
eleveland Stock Exchange	ň	ň	ŏ	Ň	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	
New Orleans Stock Exchange	31	ıĭ	ı ă	2	ŏ	5	ğ	17	5	1	6	
New York Curb Exchange	33, 141	33, 318	33, 032	29, 749	28, 944	26, 466	32, 560	21, 207	20, 760	26, 910	33, 556	15, 68
lew York Real Estate Securities Exchange	87, 837	0 100	384, 237	131, 901	105, 994	98, 662	101, 179	81, 807	81,857	108, 459	115, 226	74, 48
New York Stock ExchangePhiladelphia Stock Exchange		89, 189 13	38	35	105, 994	32	20	11	01,007	0	110, 220	12, 20
Pittsburgh Stock Exchange.	1	6	l õ l	ő	9	1	8	0	õ	Ō	ō l	
t. Louis Stock Exchange	42	23	22	59	265	69	95	64	27	34	39	1
an Francisco Stock ExchangeVashington Stock Exchange	9 22	9 24	1 1	1 37	40 92	70	69	35 29	15 59	70	16 55	2

^{1 \$500} or less.

Table 23.—Principal amount of bond sales, monthly, by exchanges, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive [Thousands of dollars]

			19	39					19	4 0		,
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
Total all registered exchanges.	162, 425	159, 770	498, 100	229, 653	193, 891	206, 047	208, 518	153, 589	163, 222	210, 816	219, 740	134, 597
Baltimore Stock Exchange Boston Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade Chicago Stock Exchange Cincinnati Stock Exchange Cleveland Stock Exchange Los Angeles Stock Exchange New Orleans Stock Exchange New York Curb Exchange New York Real Estate Securities Exchange New York Rose Exchange Philadelphia Stock Exchange Philadelphia Stock Exchange St. Louis Stock Exchange St. Louis Stock Exchange St. Louis Stock Exchange St. Francisco Stock Exchange Washington Stock Exchange	0 30 37, 692 1 123, 949	158 107 0 133 111 0 0 111 38,002 0 121,165 73 74 10	167 24 0 20 1 0 0 437,741 459,821 248 0 66 1 7	208 .14 .0 .343 .5 .0 .0 .2 .34,416 .0 .194,212 .227 .0 .195 .(1)	358 10 0 30 0 0 0 33, 118 0 159, 374 126 8 737 93	136 12 0 198 198 1 0 4 31, 185 5 173, 971 188 0 81	413 44 00 262 13 0 8 41, 183 0 166, 112 165 7 240 4 68	236 44 0 36 8 0 0 16 25,589 0 127,344 8 0 166 36 29	213 36 0 2 12 0 0 5 26, 972 0 135, 832 0 70 70 23 58	228 83 0 90 23 0 0 133, 228 0 176, 998 0 98 7 62	211 31 0 30 12 0 0 6 39, 273 14 179, 936 0 0 159 16 53	158 30 0 0 1 0 0 0 19, 671 114, 651 0 1 31 1 29

^{1 \$500} or less.

Table 24.—Market value of right and warrant sales, monthly, by exchanges, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive [Thousands of dollars]

			1939	9						1940		
	July	Aug	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Total all registered exchanges	158	81	595	426	267	97	88	1, 104	250	1, 029	2, 611	208
Boston Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade Chicago Stock Exchange Cleveland Stock Exchange Los Angeles Stock Exchange New York Curb Exchange New York Stock Exchange St. Louis Stock Exchange San Francisco Stock Exchange	(2) (2) 2 1 2 (2) 57 97 (2) (2)	(2) 0 11 (2) 79 0 (2) (2)	0 (2) 0 1 2 4 579 0 8 2	0 (2) 23 (2) (2) (2) 353 47 2 1	(2) 32 0 3 125 106 (7) 1	(2) 0 0 0 96 1 (2) 0	(2) (0 0 2 86 0 (2) (3)	0 0 0 25 48 1,011 (3)	0 0 0 12 143 89 1 6	0 0 0 1 1,027 0 1	3 0 0 0 (2) 1,100 1,507 (2) (2)	0 0 0 0 0 208 0 (2)

¹ Passbooks, the value of which is included in the totals at head of columns.

² \$500 or less.

Table 25.—Volume of right and warrant sales, monthly, by exchanges, from July 1939 to June 1940, inclusive [Thousands of units]

			19	39			; ;		, 19	40	•••	
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	. Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Total all registered exchanges.	562	. 77	193	157	174	208	68	1, 117	279	300	1. 264	8
Boston Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade. Chicago Stock Exchange Los Angeles Stock Exchange. New York Curb Exchange. New York Stock Exchange. St. Louis Stock Exchange. San Francisco Stock Exchange.	(1) (1) 12 (1) 52 497 (1)	(1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 76 0 (1)	(1) 0 2 185 0 5	(1) 16 (1) 107 31 2 1	(1) 222 1 78 71 (1)	(1) 0 0 121 84 (1) 0	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) 0 115 90 826 (1) 85	(1) (1) (3) 125 58 1 32	(1) (0 (1) 298 0 1	1 0 0 (4) 287 975 (1) 1	(¹)

^{1 500} units or less. 4.

Table 26.—Round-lot stock transactions 1 on the New York Stock Exchange for accounts of members and nonmembers, by weeks, June 26, 1939–June 29, 1940

[Thousands of shares]

	'													 -		,	
Week ended Satur-	All round	l-lot sales	Transact	ks in which	pecialists they are	Transacti	ons for the s of specia dealers	odd-lot	Other tra	nsactions in the floo	initiated	Other tra	nsactions	initiated or		ot transact of nonn	
day	; m.4-1	Ob	Pur-	Sa	les	Pur-	Sal	es	Pur-	Sa	les	Pur-	s	ales	Pur-	· Sa	iles
	Total	Short 3	chases	Total	Short 3	chases	Total	Short 3	chases	Total	Short 3	chases	Total	Short 3	chases	Total	Short 3
1939 July 1 8 15 222 29 Aug. 5 19 26 Sept. 2 9 16 23 . 30 Oct. 7 14 21 18 8 Nov. 4 11 18 25 Dec. 2 9 16 23 30 30	3, 365 1, 550 3, 580 8, 222 5, 518 4, 597 3, 280 3, 659 5, 427 6, 334 19, 119 10, 522 9, 616 6, 034 3, 385 5, 77, 700 7, 524 5, 445 4, 257 4, 227 4, 219 4, 219 5, 319 4, 219 4, 219 5, 319 5,	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	291 143 398 964 608 531 346 641 761 2, 252 2, 130 1, 239 1, 067 7700 383 762 795 786 509 416 435 450 384 458	341 168 362 914 628 512 376 397 684 828 2.255 2.069 1,258 747 770 7522 463 304 411 430 423 423 423	(1) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (8) (9) (9) (9) (13) 116 126 71 67 43 43 43 45 45	100 67 113 169 114 100 113 122 171 143 555 504 4 162 101 171 223 254 191 123 124 191 123 132 132 138 138	125 43 114 241 165 138 93 127 154 -317 380 253 214 141 141 129 93 131 128 132 137 157	SEESESESESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSE	130 222 568 564 314 177 210 284 422 943 1, 121 696 352 216 530 380 317 1.52 202 221 218 530 202 218 202 218 202 218 202 218 202	193 108 176 518 500 310 173 214 313 41, 002 1, 120 689 699 209 488 581 363 292 166 214 214 214 200 131 147	(1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (2) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	102 51 105 247 182 156 100 113 140 163 3569 582 331 266 143 181 181 197 131 132 87 176 197 131 145 146 178	159 95 201 360 228 196 110 126 194 223 732 298 210 111 216 266 249 159 166 141 142 166 191	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (5) (7) 108 533 19 11 220 226 18 8 9 17 16 20 20 224	2. 742 1, 274 2, 742 6, 274 4, 191 4, 191 4, 191 4, 195 5, 15, 053 14, 785 7, 363 7, 363 14, 785 5, 976 5, 695 4, 234 3, 229 2, 3, 695 3, 243 3, 364 3, 364 3, 364 3, 364 3, 364 3, 364 3, 364	2, 547 1, 136 2, 727 6, 189 3, 441 2, 528 4, 109 4, 109 4, 109 4, 109 7, 458 7, 999 7, 458 4, 572 5, 186 15, 784 3, 207 2, 207 2, 207 3, 203 3, 281 3, 653 3, 466 4, 966	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26.—Round-lot stock transactions on the New York Stock Exchange for accounts of members and nonmembers, by weeks, June 26, 1939—June 29, 1940—Continued

[Thousands of shares]

						Round	-lot transa	ctions for	account o	f member	'S						
Week ended Satur-	All round	l-lot sales	Transact in stock register	ts in which	pecialists they are	Transactio account odd-lot	ons for the ts of specia dealers	odd-lot lists and		nsactions n the floo			nsactions ff the floo			ot transac t of nonm	
day			n	Sa	les	Pur-	. Sal	es	Pur-	Sale	28	Pur-	Sa	les	Pur-	Sa	les
	Total	Short,	Pur- chases	Total	Short 8	chases	Total	Short3	chases	Total	Short3	chases	Total	Short 3	chases	Total	Short3
1940 Jan. 6 13 20 27 Feb. 3 17 14 Mar. 2 9 16 23 30 Apr. 6 13 30 Apr. 6 13 13 27 May 4 11 18 15 June 1 8 15 22 29	3, 808 4, 633 3, 662 3, 377 3, 205 4, 091 3, 363 3, 296 3, 916 4, 486 3, 076 8, 028 7, 544 7, 382 4, 963 4,	119 134 146 129 94 125 119 92 86 100 91 109 161 200 228 82221 160 132 155 529 369 196 137 397 202 202 182	381 470 360 333 249 422 343 319 285 366 603 521 789 754 695 504 424 581 2,016 1,207 433 273 750 492 492 493 493 493 493 493 493 493 493 493 493	463 494 350 322 259 422 311 327 274 359 415 279 464 758 796 7724 410 406 583 2,050 1,263 455 297 769 467	60 56 722 49 36 56 50 40 41 38 61 61 86 99 98 75 55 68 23 11 18 90 60 167 60	154 176 114 109 104 129 97 108 113 1122 109 79 151 219 166 188 143 395 488 190 166 227 124	103 114 105 100 97 129 94 106 112 131 145 93 148 209 150 147 122 119 158 416 173 47 44 47 47	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	247 324 251 257 273 273 271 295 242 297 248 585 680 67 429 312 438 1, 037 429 404 404 405 256	302 306 220 237 244 268 279 305 282 296 241 474 472 314 480 1, 223 480 1, 223 314 483 347 337 317	18 13 23 21 13 32 20 20 20 12 21 12 22 22 22 34 58 8 33 123 123 124 22 26 26 108 46 46 42	113 132 89 89 118 103 105 140 140 153 102 165 265 265 200 186 146 126 178 529 368 108 89 171 111 171	189 157 118 144 148 155 161 161 164 109 179 320 296 239 181 170 225 544 351 100 79 164 143 125	222 188 9 144 111 113 119 166 133 100 103 111 211 222 225 25 388 39 - 177 111 121 121 122 125 125 125 125 125 125	2, 913 3, 531 2, 885 2, 589 2, 490 3, 151 2, 524 2, 628 3, 016 3, 524 2, 384 8, 675 5, 626 3, 741 9, 745 5, 745 5, 745 5, 745 6, 745 5, 745 6,	2, 751 3, 562 2, 869 2, 574 2, 573 3, 117 2, 534 2, 558 3, 467 2, 354 4, 005 6, 101 5, 551 3, 721 3, 721 4, 418 4, 678 8, 779 2, 879 2,	16 47 42 45 34 36 30 24 25 20 28 36 57 59 53 37 29 29 137 40 100 60

¹ Round-lot transactions are transactions in the unit of trading or multiples thereof; the unit of trading on the New York Stock Exchange is 100 shares for most stocks, and 10 shares The term "members" includes all members, their firms, and their partners.

The term "members" includes all members, their firms, and their partners.

Round-lot short sales which are exempted from restriction by the Commission's rules are not included in these figures.

Accurate data on round-lot short sales on the New York Stock Exchange are not available prior to the week ended September 9, 1939.

5 500 shares or less.

Table 27.—Round-lot and odd-lot stock transactions on the New York Curb Exchange for accounts of members and nonmembers, by weeks, June 26, 1939-June 29, 1940

[Thousands of shares]

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						·							
	, .			•	Round-lot	transactio	ns for acco	unt of me	mbers 2			<i>:</i> .	. , '	:			•
Week ended Satur-	All roun	d-lot sales	Transact stocks register	ions of spe in which ed ?	cialists in they are		nsactions on the floor		Other 1	transaction d off the f	ns initi- loor		ot transact of nonm			transaction t of custor	ons for ac- mers 3
day	Total	Short 4	Pur-	Sa	les	Pur-	Sal	es	Pur-	Sa	les	Pur-	Sa	les	Pur-	Sa	ales
	10tai	SHOPL	chases	Total	Short 4	chases	Total	Short 4	chases	Total	Short 4	chases	Total	Short 4	chases	Total	Short 4
1939													٠.			_ _	
July 1 8 15 22 29 29 26 Sept. 2 9 16 23 30 Oct. 7 14 28 Nov. 4 11 18 25	572 260 525 990 842 881 - 531 563 748 747 2,973 2,631 1,328 1,287 902 572 996 1,194 1,232 780 790 674	© @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @	55 24 60 126 91 103 61 68 100 115 398 346 163 163 112 71 110 132 124 76 99 58	100 39 73 136 126 122 94 84 115 123 437 370 192 183 139 83 136 160 147 108	999999999999999999999999999999999999999	8 4 13 49 47 44 15 22 25 34 83 101 49 56 30 18 48 35 47 21 23	12 4 4 111 11 49 444 448 166 23 277 34 485 999 550 32 215 - 366 369 377 22 20 16	030003000000000000000000000000000000000	17 6 18 27 36 35 12 14 16 17 81 17 81 29 29 22 18 31 32 18 30 30 27	16 6 13 24 24 21 19 11 19 13 35 35 10 22 31 15 20 19	()	492 226 434 788 668 699 9443 459 607 581 2,411 2,108 1,087 1,039 738 465 807 93 1,029 665 638 574	444 211 428 781 651 692 410 447 593 2, 159 1, 049 1, 049 1, 049 797 960 1, 025 635 644	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	33 17 246 413 32 32 42 43 169 59 69 52 52 52 53 41	577 277 464 688 688 688 444 488 556 587 1002 1000 1002 1003 1005 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Dec. 2 9 16 23 30	854 896 1,000 1,002 1,283	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	84 79 89 88 117	107 114 124 101 130	(8) (5) (5) (5) (5)	30 25 19 18 31	29 23 19 12 21	(5) (6) (5) (5) (6)	30 40 40 40 47	26 28 38 33 32	(5) (5) (6) (6) (5)	710 752 852 856 1,088	692 731 819 856 1,100	(5) (5) (5) (6) (5)	41 39 41 41 48	73 92 92 82 97	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (8)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27.—Round-lot and odd-lot stock transactions 1 on the New York Curb Exchange for accounts of members and nonmembers, by weeks, June 26, 1939-June 29, 1940—Continued

[Thousands of shares] Round-lot transactions for account of members 2 Round-lot transactions for Odd-lot transactions for ac-Transactions of specialists in All round-lot sales Other transactions initiated Other transactions initiaccount of nonmembers count of customers 3 Week stocks in which they are on the floor ated off the floor ended registered 3 Saturday Sales Sales Sales ' Sales Sales Pur-Pur-Pur-Pur-Pur-Short 4 Total chases chases chasès chases chases Total Total Short 4 Total Short 4 Total Short 4 Total Short 4 Short 4 24 13 23 16 (5) (5) $\frac{43}{67}$ (5) 92 (b) (5) Jan. 23 30 23 30 25 (6) (6) 72 59 99 Feb. 30 25 29 21 23 21 27 18 35 Mar. 70 28 88 41 70 97 80 1,024 1.040 78 1.319 75 1, 263 1, 191 1,546 Apr. 55 1,099 1.028 1,373 33 37 27 38 87 61 1, 180 1, 210 - 20 1.554 51 1, 165 39 May 1,096 (6) 1, 129 2, 296 7 2, 273 2.878 19 1,417 1:414 1.771 (5) June O 30 $\bar{28}$

The term "members" includes all regular and associate members, their firms, and their partners.

fraction of the odd-lot transactions are effected by dealers engaged solely in the odd-lot business. As a result, the round-lot transactions of specialists in stocks in which they

are registered are not directly comparable on the 2 exchanges.

4 Short sales which are exempted from restriction by the Commission's and Exchange's rules are not included in these figures.

Accurate data on short sales on the New York Curb Exchange are not available prior to week ended Jan. 13, 1940.

6 500 shares or less.

Note.-For earlier data see the Fifth Annual Report of the Commission, p. 230, the Fourth Annual Report, p. 164, and the Third Annual Report, p. 154.

¹ Round-lot transactions are transactions in the unit of trading or multiples thereof while odd-lot transactions are transactions less than the unit of trading. The unit of trading on the New York Curb Exchange is not the same in all stocks, ranging from 10 to 100 shares. Transactions in rights and warrants are not included in these data, although ticker volumes for the New York Curb Exchange include such transactions.

³ On the New York Curb Exchange, odd-lot transactions are handled solely by specialists in the stocks in which they are registered and the round-lot transactions of specialists resulting from such odd-lot transactions are not segregated from the specialists' cother round-lot trades. On the New York Stock Exchange, on the other hand, all but a

Table 28.—Odd-lot stock transactions on the New York Stock Exchange for odd-lot account of odd-lot dealers and specialists, by weeks, June 26, 1939-June 29, 1940

	Purchases	by customer and speciali	s from dealers sts		Sales by cu	stomers to de specialists	alers and	
Week ended	Number	Shares	Dollar		Total		Custome sal	rs' short
	of orders	Shares	value	Number of orders	Shares	Dollar value	Number of orders	Shares
1939								
July 1 8 1 22 22 29 Aug. 5 26 12 12 12 16 26 29 Sept. 2 9 16 23 30 Oct. 7 7 7 12 12 18 Nov. 4 11 12 25 Dec. 2	19, 335 9, 967 17, 616 33, 127 22, 143 20, 582 18, 570 18, 646 29, 015 29, 081 90, 380 89, 688 52, 085 40, 961 17, 866 29, 930 35, 228 35, 962 27, 255 20, 768 16, 481 20, 530	519, 881 255, 761 482, 108 959, 660 630, 383 559, 625 496, 377 793, 167 793, 167 809, 422 2, 537, 781 2, 502, 464 1, 450, 210 1, 159, 664 831, 371 489, 080 848, 027 1, 009, 053 1, 005, 678 753, 502 567, 263 446, 108 545, 605	18, 459, 608 10, 640, 474 19, 002, 789 34, 808, 287 22, 117, 618 87, 119, 464 87, 127, 127, 128 83, 181, 143 83, 181, 143 83, 181, 143 83, 181, 143 83, 181, 143 83, 181, 143 83, 181, 143 84, 493, 427 87, 388 84, 493, 427 84, 740, 620 82, 313, 103 17, 006, 283 17, 006, 283 19, 262, 007	20, 475 10, 040 20, 347 40, 343 26, 403 23, 519 16, 862 18, 864 27, 143 30, 354 80, 943 87, 318 44, 076 30, 763 30, 763 30, 763 30, 763 30, 763 30, 763 30, 763 31, 707 26, 664 23, 319 18, 829 22, 679	507, 450 222, 109 489, 057 1, 063, 530 684, 407 582, 802 429, 434 489, 636 745, 569 828, 710 2, 259, 643 2, 377, 216 11, 443, 506 11, 185, 444 801, 954 498, 107 874, 201 929, 149 879, 789 709, 464 572, 676 465, 776	17, 014, 437 7, 619, 688 17, 167, 385 36, 486, 945 22, 388, 846 22, 388, 846 44, 777, 234 42, 908, 932 26, 341, 367 79, 818, 907 79, 818, 907 79, 451, 529 29, 435, 618 18, 588, 264 31, 934, 515 529 27, 257, 347 21, 1015, 529 19, 508, 744 15, 789, 387	815 442 634 1,073 559 545 444 558 809 956 1,377 1,128 954 731 460 544 488 575 404 387 235 453	21, 447 10, 643 16, 798 20, 118 12, 294 11, 889 16, 580 25, 019 28, 598 37, 687 37, 988 33, 324 25, 539 19, 268 11, 922 14, 068 11, 084 17, 611 10, 808 9, 677 6, 986 6, 11, 935
9 16 23 30	19, 821 20, 605 19, 473 23, 619	544, 463 572, 906 546, 253 667, 472	21, 469, 359 22, 789, 907 22, 728, 169 25, 421, 793	21, 316 23, 066 22, 525 22, 995	528, 546 569, 996 555, 772 620, 111	18, 227, 622 19, 768, 178 19, 021, 983 19, 612, 406	344 281 104 218	9, 182 6, 975 3, 222 4, 574
Jan. 6 13 20 27 Feb. 3 11 23 20 27 May 4 11 25 June 15 15 22 29	20, 211 24, 119 18, 970 16, 257 15, 600 19, 657 14, 578 16, 454 15, 993 18, 455 19, 824 15, 675 23, 459 32, 450 29, 641 30, 825 22, 368 19, 755 25, 872 89, 439 66, 710 26, 689 18, 491 29, 848 18, 400 17, 540	542, 580 648, 952 501, 925 438, 264 415, 264 415, 264 417, 397, 575 452, 006 428, 771 495, 695 543, 228 418, 114 643, 106 908, 145 846, 896 860, 423 626, 491 542, 416 711, 384 2, 402, 462 1, 703, 466 644, 426 644, 426 452, 984 804, 468 496, 601 485, 712	21, 140, 577 26, 045, 214 19, 738, 911 17, 432, 544 16, 725, 523 16, 908, 249 12, 0014, 945 15, 580, 192 20, 014, 945 15, 580, 192 20, 014, 945 15, 580, 192 23, 191, 386 23, 191, 386 24, 412, 322 28, 142, 322 28, 142, 322 28, 142, 322 28, 186, 529 412, 320 28, 142, 332 19, 258, 367 19, 258,	18, 595 23, 370 18, 759 18, 179 17, 014 22, 122 16, 467 18, 106 17, 806 21, 064 22, 954 16, 878 34, 827 31, 087 29, 994 24, 236 22, 319 27, 373 80, 414 47, 064 17, 105 12, 380 23, 855 16, 440	453, 918 598, 808 483, 735 438, 875 412, 617 538, 635 411, 646 450, 148 424, 772 507, 7475 586, 043 413, 513 638, 926 911, 916 820, 755 808, 861 616, 423 549, 307 705, 043 413, 54, 318 467, 476 325, 713 667, 750 442, 999 442, 848	15, 937, 615 21, 108, 631 21, 108, 631 15, 169, 475 13, 722, 984 13, 244, 739 14, 008, 411 13, 696, 283 16, 457, 403 13, 696, 283 16, 450, 363 13, 696, 283 16, 450, 363 13, 673, 685 29, 449, 882 26, 364, 133 25, 877, 414 20, 056, 841 20, 056, 841 20, 056, 841 20, 056, 841 20, 056, 841 20, 056, 841 20, 057, 635 24, 528, 521 47, 636, 278 36, 319, 752 14, 009, 067 14, 037, 535 13, 690, 531 14, 033, 723	198 365 488 324 424 325 215 185 345 266 343 353 465 448 376 439 471 335 968 882 459 328 870 543	5, 470 12, 115 13, 586 9, 465 11, 032 8, 250 7, 079 6, 024 7, 509 -7, 002 10, 130 9, 869 12, 041 12, 697 11, 099 13, 031 10, 168 7, 655 9, 392 32; 112 25, 553 13, 731 8, 901 26, 019 16, 044 14, 547

¹ Short sales which are exempt from restriction by the Commission's and Exchange's rules are not included in these figures.

NOTE.—For earlier data see Fifth Annual Report, p. 232 and "Selected Statistics on Securities and on Exchange Markets," table 66.

Table 29.—Basic forms used by issuers in registering securities on national securities exchanges and, for each form, the number of securities registered and issuers involved as of June 30, 1939, and June 30, 1940

		As of Jun	e 30, 1939	As of Jun	e 30, 1940
Form	Description	Securi- ties regis- tered	Issuers in- volved	Securi- ties regis- tered	Issuers in- volved
7 10 11 12	Provisional registration form	2, 742 24	1, 842 13	2, 660 25	1,796 14
12-A	Section 219 of the Communications Act of 1934. Issuers in receivership or bankruptcy and making annual reports under Section 20 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, or under Section 219 of	674	182	667	183
13	the Communications Act of 1934. Insurance companies other than life and title insurance	115	25	115	25
13	companies	15	15	. 15	15
. 14	Certificates of deposit issued by a committee	61	29	46	30
15	Incorporated investment companies	97	58	94	57
16	Voting trust certificates and underlying securities	- 36	30	33	27
17	Unincorporated issuers engaged primarily in the business of investing or trading in securities	9	- 6	10	7
18 19	Foreign governments and political subdivisions there- of	201	85	203	86
15	and for the underlying segurities	12	13	11	. 10
20	Securities other than bonds of foreign private issuers.		1	. 2	i
21	Honds of foreign private issuers	87	54	. 89	50
22	Securities of issuers reorganized in insolvency pro- ceedings or their successors	93	47	. 91	47
23	Securities of successor issuers other than those succeed- ing insolvent issuers	. 79	52	89	58
24	Bank holding companies	4	4	4	4
	Total Total	4, 252	1 2, 455	4, 158	1 2, 414

¹ Includes 6 issuers having securities registered on 2 basic forms.

Table 30.—Classification, by industries, of issuers having securities registered on national securities exchanges as of June 30, 1939, and June 30, 1940

	Number	of issuers
Industry	As of June 30, 1939	As of June 30, 1940
Transportation and communication (railroads, telephone, etc.) Mining, other than coal Machinery and tools Transportation equipment (automobiles, aircraft, parts, accessories, etc.) Merchandising (chain stores, department stores, etc.) Merchandising (chain stores, department stores, etc.) Financial and investment (investment trust, fire insurance, etc.) Food and related products Utility operating (electric, gas, and water) Miscellaneous manufacturing Oil and gas wells Building and related companies (including construction and lumber) Chemicals and allied products Beverages (breweries, distilleries, etc.) Textiles and their products Services (including advertising, amusements, hotels, etc.) Iron and steel (excluding machinery) Utility holding (electric, gas, and water) Oil refining and distributing Paper and paper products Rubber and leather products (tires, shoes, etc.) Coal mining Printing, publishing, and allied products. Real estate Tobacco products Agriculture Utility operating-holding (electric, gas, and water) Miscellaneous domestic companies Foreign private issuers, other than Canadian and Cuban Foreign governments and political subdivisions	270 209 163 166 137 103 92 84 81 79 75 58 55 52 41 35 27 26 24 21 17 20 16	258 2004 166 163 137 101 87 78 75 75 56 56 56 56 50
Total	2, 449	2, 408

Table 31.—Number of securities, separately for stocks and bonds, classified according to basis for admission to dealing, on all exchanges as of June 30, 1940. (The number of shares of stock and the principal amount of bonds are shown for securities other than those admitted to unlisted trading privileges)

STOCKS

		Column I	1	Column II ²					
Basis of admission to dealing	Issues	Number of shares listed	Number of shares author- ized for addi- tion to list	Issues	Number of shares listed	Number of shares author- ized for addi- tion to list			
Registered	3 2, 747	2, 356, 978, 835	216, 848, 691	3 2,747	2, 356, 978, 835	216, 848, 691			
Temporarily exempted from registration	ē 51	10, 184, 533	1, 177, 379	⁶ 51	10, 184, 533	1, 177, 379			
Listed on exempted exchanges	138	34, 702, 530	192, 327	184	104, 223, 357	2,072,531			
Admitted to unlisted trading privileges on national exchanges Admitted to unlisted	607		•	1, 194	· 				
trading privileges on exempted exchanges.	67	,		92	-				
Total	3,610	2, 401, 665, 898	218, 218, 397			-11			

BONDS

Basis for admission to dealing	Issues	Principal amount listed	Principal amount au- thorized for addition to list	Issues	Principal amount listed	Principal amount au- thorized for addition to list
Registered	4 1, 411	\$23, 615, 242, 425	\$1, 126, 408, 852	4 1, 411	\$23, 615, 242, 425	\$1, 126, 408, 852
Temporarily exempted from registration	5 41	617, 771, 897	55, 320, 200	8 41	617, 771, 897	55, 320, 200
Listed on exempted exchanges	. 11	14, 748, 500	0	11	14, 748, 500	0
trading privileges on national exchanges Admitted to unlisted	308			340		
trading privileges on exempted exchanges	3			. 3		
Total	1,774	24, 247, 762, 822	1, 181, 729, 052			

¹ Duplications in this column have been eliminated both as to exchanges and bases for admission to dealing, e. g., if a security is registered on more than one national securities exchange, listed on an exempted exchange and also unlisted on another national securities exchange, it is counted only once under "Registered." Thus, the totals for this column are the totals of securities admitted to trading on all exchanges after elimination of all duplications.

¹ Duplications in this column have been eliminated only as to exchanges, e. g., if a security is listed on more than one exempted exchange, it is counted only once under such status.

¹ Including 1 stock issue in pounds sterling in the amount of £545,903 listed. This amount is excluded from the number of shares shown above.

⁴ Includes 9 bond issues in pounds sterling and 2 bond issues in French francs in the amounts of £37,060,680 and 65,353,680 French francs listed. These amounts are excluded from the principal amount in dollars shown above.

⁵ Includes certain securities resulting from modifications of previously listed securities, securities of certain

^b Includes certain securities resulting from modifications of previously listed securities, securities of certain banks, and securities of certain issuers in bankrutcy or receivership or in the process of reorganization under the Bankruptcy Act. These securities have been temporarily exempted from the operation of Section 12 (a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 upon specified terms and conditions and for stated periods pursuant to rules and regulations of the Commission.

Table 32.—Number of securities, separately for stocks and bonds, registered and admitted to unlisted trading privileges on one, or more than one, national securities exchange as of June 30, 1940

. STOCKS		•						
Classification	(Se	e foot		or exp headi		ion of	colum	ın
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Total stock issues registered 2,747 Total stock issues admitted to unlisted trading privileges on national exchanges 1, 194	1, 840	0 607	344	0 24	271 271	146 146	62 62	84 84
BONDS					•			
Total bond issues registered 1,411 Total bond issues admitted to unlisted trading privileges on national exchanges 340	1, 243 0	0 308	136 0	0 0	29 29	1	2 2	0
Unduplicated total of stock issues registered and admitted to trading privileges on national exchanges Unduplicated total of stock issues registered and admitted to trading privileges on national exchanges which were addealings on more than 1 such exchanges. Unduplicated total of bond issues registered and admitted to trading privileges on national exchanges. Unduplicated total of bond issues registered and admitted to trading privileges on national exchanges which were addealings on more than 1 such exchange. 1 Registered on 1 exchange only. 2 Admitted to unlisted trading privileges on 1 exchange of the property of the property of the property of the privileges on 1 exchange of the privil	unliste nitted t unliste unliste nitted t	. 3, 3; d :0 9 d . 1, 7	31—27 19	,-		duplic uplica		

Admitted to unlisted training privileges on 1 exchange only.
Registered on more than 1 exchange.
Admitted to unlisted trading privileges on more than 1 exchange.
Registered on 1 exchange and admitted to unlisted trading privileges on 1 exchange.
Registered on 1 exchange and admitted to unlisted trading privileges on more than 1 exchange.
Registered on more than 1 exchange and admitted to unlisted trading privileges on 1 exchange.
Registered on more than 1 exchange and admitted to unlisted trading privileges on more than 1 exchange.

Table 33.—Number of issuers having securities admitted to dealings on all exchanges as of June 30, 1940, classified according to basis for admission of their securities to dealings

	Column I 1	Column II ²	
Basis of admission of securities to dealing	Number of issuers	Number of issuers	
Issuers having securities registered Issuers having securities temporarily exempted from registration. Issuers having securities listed on exempted exchanges. Issuers having securities admitted to unlisted trading privileges on national	2, 408 39 119	2, 408 53 159	
exchanges	537	1, 128	
Issuers having securities admitted to unlisted trading privileges on exempted exchanges	55	77	
Total issuers	3, 158		

¹ Duplications in this column have been eliminated both as to exchanges and bases for admission of the issuers' securities to dealing, e.g., if an issuer has securities registered on more than one national exchange, listed on an exempted exchange, and also admitted to unlisted trading privileges on other exchanges, the issuer is counted only once as having securities registered. Thus, the total of this column is the total number of issuers having securities admitted to trading on all exchanges after elimination of all duplications. ² Duplications in this column have been eliminated only as to exchange, e.g., if an issuer has securities admitted to unlisted trading privileges on more than one exchange, the issuer is counted only once under such stetus.

Table 34.—Number of issuers having stocks only, bonds only, and both stocks and bonds, admitted to dealings on all exchanges as of June 30, 1940

Classification	Number of issuers	Percent of total issuers
Issuers having only stocks admitted to trading on exchanges. Issuers having only bonds admitted to trading on exchanges. Issuers having both stocks and bonds admitted to trading on exchanges	2, 304 486 368	72. 9 15 4 11. 7
Totalissuers	3, 158	100 00
 4. Issuers having stocks admitted to trading on exchanges (classification 1 plus 3). 5. Issuers having bonds admitted to trading on exchanges (classification 2 plus 3). 	2, 672 854	84 6 27. 1

Table 35.—Number of issuers and securities, basis for admission to dealings, and the percentage of stocks and bonds, for each exchange, admitted to dealings on one or more other exchanges as of June 30, 1940

Name of exchange	Total issuers	Total issues			Sto	cks			or more other exchanges			Вог	nds			Percent traded on 1 or more other ex- changes
	Total	Total	R	x	U	X L	X U	To- tal	Percel or n	R 	x	U	x L	ΧU	Total	Percel or n char
Baltimore Boston Chicago Board of	74 362	108 456	46 162	4	23 220			73 382	49. 3 80, 1	. 25 73	1 1	9			35 74	45. 7 60 8
Trade Chicago Stock Cincinnati Cleveland Colorado Springs Detroit	40 268 69 88 14 129	49 359 109 102 15 138	42 313 93 83 	1 14 1	5 5 18	15		48 327 99 101 15 138	47. 9 56. 6 23. 2 52. 5 26. 7 70. 3	1 21 9 1	11 1				1 32 10 1 0	0 37. 5 60. 0 0 0
Honolulu Los Angeles	100 184	128 222	133	1	71	62	55	117 205	23. 1 78. 5	17			8	3	11 17	88. 2
Paul 1 New Orleans New York Curb New York Real Es-	20 16 993	27 33 360	504		16 575		3	27 18 1, 079	ľ	11 35		4 246			0 15 281	0 33. 3 9. 6
tate New York Stock Philadelphia Pittsburgh Richmond ¹ St. Louis Salt Lake San Francisco Min-	82 1, 221 430 102 28 52 100	541 122 38 93	1, 235 63 67 77 96	7 2 3	397 50	37		84 1, 242 462 120 37 80 102	1. 2 51 2 95. 7 65 8 21. 6 22. 5 8. 8	1, 242 78 2	28 1	78	1		78 1, 270 79 2 1 13 0	67. 1 0 0 69. 2
San Francisco Mili- ing	53 285 48 34 35 25	51 36 50	25	12	11	22		53 332 49 36 40 31	65, 1 46 9 55, 5	23		4	2		0 27 2 0 10 0	81. 5 0 0

¹ Exempted from registration as a national securities exchange.

R, registered; X, temporarily exempted from registration; U, admitted to unlisted trading privileges on a national securities exchange; $\mathbf{X}\mathbf{L}$, listed on an exempted exchange; and $\mathbf{X}\mathbf{U}$, admitted to unlisted trading privileges on an exempted exchange.

APPENDIX VI

LITIGATION INVOLVING STATUTES ADMINISTERED BY THE COMMISSION

Table I.—Injunctive proceedings brought by Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

			·		
Principal defendants	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Initiating papers filed	Alleged violations	Status of case
Atwood (Wm. E.) & Co., Inc	1	Maine	June 26, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (3) of 1933 act and sec. 15 (c) (1) of 1934 act.	Temporary restraining order entered June 28, 1940.
Bagold Corporation et al	10	Southern District of New York.	May 10, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act	All defendants filed answers on June 21, 1940.
Beuners, Owens & Co. et al	. 9	Eastern District of Michigan.	May 15, 1936	Sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act	Suit dismissed Feb. 20, 1940, on motion of the Commission as to all defendants. (The principal defendants in this case were convicted in February 1940 on criminal charges for violating the Securities Act of 1933 and the mail fraud statutes.)
Burel & Company, a corporation, et al.	5	Northern District of Illi- nois.	June 28, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act.	Pending.
Carleton, R. H., et al	2	Colorado	Nov. 1, 1938		Opinion rendered Feb. 3, 1939, granting permanent injunction under sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act against both defendants. Judgment for permanent injunction in accordance with opinion entered Aug. 10, 1939. The counts charging violation of secs. 17 (a) (1) and (3) of 1933 act were dismissed on motion of the Commission.
Carter, Glenn Centrifugals, Incorporated, et al	1 4	Northern District of Texas. Southern District of New York.	Feb. 20, 1940 Nov. 21, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 actdo	Permanent injunction by consent Feb. 20, 1940. Permanent injunction by consent Nov. 21, 1939, against all defendants.
China Society	1	Oregon	Oct. 30, 1939	do	Permanent injunction by consent Oct. 30, 1939.
America.	*	fornia.			Permanent injunction by consent Nov. 3, 1939, against all defendants.
Chinese Benevolent Association of Philadelphia.	1	Eastern District of Penn- sylvania.	Mar. 4, 1940	do	Permanent injunction by consent Mar. 4, 1940.
Chinese Consolidated Benevolent	'1	Southern District of New	June 12, 1940	do	Answer filed by defendant on June 12, 1940. Pending.
Association, Inc. Chinese Patriotic Society et al	3	York. Southern District of California.	•	do	Permanent injunction by consent Nov. 2, 1939, against all defendants.
City Meter Service Corporation et al.	2	New Jersey	Oct. 4, 1939	do	Permanent injunction by consent Oct. 4, 1939, against both defendants.
Clark, Frank N., et al	3	Southern District of Cali- fornia.	Nov. 3, 1939	do	Permanent injunction by consent Nov. 4, 1939, against
Crader, Charles W	1	Southern District of Mississippi.	Apr. 12, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act.	all defendants. Permanent injunction by consent Apr. 12, 1940.

	Davis Gas Corporation, Inc., et al.	3	Kansas	Jan. 31, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	E
	Elmer Leasehold Trust et al	2		Mar. 5, 1940	do	F
to 2	Elmore Oil Corporation et al	2	homa. Eastern District of Okla-	Aug. 26, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act	Ε
322	Eureka Petroleum Company, Inc., et al.	10	homa. Southern District of Mis-	Mar. 23, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a)	F
6-41	Ferguson (Julian H.) Inc., et al	6	sissippi. Eastern District of Penn- sylvania.	Jan. ² 7, 1938	(1) and (2) of 1933 act. Secs. 5 (a) and (b) and 17 (a) of 1933 act.	I
Ţ	Foundation Plan, Incorporated, et al.	7	Southern District of New York.	Oct. 5, 1938	Secs. 5 (b) (2), and 17 (a) (1), (2) and (3) of 1933 act.	1
-20	Franklin, Jack	1	Southern District of Illinois.	Mar. 19, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act and sec. 15 (a) of 1934 act.	1
	Futter, Carl A., et al	6	Northern District of Illi-	Dec. 26, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act.	I
	Gallagher, Ralph A., et al	8	Massachusetts	Nov. 13, 1936	Secs. 9 (a) (1) and (2) of 1934 act.	1
	Gilbert, M. L., et al	2	Southern District of Ohio	May 8, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act	7
	Gray, T. U	1	Northern District of Texas.	Oct. 5, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a)	1
	Henderson, E. Randall, et al	2	Eastern District of Missouri.	June 6, 1940	(2) and (3) of 1933 act. Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	נ
	Henderson, Frank N	1	Southern District of Mississippi.	Mar. 23, 1940	Sec. 17 (b) of 1933 act]
	Illinois-Indiana Oil Basin Corporation et al.	3	Southern District of Indiana.	June 5, 1940	Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act.	1
	Industrial Improvement Corpora- tion et al.	2	Eastern District of Penn- sylvania.	Aug. 11, 1939		1
	Jordan, Glen A	1	Southern District of In- diana.	June 5, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	3
	Kamp, Anthony B., et al	2	Colorado	Nov. 1,1938	Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act.	נ
	King, Frank	1	Eastern District of Michigan.	Dec. 18, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.]
	Lane, Leroy	1	Maryland	Jan. 26, 1940	and sec. 15 (a) and 8 (b) of]
	Larson, Arthur Lewis	1	Eastern District of Michigan.	June 12, 1940	1934 act. Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (2) and (3) of 1933 act and secs. 15 (a) and (c) of 1934 act.]

40	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	Permanent injunction by consent Jan. 31, 1940, against all defendants.
40	do	Permanent injunction by consent Mar. 5, 1940, against both defendants.
39	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act	Permanent injunction by consent Aug. 26, 1939, against
40	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	both defendants. Permanent injunction by consent Mar. 25, 1940, against all defendants.
38	Secs. 5 (a) and (b) and 17 (a) of 1933 act.	Permanent injunction by consent Jan. 27, 1938, against all defendants except J. H. Ferguson. Pending as to him.
8	Secs. 5 (b) (2), and 17 (a) (1), (2) and (3) of 1933 act.	Permanent injunction granted by court Dec. 19, 1939, against all defendants.
40	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act and sec. 15 (a) of 1934 act.	Permanent injunction by consent Apr. 16, 1940, against Jack Franklin, individually, and doing business as Tung Grove Company.
39	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a):	
36	Secs. 9 (a) (1) and (2) of 1934 act.	Permanent injunction by default Oct. 6, 1939, as to Morey Getz and Winifred F. Scott. Suit dismissed as to remaining defendants.
9	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	Temporary restraining order entered Oct. 3, 1939, on agreement of attorneys, as to both defendants. Trial of case set for July 7, 1940.
939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (2) and (3) of 1933 act.	Permanent injunction by consent Oct. 5, 1939.
40	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act	Permanent injunction by consent June 11, 1940, against E. Randall Henderson, individually, and doing business as Henderson Oil Company, and Clarence M. Robbins.
10	Sec. 17 (b) of 1933 act	Permanent injunction by consent Mar. 25, 1940, against Frank N. Henderson, doing business as Mississippi Oil Review.
40	Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act.	Permanent injunction by consent June 5, 1940, against all defendants.
939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act.	Permanent injunction by consent Aug. 11, 1939, against both defendants.
940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	Permanent injunction by consent June 5, 1940.
938	Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act.	Permanent injunction granted by court under sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act as to both defendants on Aug. 10, 1939. The counts charging violation of secs. 17 (a) (1) and (3) of 1933 act were dismissed on motion of the Commission.
939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	Permanent injunction by consent Dec. 18, 1939.
940	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (3) of 1933 act and sec. 15 (a) and 8 (b) of 1934 act.	Permanent injunction by consent Feb. 2, 1940, against Leroy Lane, doing business as Lane, Rowell & Co.
940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a)	Preliminary injunction granted June 24, 1940. Pending.

Permanent injunction by consent Jan. 31, 1940, against all defendants Permanent injunction by consent Mar. 5, 1940, against both defendants. Permanent injunction by consent Aug. 26, 1939, against both defendants. Permanent injunction by consent Mar. 25, 1940, against all defendants. Permanent injunction by consent Jan. 27, 1938, against all defendants except J. H. Ferguson. Pending as to him. Permanent injunction granted by court Dec. 19, 1939. against all defendants. Permanent injunction by consent Apr. 16, 1940, against Jack Franklin, individually, and doing business as Tung Grove Company. Permanent injunction by consent Mar. 22, 1940, against all defendants. Permanent injunction by default Oct. 6, 1939, as to Morey Getz and Winifred F. Scott. Suit dismissed as to remaining defendants. Temporary restraining order entered Oct. 3, 1939, on agreement of attorneys, as to both defendants. Trial of case set for July 7, 1940. Permanent injunction by consent Oct. 5, 1939. Permanent injunction by consent June 11, 1940, against E. Randall Henderson, individually, and doing business as Henderson Oil Company, and Clarence M. Robbins. Permanent injunction by consent Mar. 25, 1940, against Frank N. Henderson, doing business as Mississippi Oil Review.

Table I.—Injunctive proceedings brought by Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Principal defendants	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Initiating papers filed	Alleged violations	Status of case
Macou, James R., et al	5	Colorado	Nov 1, 1938	Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act.	Opinion rendered Feb. 1, 1939, granting permanent injunction under secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act against all defendants. Judgment for permanent injunction in accordance with opinion entered Aug. 10, 1939. The count charging violation of sec. 17 (a) (3) of the 1933 act was dismissed on motion of the Commission.
Magoun, D. V	1	Southern District of Mississippi,	May 14, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act	Permanent injunction by consent May 14, 1940.
McArthur, R. A	1	Western District of Ar- kansas.	Mar. 12, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act	Permanent injunction by consent Mar. 12, 1940.
McFerrin Food Corporation et al.	2		Jan. 22, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act	Permanent injunction by consent Jan. 22, 1940, against both defendants.
McKenzie, James K., Inc., et al	2	Eastern District of Okla-	Jan. 30, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act	Permanent injunction by consent Jan. 30, 1940, against both defendants.
Meyer, Albert G., et al.	3	Colorado	Nov. 1, 1938	Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act.	Suit dismissed by stipulation on Aug. 10, 1939, as to all
Mitchell, Charles E	1	Southern District of New York.	July 13, 1939		defendants. Permanent injunction by consent July 13, 1939, against Charles E. Mitchell, individually, and doing business as Charles E. Mitchell Company.
Monarch Sales Company et al	.2	Southern District of Ohio.	Sept. 29, 1939	do	Permanent injunction by consent Apr. 15, 1940, against both defendants.
Nash (W. A.) & Co., Inc	1 5	Massachusetts Northern District of Texas.	Feb. 26, 1937 Feb. 21, 1940		Permanent injunction by default Sept. 21, 1939. Order for permanent injunction entered by court May 27, 1940, enjoining W. F. Crutcher, C. H. Garrett, and John Marley from violating secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act and dismissing action, on motion of Commission, as to National Electric Signal Company, named only in the count charging violation of secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act; and further dismissing the count charging violation of sec. 15 (a) of 1934 act as to Marley, Crutcher, and Guy F. Jenkins, the latter named only in this count.
Neiswanger, Hal W	1	Kansas	Sept. 25, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and 17 (a) (2) of	Permanent injunction by consent Sept. 25, 1939.
Norwood, Joseph, et al	3	Eastern District of South Carolina.	May 21, 1940	1933 act. Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act and Sec. 15 (c) of 1934 act.	Permanent injunction by consent May 22, 1940, en- joining violation of secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act as to all defendants and also enjoining violation of sec. 15 (c) of 1934 act as to Norwood.

O'Hara Re-Election Committee, et al.	6	Massachusetts	June 16, 1939	Secs. 14 (a) and 23 (a) of 1934 act.	ŀ
Orler, Jordan S., et al	2 .	do	May 27, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act	E
Otis & Co., a corporation	1	Northern District of Ohio.	Apr. 1, 1936	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act and sec. 9 (a) (2) of 1934 act.	F
Parking Meter Corporation of	1	do	June 23, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17	Ε
America. Payne, Louis	1	Southern District of New	June 29, 1939	(a) (2) of 1933 act. Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	F
Porter (A. W.), Inc., et al	3	York.	May 9, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act and sec. 9 (a) (2) of 1934 act.	I
Pyne, Leo C., et al	3	Massachusetts	Apr. 9, 1940	sec. 9 (a) (2) of 1934 act. Secs. 5 (a) (1) and 17 (a) (2) and (3) of 1933 act.	I
Rand, James H., Jr., et al	4	Southern District of New York.	Oct. ·18, 1939	Secs. 9 (a) (1) (B) and 9 (a) (2) of 1934 act.	1
Remington, Paul C	1	North Dakota	Jan. 3, 1940	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (3) of 1933 act and sec. 15 (c) of 1934 act.]
Royal Oil & Gas Company, Inc., et al.	3	Eastern District of Arkan- sas.	May 28, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	I
Ryan-Florida Corporation et al	2	Southern District of Florida.	May 3, 1938	Sec. 15 (a) of 1934 act	-
Seattle Chinese Patriotic League	1	Western District of Wash- ington.	Oct. 23, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act	I
(The). Secord, Vanderpoel & Co., Inc., et al.	10	Southern District of New York.	June 21, 1935	Secs. 5 and 17 of 1933 act	S
Shallow Oil, Inc., et al	2	Eastern District of Okla- homa.	Aug. 10, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (2) and (3) of 1933 act.]
Starmont, Leon, et al	2	Eastern District of Washington.	Oct. 31, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act	1
Stevenson, George E., et al	3	Southern District of Indi-	Feb. 17, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act.	
Timetrust, Incorporated, et al	8	Northern District of Cali- fornia.	Apr. 5, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	'
U. S. Chromium, Inc., et al	5	Northern District of Illinois.	Feb. 27, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (2) and (3) of 1933 act.	1
			}		:

Permanent injunction by default Nov. 13, 1939, as to George Cohen, Nelson Warren Moore, William A. Needham, Walter E. O'Hara, and O'Hara Re-Election (or Proxy) Committee. Suit dismissed as to Narragansett Racing Association, Inc. Preliminary injunction granted June 4, 1940, against

both defendants. Pending.

Permanent injunction granted Mar. 27, 1937, as to violation of sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act and denied as to violation of sec. 9 (a) (2) of 1934 act. Otis & Co. appealed. On Sept. 18, 1939, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit affirmed the judgment of the district court.

Permanent injunction by default Aug. 24, 1939.

Hearing on motion of Commission for summary judgment held May 24, 1940; decision reserved. Permanent injunction by consent May 13, 1940, against

all defendants. Preliminary injunction granted May 2, 1940, against Leo C. Pyne and Carl F. Edgerly. Pending. Permanent injunction by consent Oct. 18, 1939, against

all defendants. Permanent injunction by consent Feb. 1, 1940, against Paul C. Remington, broker, doing business as P. C.

Remington and Sons. Permanent injunction by consent May 28, 1940, against all defendants.

Trial of this case has been postponed pending outcome of criminal case. Permanent injunction by consent Oct. 23, 1939.

Suit dismissed by court as to all defendants on June 10. 1940. (The Commission did not object to the dismissal of this case because the principal defendants were convicted June 29, 1938, on criminal charges for violating sec. 17 (a) (1) of the Securities Act of 1933 and the mail fraud statutes.)

Permanent injunction by default Nov. 18, 1939, against both defendants.

Permanent injunction granted by court Feb. 1, 1940, against both defendants. Permanent injunction by consent Feb. 17, 1940, against

all defendants. Trial on merits opened May 21, 1940; still in progress.

Permanent injunction by consent Apr. 17, 1940, as to U. S. Chromium, Inc., Avis Hart, William M. Muchow, and Carl H. Stone. Suit dismissed on, motion of Commission as to Herbert A. Potts.

Table I.—Injunctive proceedings brought by Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Principal defendants	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Initiating papers filed	Alleged violations	Status of case
Universal Service Assn., et al	6	Northern District of Illinois.	Mar. 30, 1936	Secs. 5 (a) and 17 (a) of 1933 act	Permanent injunction granted Apr. 14, 1938, against all defendants. On June 23, 1939, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit affirmed decree of the lower court, and on August 28, 1939, denied petition
Watts Oil & Gas Industries, Inc., et al. Whealton Company, Inc., et al	38	Western District of Louisiana. New Jersey	Aug. 11, 1939 Oct. 14, 1935	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act. Sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act.	for rehearing. Petition for certiorari denied Jan. 2, 1940. Permanent injunction by consent Aug. 11, 1939, against both defendants. Permanent injunction by decree pro confesso entered Mar. 9, 1936, as to Commonwealth Trust Co., Stousland and Co., W. P. McIntosh, H. M. Barcus, and M. F. Whealton. Dismissed by stipulation as to J. S. Barr on Nov. 16, 1935. Order entered Jan. 12, 1940, on motion of defendants, dismissing the com-
Woodward-Berkley Company, a corporation, et al.	2	Southern District of Ohio.	Sept. 29, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act	plaint as to the remaining 32 defendants. Permanent injunction by consent Apr. 15, 1940, against both defendants.

Table II.—Indictments returned for violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the mail fraud statute (in the preparation of which the Commission took part) which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Name under which case was referred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District	Indictment returned	Charges	Status of case
Acceptance & Exchange Co	7 8 9	Southern District of Californiado	Nov. 27, 1935 Jan. 22, 1936 Nov. 18, 1936	Conspiracy to violate sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act. Conspiracy to violate secs. 5 (a) and 17 (a) of 1933 act. Mail fraud	'Trial on third indictment opened July 19, 1938. Boyd, Heyman, Nelson, Padgham, Phelps, Roubay, and Waggoner were found guilty. Directed verdict of not guilty entered as to Thorp. Sentences ranged from 2 years' probation to 6½ years' imprisonment. Roubay and Waggoner have appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. The first indictment was dismissed as to all defendants; the second and third indictments were dismissed as to Adams; the second indictment is pending as to the remaining 7 defendants.

Acme Agency, Inc	3	Colorado	Mar.	9, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	On Jan. 12, 1940, each defendant pleaded guilty to 1 Securities Act count and the conspiracy count. Hope and Swett were each sentenced to 1 year and 1 day; Tripp to 15 months.
Allied Finance Corporation et al.	5	Maryland	Sept.	1, 1939	do	Trial opened Oct. 23, 1939. Schreiber and Kohler were found guitty, as charged and each sentenced to 12 months. Fritz pleaded guilty prior to trial; sentenced to 6 months. Birnbaum was found guilty on conspiracy count. Imposition of sentence was suspended and he was placed on probation for 3 years. Birnbaum appealed, and on Dec. 2, 1939, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit dismissed
'		- 1				the appeal. The court held that an order suspending imposition of sentence and placing a defendant on
		٠.			·	probation was not a final judgment and that an appeal cannot be prosecuted from such an order. The indictment was nolle prossed as to the defendant corporation on Jan. 17, 1940.
Ambassador Gold Mines, Ltd	4	Northern District of Indiana.	Oct.	13, 1938	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.	John P. Mahoney, Allen A. Floyd, and L. E. Long were found guilty upon their pleas of nole contenders on Oct. 5, 1939. Allen A. Floyd and Mahoney were fined \$100 each. Long was placed on probation for 6
					,	months. The indictment was nolle prossed as to John M. Floyd.
American Rand Corporation	. 4	Western District of Wash- ington.	Feb.	27, 1937	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	Largent pleaded nolo contendere to the conspiracy count Sept. 21, 1939. Trial of Jonesi and Langhaar opened Oct. 3, 1939. Jonesi was found guilty on 1 mail fraud count and 3 Securities Act counts. He was sentenced
				٠٠,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	to serve 2 years and placed on probation for 5 years. Langhaar was acquitted. On Nov. 6, 1939, the court postponed judgment and imposition of sentence as to Largent for 2½ years. Indictment dismissed June
American Terminals & Transit Co.	4	Southern District of Indiana.	June	6, 1939	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.	26, 1946, as to Warburton. Trial opened Nov. 13, 1939. Beckett and Donnell pleaded guilty during trial. Hartenfeld was found guilty and Knapp acquitted. Donnell and Hartenfeld were each sentenced to 10 years and fined \$5,000; Beckett, 8 years and \$2,500 fine. Hartenfeld appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Cir-
Anderson, John G., et al	4 5	Eastern District of Ten- nessee.	Mar.	16, 1938	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and 5 (a) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate secs. 17 (a) (1), (2),	cuit. His conviction was affirmed June 11, 1940. One indictment was dismissed; the remaining 13 were consolidated. Trial opened Jan. 17, 1939. All defendants were found guilty and each sentenced to 7
		. , .			and (3) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	years. Defendants appealed. On June 27, 1940, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit reversed the judgments of the district court and remanded case for new trial because of attempt to
•			ļ			influence jury.

[•] Total of 14 indictments against total of 5 defendants.

Table II.—Indictments returned for violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the mail fraud statute (in the preparation of which the Commission took part) which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Name under which case was re- ferred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Indictment returned	Charges	Status of case
Ashby, E. Johnson, et al	3	Eastern District of Texas	Oct. 5, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 Act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	On Feb. 12, 1940, Ashby pleaded guilty and Thomas nolo contenders to the conspiracy count and 1 Securities Act count. The indictment was dismissed as to Earnest. Ashby was sentenced to 90 days in jail on 1 count and to 18 months, suspended for 5 years, on the other; Thomas to 1 year and 1 day, suspended for
Associated Gas & Electric Co		Southern District of New York.	May 9, 1940	Mail fraud	5 years. All of the defendants have been apprehended. Hopson filed a demurrer to the indictment; overruled June 10, 1940. Pending.
Automatic Products Corporation.	3	do	Apr. 30, 1940	Sees. 9 (a) (1) (B) and (C) and 9 (a) (2) of 1934 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	Josiah M. Kirby surrendered May 3, 1940. Pending.
B/G Sandwich Shops, Inc	2	do			On Feb. 14, 1940, and during the trial, Jacques and Morrison each pleaded guilty to 3 counts of the in- dictment. Both defendants were sentenced to 1 year and 1 day on each count, to run concurrently. The sentence as to Jacques was suspended and he
Bagdad Copper Corporation	8	do	Mar. 8, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	was placed on probation for 2 years. All of the defendants have been apprehended. Pending.
Baker, Henry L	1	Southern District of Cali-	Mar. 25, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (3) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Baker has not been apprehended. Pending.
Baker, J. L.		Western District of South	May 28, 1940		Baker pleaded guilty May 28, 1940, and was sentenced to 2 years.
Bankers Credit and Acceptance Corporation.	1	District of Columbia	June 28, 1940	Secs. 5 (b) (2) and 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act.	Pending.
Bankers Industrial Service, Inc., et al.	7	Southern District of New York.	Oct. 19, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	All defendants except Frank Ware have been apprehended. Trial set for Aug. 19, 1940.

Bankers Service Corp., et al	11	do	Dec. 2, 1935	fraud, and conspiracy to vio-
	. 8	do	May 24, 1938	late mail fraud. Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.
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		•		
Bedford & Co	2	Western District of Texas.	Oct. 3, 1938	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate mail fraud.
Benners, Owens & Company	7	Eastern District of Michigan.	Oct. 19, 1936	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.
Blackwell, C. G., et al	11	Southern District of New York.	Apr. 26, 1938	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate mail fraud.
Boland, James J., et al	2	Western District of New York.	Dec. 15, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, and
Buck Horn Mining Company et	2 2	dodoIdaho	do Mar. 11, 1940	conspiracy to violate same. Mail fraud Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act
al.	2	do	May 15, 1940	do
Buckman (B. E.) & Company	11	Western District of Wisconsin.	Aug. 14, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (3) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.

Trial on second indictment opened Jan. 6, 1939. Bob, Rogers, Wiseman, Bankers Service Corporation, Coronado Gold Mines, Inc., and Kelly Gold and Silver Mines, Inc., were found guilty. Sentences ranged from 2 to 7 years. Each corporation was fined \$1,000. Bob, Rogers, and Wiseman appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. Judgments affirmed July 27, 1939. The second indictment was nolle prosted as to Morse on Mar. 6, 1939; pending as to Peterson. Dorn, Mack, and Schiff pleaded guilty to the first indictment in February 1939. Sentences ranged from a suspended sentence to 2½ years' imprisonment. The first indictment was dismissed as to Bankers Service Corporation and Coronado Gold Mines, Inc., and nolle prosted as to Adams, Clark, Morse, Rogers, Sawyer, and Wiseman.

H. O. Bedford was sentenced Oct. 13, 1938, upon plea of guilty, to serve 3 years in a reformatory. Application for an order to extradite Edward P. Lamar was denied by a Canadian court on Feb. 19, 1940. Pending.

Trial opened Feb. 6, 1940. Goldman and Haynes pleaded nolo contendere prior to trial. After the trial commenced Benners and Wiseman pleaded nolo contendere; Wood entered a similar plea to 1 Securities Act count. Goldman, Wiseman, and Wood were each sentenced to 15 months; Haynes to 15 months; Benners to 4 years. Fraino failed to appear for trial and his bond was forfeited. Brooks is a fugitive in Canada.

Edell and Strahl pleaded guilty on Nov. 16, 1938, Sentencing of these 2 defendants has been postponed indefinitely. The remaining defendants have been apprehended. Pending.

Both defendants have been apprehended. Pending.

Both defendants filed demurrers to the indictment. On March 14, 1940, the demurrers were overruled as to 5 counts and sustained as to 4. Trial set for Oct. 3,

Trial opened May 14, 1940. Holt pleaded nole contendere prior to trial. B. B. Buckman and Louis C. George were found guilty. Crofoot, R. E. George, Malkson, Spain, and Winebrenner were acquitted. On Aug. 5, 1940, Buckman was sentenced to 5 years imprisonment and fined \$2,000. George to 6 years and \$2,000. Holt received a suspended sentence and \$500 fine; placed on probation for 4 years. The indictment was nolle prossed as to Bracy, Casey, and Shotola.

Table II.—Indictments returned for violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the mail fraud statute (in the preparation of which the Commission took part) which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Name under which case was re- ferred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Indictment returned	Charges 	Status of case
Buckner, W. P., Jr., et al	5	Southern District of New York	Dec. 30, 1938 Apr. 25, 1939	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate mail fraud. do	Trial opened June 18, 1939, on second indictment Buckner and Gillespie were found guilty on all count of the indictment; Buencamino on the conspiracy count. Buckner was sentenced to 2 years on count 1 to 6, inclusive, and to 2 years and a fine of \$2,500 or count 8; Gillespie to 18 months on counts 1 to 6 inclusive, and to 18 months and \$2,500 fine on count 8. The prison sentences of both were directed to rur concurrently. On count 7 imposition of sentence was suspended as to these 2 defendants, and they were each placed on probation for 3 years. Buencamine was sentenced to 18 months and fined \$5,000. Hyde and Turner were acquitted, The 3 convicted defend ants appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. The judgment was affirmed at Jan. 8, 1940, as to Buencamino. With respect to Buckner and Gillespie the judgment was affirmed at 6 all counts except 1 and 6; reversed as to these
Burke, John J., et al	5 29 1	Northern District of Georgia.	Aug. 30, 1935 July 14, 1936 Jan. 12, 1938	Sec. 9 (a) (2) of 1934 act, and conspiracy to violate same (manipulation). Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same. Mail fraud.	to all counts except 1 and 0; reversed as to tnese; counts. Buckner and Gillespie filed petition for certiorari; denied Mar. 11, 1940. The first indictment was dismissed as to both defendants. (Kopald-Quinn & Company.) The second indictment went to trial on Apr. 19, 1937. Belmout William Mendelson, and Trause pleaded guilty. Gould and Company, Kopald-Quinn & Company, Joseph R. Mendelson, Ricebaum, Joseph N. Sherman, and Sutterman were convicted. The cour directed verdicts of not guilty as to Bernstein, Chyenkus, Ehrenberg, Genis, Kopald, McCormick, Oxman Samuel, and Theodore Sherman. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty as to Gould. Newberger, Waller, and Wolfson. Mistrial declared as to Berger and D'Armand. The 6 defendants found guilty appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit. The judgment was affirmed on Feb. 16. 1939, as to Kopald-Quinn & Company, Mendelson, Sherman, and Sutterman. With respect to Gould and Company and Ricebaum, the judgment was affirmed on 1 count and reversed on another. Petition for certiorari denied May 15, 1939. The first

Calmore Oil Company	1	Southern District of Cali- fornia.	Sept. 20, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (3) of 1933 act	1
	1	do	do	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	
Campana Gold Mines, Inc	1 7	Northern District of Illi- nois.	Apr. 15, 1940	Secs. 17 (a) (2) and (3) of 1933 act_ Mail fraud	4
Campbell Realty Company	2	do	June 2, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail]
Carnation Gold Mining Company, Ltd., et al.	8	Southern District of New York.	Apr. 29, 1938	fraud. Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late same.]
Cimarron Petroleum',Trust	6	Western District of Virginia.	June 12, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	·
Coastal Minerals Development, Inc.	5	Eastern District of Louisi- ana.	Sept. 6, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) and 23 of 1933 act and mail	
Colonial Trading Co	11	Nevada	July 16, 1935	fraud. Secs. 3 (a) and 17 (a) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	
Consolidated Mines of California.	2	Southern District of California.	Dec. 13, 1939	Sec. 5 (a) (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late same.	,
Consolidated Mines Syndicate	3	Idaho	Mar. 15, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio-	,
Continental Securities Corporation.	15	Southern District of New York.	Dec. 3, 1937	late same. Sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate mail	
Cummins (R.) and Co., Incorporated.	7	Eastern District of Michigan.	Mar. 30, 1937	fraud. Sees. 5 (a) (1), 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate mail fraud and sees. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	,

Eugene M. Hilton, the sole defendant, has been apprehended. Trial on second indictment set for Aug. 6, 1940.

All defendants have been apprehended. Trial set for Sept. 16, 1940.

Both defendants have been apprehended. Trial of case continued to September 1940.

R. J. Jefferson, P. R. Smith, K. C. Meierdiercks, and S. T. Smith pleaded guilty in May and November 1938 and were given sentences ranging from a suspended sentence to 1 year and 1 day. The indictment was nolle prossed as to the 4 remaining defendants on Oct. 20, 1939.

On Aug 8, 1939, Walter P. Spielberger, Roland H. Spielberger, and Wheeler were found guilty upon their pleas of nolo contendere. Trial opened on this date as to Cox and Graves. Both defendants were found guilty. Sentences ranged from a probationary sentence to 18 months' imprisonment. The indictment was nolle prossed as to Wilson.

Emellos and Luria have been apprehended. Galbo is incarcerated on a State charge. Pending.

All defendants have been apprehended except A. B. Jones and M. J. Jones, who are the principal defendants. Nelson J. Sykes is deceased; the indictment was nolle prossed as to him on Dec. 13, 1937. Pending. Tyler pleaded note contender to 1 Securities Act and 1

Tyler pleaded noto contendere to 1 Securities Act and 1 mail fraud count on Feb. 5, 1940. Shaw filed a demurrer to the indictment; overruled as to all counts except the conspiracy count.

On Feb. 13, 1940, Johnesse and Payne were found guilty upon their pleas of nolo contendere and each fined \$2.500. Paul Oakes is deceased.

All of the defendants have been apprehended. Demurrers and motions to quash indictment were over-ruled on May 11, 1938. No date has been set for trial.

Trial opened June 8, 1937. The indictment was dismissed against Webb on motion of U. S. attorney. The judge directed a verdict of not guilty as to Oestreicher. Attix, Brown, Lafata, Landay, and Lane were found guilty. Sentences ranged from 2 to 5 years and each defendant was fined \$10,000. The convictions of the 5 defendants were affirmed by the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit on Dec. 14, 1939. Attix, Brown, Landay, and Lane filed petition for certiforari; denied Apr. 1, 1940.

Table II.—Indictments returned for violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the mail fraud statute (in the preparation of which the Commission took part) which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Name under which case was referred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Indictment returned	Charges	Status of case
Davis, H Anderson et al	3	Idaho	May 13, 1937	1933 act, mail fraud, and con-	J. E. Bass pleaded guilty Sept. 8, 1939, to 3 counts of the first indictment and both counts of the second. He
	3	do	Sept. 14, 1938	spiracy to violate mail fraud. Sec. 17 (a) (3) of 1933 act and con- spiracy to violate same.	was sentenced to serve 2 years and 2 days. H. A. Davis is incarcerated at McNeil Island on another charge. Both indictments were dismissed as to J. G.
Dillon, Sidney J., et al	2	Southern District of Iowa.	Apr. 13, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Bass. Both defendants pleaded nolo contendere to 1 mail fraud and 1 Securities Act count. On Nov. 27, 1939, Dillon was sentenced to 5 years imprisonment and fined \$1,000; Crowley to 3 years and \$1,000. Both de-
					fendants appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit; convictions affirmed July 16, 1940.
Dry Lake Oil Co, a corporation, et al.	3	Idaho	Feb. 6, 1940		Trial set for September 1940 term of court.
Edwards Petroleum Co	`2	Western District of Okla- homa.	Nov. 15, 1938	(a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate secs. 17 (a) and 5 (a) of 1933	Edwards was found guilty upon his plea of nolo con- tendere and sentenced to 3 years on Jan. 29, 1940. Edwards appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit; judgment affirmed June 29,
Emerton (Albert) & Co., Inc	2	Massachusetts	May 20, 1938	act and mail fraud. Sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act, mail fraud.	1940. The indictment was dismissed as to Binger. Both defendants have been apprehended. Trial set
Equities Incorporated	. 2	Eastern District of Louis- iana.	May 1, 1940	and conspiracy to violate same. Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	for October 1940 term of court. Both defendants have been apprehended. Pending.
Essenfeld (H. B.) Co	. 21	Southern District of New York.	Sept. 2,1937	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.	Essenfeld, Klein, Parker, Max Silver, Spero, and Wolfson pleaded guilty before trial. Trial opened Nov. 15, 1937. D. B. Howe, H. Niditch, and J. T. Swan; Jury disagreed as to H. Melman. Indictment dismissed on Dec. 1, 1937, as to Tobias, Shapiro, J. T. Swan, and Von Stein. H. Melman pleaded guilty on Apr. 29, 1938. Sentences ranged from 1 year's probation to 2 years' imprisonment and fines from \$100 to \$5,000. Indictment nolle prossed on Nov. 21, 1938, as to 6 defendants. On Oct. 26, 1939, imposition of sentence was suspended as to Max Silver and he was placed on probation for 2 years. Case pending as to 4 defendants, 2 of whom have pleaded guilty.

Financial Associates of Minnesota, Inc. (Gongoll, S. W., et al.).	8	'Minnesota	Dec. 22, 1939	Sees. 5 (a) (2) and 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.
Fisher (G. E.) & Company	5	Western District of Wisconsin.	Jan. 8, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late same.
Foundation Plan, Inc., et al	6	Southern District of New York.	June 8, 1939	Conspiracy to violate secs. 5 (b) (2) and 17(a)(1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act.
Founders Trust	1	Idaho	Nov. 8, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (2) and 17 (a) (1) of
Franklin Savings and Loan Com-	1	Eastern District of Tennes-	Nov. 14, 1939	1933 act. Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and
pany. Frederick, Frank E., et al	4	see. Southern District of Illinois.	Oct. 28, 1937	mail fraud. Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) and 5 (a) (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.
Gallagher (Ralph A.) & Co	2	Massachusetts	Jan. 4, 1937	Secs. 9 (a) (1) (A), (B), and (C)
	2	do	do	of 1934 act (manipulation). Conspiracy to violate sees. 9 (a) (1) (A), (B), and (C) and 9 (a)
Gibson (P. Bayfield) & Company, Inc.	1	Northern District of Geor-	Mar. 28, 1938	(2) of 1934 act. Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act
	1 1	dodo	Jan. 30, 1939	do
Groves, Wallace, et al	9	Southern District of New York.	Dec. 1, 1938	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.

Douglas, Newhall, and Nyland each pleaded noto contendere to 1 Securities Act count. Thompson and Wegfors entered a similar plea to 1 mail fraud count. Gongoll and Hofacre pleaded guilty to 1 mail fraud count: On Apr. 8, 1940, Gongoll was sentenced to 4 years; Douglas, Hofacre, and Thompson to 15 months; Newhall, Nyland, and Wegfors were given suspended sentences and placed on probation for 3 years. The indictment was nolle prossed as to Dixon.

Clausen pleaded guilty Mar. 21, 1940. G. E. Fisher, G. F. Fisher, and Yount were found guilty Mar. 21, 1940, upon their pleas of noic contendere. The court deferred imposition of sentence for 3 months with the understanding that such time would be utilized by the defendants in making restitution to the persons defrauded. Benson is incarcerated on a State charge. Pending.

Connor pleaded guilty on Jan. 15, 1940; imposition of sentence was suspended and he was placed on probation for 6 months. Blumenthal, Foundation Plan, Inc., Tuttle, and Williams entered pleas of guilty on Jan. 17, 1940. Trial opened Jan. 30, 1940, as to Scott. He was acquitted. Blumenthal and Tuttle were each sentenced to 6 months and fined \$1,500 and \$1,000, respectively; Williams to 1 year and 1 day and fined \$5,000. Execution of sentences suspended and each defendant placed on probation. Foundation Plan, Inc., received \$2,500 fine.

Chase H. Lord was found guilty upon his plea of nolo contendere and fined \$2,000 on Dec. 27, 1939. Francis M. Cox has been apprehended and pleaded not

guilty. Pending.
In February 1839 Frederick and Child pleaded nolo contendere. Upon this plea the court found Frederick guilty and sentenced him to 2½ years. Child was acquitted. The indictment was dismissed as to Martha Cherry on Feb. 21. 1939, and as to Rossiter

on Sept. 28, 1939.
Getz pleaded guilty to both indictments on Jan. 21, 1938. He was sentenced on each indictment to 1 year and 1 day, to run concurrently. Execution of sentence was suspended and he was placed on probation for 1 year. Companying on the Holl

for 1 year Case pending as to Hull.

P. Bayfield Gibson pleaded guilty to 1 count of the first indictment, and was sentenced on Mar. 21, 1939, to 18 months. The second indictment, together with the remaining counts of the first indictment, was nolle prossed Mar. 21, 1939. The third indictment was dismissed Jan. 26, 1940.

Two defendants have been apprehended. Pending.

Table II.—Indictments returned for violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the mail fraud statute (in the preparation of which the Commission took part) which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Name under which case was re- ferred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Indictment returned	Charges	Status of case
Hagist, Melvin A	1	Eastern District of Illinois.	Mar. 5, 1940		Hagist pleaded guilty on Mar. 11, 1940. He was sen-
Hauser, George M., et al	3	Nebraska	July 27, 1939	mail fraud. Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	tenced to 2 years' imprisonment and fined \$1,000. Trial opened Apr. 16, 1940. Hauser and McCormack pleaded noto contendere after the trial commenced. Holmes was found guilty. On May 14, 1940, Holmes was sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment and fined \$25,000; Hauser to 6 years and \$1,000; McCormack to 15 months. Holmes has filed notice of intention to appeal.
Hays (Arthur) & Co., Inc	2	District of Columbia	Dec. 29, 1939	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.	Both defendants have been apprehended. Pending.
Henriques (George) & Co., Inc., et al.	72	Southern District of New York.	Nov. 7, 1935	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate mail fraud.	Trial began on Feb. 8, 1937, on first indictment. Eight defendants pleaded guilty. Directed verdicts of not guilty entered against 4 defendants and 2 were ac-
	35	do	Feb. 7.1936	do	quitted. Sixteen defendants were found guilty Mar. 19, 1937. Sentences ranged from probation to 3½ years' imprisonment. On appeal, convictions of all but Stuart were sustained Dec. 6, 1937. The Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit ordered the indictment dismissed as to him. The first indictment was dismissed as to 6 defendants and nolle prossed as to 36. Barr, Dubrin, Smith, and Winfield pleaded guilty to the second indictment. This indictment was nolle prossed Oct. 11, 1937, as to 5 defendants and dismissed Mar. 20, 1940, as to 26.
Hickox Finance Corporation	7	Northern District of Ohio.	Mar. 25, 1938	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	Curtz, Gray, Phillips, and Stein pleaded guilty to 5 Securities Act counts in October and November 1939. Sentences ranged from a suspended sentence to 2 years' imprisonment. Gilson was acquitted on Nov. 30, 1939. Brady is deceased. Potts has not been ap- prehended; case pending as to him.
Hill, Edward M., et al	12	do	May 21, 1910	Mail fraud and conspiracy to	All defendants except William H. Gould have been
Hochheim Development Trust	1	Western District of Okla- homa.	Apr. 7, 1939	violate same. Mail fraud	apprehended. Pending. Harley F: Hines was found guilty upon his plea of noto contendere and sentenced on Jan. 2, 1940, to 3 years on each of 10 counts, to run concurrently, and fined \$1.000.
Industrial Finance Company	3	Western District of South Carolina.	Feb. 7, 1939	Conspiracy to violate mail fraud and secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act.	Trial on second indictment opened May 10, 1939. Aiken was found guilty and sentenced to 18 months. His conviction was affirmed Dec. 14, 1939, by the

·	1		Apr. 10, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit. Alken filed application for probation, and on Dec. 23, 1939, the district court judge suspended sentence and placed him on probation for 5 years. The first indictment was nolle prossed Feb. 19, 1940, as to all defendants.
International Mining and Mill- ing Company.	7	Southern District of California.	Sept. 29, 1937	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate mail fraud.	Trial opened on Jan. 3, 1939. A. G. Ilseng, A. G. Ilseng, Jr., and McKercher were found guilty. Sentences ranged from a suspended sentence to 5 years' imprisonment. The court dismissed the indictment
-			,		against the remaining defendants. The 3 convicted defendants have appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. Pending.
International Vanadium Corpora- tion.	1	do	Feb. 15, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and 5 (a) (2) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Toplitzky having been sentenced June 10, 1939, to serve 2 years and 2 days upon plea of guilty to 1 mail fraud and 2 Securities Act counts, the remaining counts of the indictment were dismissed July 31, 1939.
International White Cement Company.	8	District of Colorado.	Mar. 9, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and con- spiracy to violate same.	All defendants have been apprehended. On June 6, 1940, the petition for removal, which was filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada, was
Kelly (C. B.) & Company, Inc., et al.	5	Delaware		and (3) of 1933 act, and con- spiracy to violate same.	granted as to Gates and denied as to Earl. Pending. Complete restitution having been made to all victims, Allison pleaded guilty on July 8, 1937, and was fined \$200. The indictments were nolle prossed as to Kohler
	. 5	do	Mar. 10, 1936	do	on July 8, 1937, and as to the 3 remaining defendants on Feb. 12, 1940.
Kenyon & Co., Inc., et al	11	Southern District of New York.	Mar. 29, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late mail fraud.	on Feb. 1, 1940. Trial opened Oct. 2, 1939. Dizer and Grantham pleaded guilty prior to trial. Charles Russell Kenyon pleaded guilty after trial commenced. Eddy, Embree, Kenyon & Co., Inc., Schwartz, Sobel, and Weil Management, Inc., were found guilty. Sentences ranged from a suspended sentence to 2 years' im-
·			,	·	prisonment. The 2 corporations were each fined \$10,000. The indictment was severed as to Chase
Kenyon, William A., et al	5	Eastern District of Wisconsin.	Apr. 25, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	and Wayne; pending as to them. Kenyon pleaded noto contendere to 1 Securities Act count and to the conspiracy count; Aschauer, Clark, Herron, and Smith entered pleas of noto contendere to the conspiracy count. Each defendant was found guilty upon his plea. Sentences ranging from a suspended sentence to 2 years' imprisonment were imposed on Nov. 3, 1939. The judgment sentencing Clark to a prison term was vacated on Nov. 8, 1939,
Kettleman-Hills Syndicate	7	Northern District of New York.	Nov. 10, 1937	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- violate same.	and he was fined \$500. Etheridge and Richardson pleaded guilty to the charge of conspiracy to violate sec. 17 (a) (1) of the 1933 act. On Sept. 29, 1939, Etheridge was sentenced to serve 1 year and 1 day and fined \$500. Richardson was fined \$500. The indictment was dismissed Feb. 16, 1940, as to the 5 remaining defendants.
Korff (Fred H.) Inc	2	Southern District of New York.	Aug. 3, 1939	Mail fraud	Both defendants pleaded not guilty on Aug. 14, 1939. Pending.
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Table II.—Indictments returned for violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the mail fraud statute (in the preparation of which the Commission took part) which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Name under which case was referred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Indictment returned	Charges	Status of case
Krystal Chemical Company, Inc.	1	District of Columbia	Dec. 31, 1937	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and false pretense statute.	George Arone pleaded guilty to 1 Securities Act and 1 false pretense count. He received a sentence of 1 to 2 years, which was suspended, and he was placed on
LaVey, William, et al.	10	Eastern District of Washington.	June 25, 1937	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	probation. LaVey was sentenced to 3 years' imprisonment upon plea of guilty. Trial opened Dec. 5, 1938; indictment dismissed as to Conley and Leo Ross; mistrial as to Friedlander due to illness; Burke, Kamerman, Sargent, and Wise were acquitted; Harry A. Ross was convicted and sentenced to 15 months. Barnett has not been apprehended. Pending.
Lehman (Edward) Enterprises, Inc.	2	Colorado	Apr 26, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Both defendants were found guilty June 7, 1940. Ashley was sentenced to 7 years' imprisonment and fined \$6,000; Hetzel to 18 months and \$6,000.
Lewis American Airways, Inc.	2	do	Sept. 16, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and (3) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Both defendants pleaded guilty. On Oct. 17, 1939, Degering was placed on probation for 18 months and Pratt was sentenced to 90 days.
Lydon, Joseph M, et al	6	Massachusetts	Nov. 15, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, and conspiracy to violate same.	All defendants except Joseph Lydon have been appre- hended. Lydon is incarcerated on a State charge.
1 + +	6	do	do	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.	Pending.
Macon & Company	2	Northern District of Ohio.	Feb. 2, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Both defendants have been apprehended. Pending.
McGhie (George) & Company	2	Western District of Wis- consin.	Feb 17, 1940		McGhie pleaded noto contenders on July 12, 1940. He was found guilty upon this plea as to 10 counts and fined \$1,500. Rothe is incarcerated at Waupun, Wis., on another charge. Pending.
McKesson & Robbins, Inc., et al.	4	York.		Sec. 32 (a) of 1934 act in connection with a document filed under sec. 13 of 1934 act, and conspiracy to violate same.	Trial on third indictment opened Mar. 7, 1940, as to 5 defendants; John and Leonard Jenkins pleaded guilty to certain counts of the indictment after trial companyed. Marwin and Phillips were acquitted.
	. 9	do	1	sec. 32 (a) of 1934 act in connection with a document filed under sec. 13 of 1934 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	McGloon was found guilty on 1 Securities and Exchange Act count. Prior to trial, Arthur, George and Robert Musica, and Benjamin Simon entered pleas of guilty to each indictment in which they were named as defendants. Coster is deceased. On May 22, 1940, Arthur Musica and Benjamin Simon were sentenced to serve 3 years; George Musica to 2½ years; Robert Musica to 1½ years; Aboh Jenkins and McGloon to 1 year and 1 day. McGloon was also

				,	fined \$5,000. Leonard Jenkins received a suspended sentence and was placed on probation for 5 years. The first and second indictments are pending as to
Metropolitan Personal Loan Company.	2	Western District of New York.	Apr. 3, 1939	Mail fraud, sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, and conspiracy to violate same.	McKesson & Robbins, Inc. McGloon has filed notice of intention to appeal. A mistrial was declared as to both defendants on Dec. 20, 1939, due to the illness of Meyer. Indictment dismissed against both defendants June 26, 1940.
Mineral Mining Company	11	Northern District of Illinois.	July 22, 1938	Sees. 5 (a) and 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	All defendants have been apprehended except Morton Lewis, H. B. Keller, and Max Manners. Trial set for Sept. 10, 1940.
Minuse (N. W.) & Company	3	Southern District of New York.	Oct. 26, 1938	Conspiracy to violate secs. 9 (a) (1) (A), (B), and (C) and sec. 9 (a) (2) of 1934 Act (manipulation).	Trial opened Jan. 8. 1940. Stuart pleaded guilty during trial. Minuse and Pelletier were found guilty, Minuse was sentenced to 2 years and fined \$5,000; Pelletier to 18 months and \$1,000. Stuart was given a suspended sentence and placed on probation for 2 years. Minuse and Pelletier have appealed to the
· .			, ·	-	Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.
Morley (C. J.) & Company, Inc.	7	Southern District of In- diana.	Oct. 24, 1936	Mail fraud	Pending. Anderson, Chase, Morley, Stephenson, and Ward tried and convicted July 2, 1937. Sentences ranged from 1 year and 1 day to 5 years. Morley appealed, his conviction was affirmed by the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit on Oct. 20, 1938. Petition for certiorari denied Feb. 3, 1939. James and Joseph Gualano have not been apprehended. Pending.
National Credit Finance Corporation.	2	District of Minnesota	Feb. 29, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	Both defendants have been apprehended. Trial set for Sept. 24, 1940.
National Investment Transcript, Inc., et al.	20	Southern District of New York.	July 2, 1936	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.	Dinter pleaded guilty to conspiracy count prior to trial, and was given a suspended sentence. Berman, Congden, Gold, Greene, Halpert, Hermanson, Levin, Manchel, National Investment Transcript, Inc., Rollnick, Smiler, Steinberg, Tettelman, War and Werblen convicted Dec. 23, 1936. Jury disagreed as to Lazar and Schwartz. Sentences ranged from a suspended sentence to 7 years' imprisonment and \$5,000 fine. The corporation was fined \$10.018. Twelve defendants appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. Their sentences were affirmed on Aug. 16, 1937. Berman appealed from a suspended sentence. His right to appeal such a sentence was sustained by the Supreme Court on Dec. 6, 1937, and the case remanded to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit for further proceedings. On July 28, 1938, this court affirmed the judgment of the district court as to Berman. Hennigan and Strauss pleaded guilty to the conspiracy count on Mar. 20, 1939; each sentenced to 1 year and 1 day; execution of sentence suspended and defendants placed on probation for 2 years. Case pending as to Lazar and Schwartz.

Table II.—Indictments returned for violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the mail fraud statute (in the preparation of which the Commission took part) which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

			!		4,1
Name under which case was re- ferred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Indictment returned	Charges	Status of case
Ozark Barrel & Body Corporation.	10	Eastern District of Michigan.	Sept. 23, 1938	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	Hawkes and Saddlemire pleaded guilty. Riker entered plea of noto contendere to 1 mail fraud count and 2 Securities Act counts. On Dec. 15, 1939, Saddlemire was sentenced to 4 years and 8 months and fined \$5,000; Riker to 3 years, suspended, and placed on probation for 5 years, fined \$2,500. Hawkes was placed on probation for 4 years. The remaining defendants have been apprehended and pleaded not guilty. Pending.
Pacific States Savings and Loan Company.	. 14	Southern District of California.	Dec. 20, 1939	do	Trial opened April 30, 1940. The indictment was severed as to Randolph and dismissed as to Rohrer. On June 21, 1940, the court directed verdicts of not guilty as to all defendants who stood trial. Pending as to Randolph.
Paine, Stephen, et al. (Conti- nental Securities Corporation).	17 6 7	Southern District of New York do	Nov. 2, 1938 Mar. 31, 1939 May 31, 1939	violate same.	Robb pleaded guilty to third indictment Oct. 18, 1939. Hansell. Morris. Paine, and Solomont were found
Paine Statistical Corporation, et al.	6	New Jersey			All defendants have been apprehended. Pending.
Pennsylvania Finance Company, Inc., et al.	13	Eastern District of Pennsylvania.	Apr. 11, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and	Pending.
Peoples Gas & Oil Corporation	11	Western District of Washington.	Oct. 20, 1937	fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	on Feb. 8, 1939. Trial on third indictment opened Aug. 21, 1939. Four defendants were found guilty. Broome. Robkins, and Roth were acquitted. Jury
,	10 9	do	June 25, 1938 Dec. 3, 1938	do	was unable to reach a verdict as to Myers. William Markowitz and J. F. Simons were each sentenced to 8 years' imprisonment and fined \$10,000; Samuel Markowitz to 3 years. Milton Simons was given a suspended sentence. Samuel and William Markowitz and J. F. Simons have appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. Pending.
Pioneer Gold Producers, Inc	6	Colorado	Apr. 26, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Four defendants have been apprehended. Pending.

Platt & Company	6	sylvania.		act, mail fraud, and conspiracy
	7	do	Feb. 22, 1938	do
to	7	do	do	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act and conspiracy to violate sec. 17 (a) (3) of 1933 act.
27:32964121	2	Southern District of New York.	June 15, 1939	(a) (b) 01 1853 act. Conspiracy to defraud the United States of and concern- ing its governmental function of administering the 1933 and 1934 acts.
Plymouth Consolidated Gold Mines, Ltd., et al.	6	Delaware	Mar. 10, 1936	Sec. 5 (a) of 1933 act and con- spiracy to violate same.
Plymouth Cooperage Corporation, et al.	3	Eastern District of Michigan.	Apr. 6, 1939	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.
Producers Associates, Inc., et al.	3	do	June 9, 1939	Secs. 5 (a) (1) and (2) and 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.
Rossignol & Crocy, Inc	2	Northern District of Georgia.	June 28, 1938	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate secs. 17 (a) (1), (2), and
	2	do	Jan. 30, 1939	(3) of 1933 act and mail fraud. Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.
Ryan, Frank J., et al	4	Southern District of Florida.	Sept. 25, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act; mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late same.
Santa Cruz Mining Company	1	Northern District of Illi-	Mar. 15, 1940	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and
Santa Fe Land Trust and Title Company.	2	nois. Northern District of Texas.	Sept. 21, 1939	mail fraud. Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.
Sauls, Rufus C., Jr	. 1	Eastern District of Ten-	Nov. 14, 1939	Mail fraud
Saunders (Carleton) & Co		nessee. New Jersey	June 29, 1937	Conspiracy to violate sec. 17 of 1933 act and mail fraud.

McKee and Platt were found guilty under the fourth indictment on Sept. 29, 1939; each sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment and fined \$2.500.

Frankel, Lutz, and McNey pleaded guilty Nov. 6, 1939, to the third indictment; each defendant was placed on probation for 2 years and fined \$200. This indictment was nolle prossed as to the remaining 4 defendants. Platt pleaded guilty Dec. 4, 1939, to the second indictment; sentenced to 2½ years to run concurrently with sentence imposed under fourth indictment. The second indictment was nolle prossed as to the remaining 6 defendants, and the first indictment as to all defendants. McKee and Platt have filed notice of intention to appeal from the judgments entered against them under the fourth indictment; pending.

Florian pleaded guilty on Sept. 17, 1937, and received \$5,000 fine. The indictment was *nolle prossed* as to Emmons. The remaining defendants are fugitives in Mexico.

All of the defendants have been apprehended. Trial set for Sept. 10, 1940.

Burbank and Guest each pleaded guilty to 2 Securities Act counts and to the conspiracy count. On Oct. 19, 1939, Burbank was sentenced to 18 months; Guest to 1 year and 1 day. The indictment was nolle prossed as to Producers Associates, Inc.

Both defendants were found guilty under second indictment on Nov. 4, 1939. Croey was sentenced to 2½ years' imprisonment; Rossignol to 4 years. Rossignol appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit; Judgment affirmed June 20, 1940. Pending as to the counts of the first indictment which charge violation of the mail fraud statutes and conspiracy; demurrers were sustained as to the Securities Act counts.

All defendants have been apprehended. Pending.

Harry J. Mallen entered a plea of not guilty on Apr. 22, 1940. Pending.

Trial opened Oct. 2, 1940. Both defendants were found guilty. Davis was sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment and fined \$5,000; Summerfield to 2 years. Davis appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit; judgment affirmed June 28, 1940.

Sauls pleaded guilty on Dec. 1, 1939, and was sentenced to serve 15 months in a reformatory.

Nine defendants have been apprehended. Pending.

Table II.—Indictments returned for violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the mail fraud statute (in the preparation of which the Commission took part) which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Name under which case was re- ferred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Indictment returned	Charges	Status of case
Schelzel, Herbert C., et al	4	Eastern District of Michi-	June 20, 1940		Schelzel pleaded guilty June 27, 1940. Pending.
Scott, Robert E., et al	21	gan. Western District of Louisi- ana.	Oct. 17, 1934	violate same. Sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act, mail fraud. and conspiracy to violate mail fraud.	Sixteen defendants pleaded guilty Mar. 11, 1935; sentences ranged from 1 year and 1 day to 7 years. Don Simmons pleaded noto contendere Apr. 5, 1938, and was sentenced to 90 days in jail (to run concurrently with sentence in Turivas case). Sidney P. Klein pleaded noto contendere Oct. 12, 1939, and was sentenced noto contendere Oct. 12, 1939, and was sentenced.
Secord-Vanderpoel & Co., Inc., et al.	17	Southern District of New York.	Dec. 24, 1936	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late mail fraud.	tenced to I year and I day in a reformatory. Pending as to 3 defendants. Alshire and Secord pleaded guilty June 7, 1938. Indictment dismissed as to Leslie and Tucker on June 21, 1938. Edell, Gutterson, Strahl, Edwin T. Vanderpoel, and Secord-Vanderpoel & Co., Inc., found guilty June 29, 1938. Camp, Lawrence, Mandel, and Washington Irving Vanderpoel found not guilty. Sentences ranged from a suspended sentence
					to 3 years' imprisonment. The corporation was fined \$1,000. Indictment severed as to Bryan, John- son, Kelly, and Warner; pending as to them.
Seminole Provident Trust	6	Minnesota	July 13, 1939	and 23 of 1933 act, mail fraud,	Ahlborg pleaded nolo contendere and Dedman and Perry guilty to the conspiracy count of second indictment.
·	5	do	do	and conspiracy to violate same. Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late mail fraud and secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act.	Backenstoce and Card entered pleas of nolo contendere to 1 count of first indictment. On Oct. 9, 1939, trial opened as to Allport and Kimball, the 2 indictments having been consolidated for trial. Allport was found guilty and Kimball acquitted. Imposition of sentence was suspended as to Allport, Backenstoce, and Card and each placed on probation. Dedman and Perry were sentenced to 15 months imprisonment: Ahlborg to 4 months and \$1,500 fine. All
Shideler and Company	2	Southern District of Indiana.	Sept. 20, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.	counts of both indictments, not previously disposed of, were dismissed Nov. 16, 1939. Fred W. Shideler pleaded guilty and was sentenced to 7 years and fined \$5,000 on Sept. 25, 1939. Trial opened Jan. 8, 1940, as to William A. Shideler. He
Southwestern Detective Agency	3	Northern District of Texas.	Jan. 24, 1940	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.	was found guilty and sentenced to 8 years. Trial opened Feb. 3, 1940. All 3 defendants were found guilty. Thompson was sentenced to 7 years; Allen to 5 years; Combs to 30 days in Dallas County jail. On Feb. 20, 1940, the defendants paid to the clerk of court a large proportion of the funds they had obtained from the public for restitution to per-

Standard Commercial Tobacco Company, Inc., et al.	6	Southern District of New York.	Jan. 3, 1940	Secs. 9 (a) (1) (A), (B), and (C) and 9 (a) (2) of 1934 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio- late secs. 9 (a) (1) and (2) of 1934 act and mail fraud (ma-
	6	do	Feb. 23, 1940	nipulation). Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act, secs. 9 (a) (1) and
Stemmler & Company	4	do	Dec. 7, 1939	(2) of 1934 act, and mail fraud. Mail fraud
	7	do	Feb. 1, 1940	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.
Stokes (N. J.) and Company, Inc.	3	Colorado	Mar. 11, 1938	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate same.
Surety Investment and Finance Company, Inc.	75	Southern District of New York.	Sept. 30, 1938	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same.
Suwannee Life Insurance Com-	1	Southern District of Flor- ida.	'	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act and mail fraud.
E. Marid	1	do	l	Conspiracy to violate sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail fraud.
	12 2	do	Apr. 11, 1939 do	Mail fraud. Do.
Texas Mutual Reserve Life Insur-	1	Eastern District of Texas	Feb. 13, 1940	Secs. 17 (a) (1) and (2) of 1933 act and mail fraud.
ance Company. Thurman, Arthur George	3	Massachusetts	Jan. 19, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (2) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to vio-
Trenton Valley Distillers Corpo-	2		Feb. 3, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and
ration. Tri-Base of Montana	5	gan. District of Montana	Feb. 17, 1939	mail fraud. Secs. 5 (a) (2) and 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act, mail fraud, and conspiracy to violate mail fraud and secs. 5 (a) and 17 (a) of 1933 act.

sons defrauded, and the court reduced Thompson's sentence to 5 years and Allen's to 18 months. Thompson has filed notice of intention to appeal.

All defendants have pleaded not guilty except Louis C. George, who is incarcerated on a state charge. Pending.

McDermott has pleaded guilty to both indictments. The remaining defendants have been apprehended. Pending.

On Sept. 13, 1938, Evans and White were found guilty upon their pleas of nolo contenders; each placed on probation for 3 years. N. J. Stokes is a fugitive in Ireland.

Sixty-four defendants have been apprehended. Bokal, Comerford, Goldie, Mussman, Seidler, and Strahl entered pleas of guilty. Bokal was sentenced to serve 2 months; Comerford to 1 year and 1 day to run concurrently with sentence under another indictment. Rubin Goren is deceased. Pending. Trial opened Oct. 16, 1939, on the first, second, and

Trial opened Oct. 16, 1939, on the first, second, and third indictments, which were consolidated for trial. J. P. Atkins, T. W. Benson, C. O. Davenport, and W. H. Gillespie were found guilty. Sentences ranged from 6 to 18 months. T. W. Benson appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit; judgment affirmed June 4, 1940. Directed verdict of not guilty was entered as to 8 defendants. The fourth indictment is pending.

J. M. May surrendered on Feb. 22, 1940. Pending.

Levinson and Lincoln have been apprehended. Pending.

Harry Low surrendered on Feb. 24, 1939. Walter H. Hardie has not been apprehended. Pending. All defendants pleaded guilty. On May 10, 1940, Chew, Clink, and Egbert Pandolfo were each sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment and fined \$2,000; Samuel Pandolfo to 6 months and \$500. Heth received a suspended sentence and was placed on probation for 5 years; fined \$100.

Table II.—Indictments returned for violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Act Exchange of 1934, or the mail fraud statute (in the preparation of which the Commission took part) which were pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Name under which case was re- ferred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Indictment returned	Charges	Status of case
U. S. Chromium, Inc	1	Northern District of Illi-	June 28, 1940	Secs. 5 (a) (2) and 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	William M. Muchow has not been apprehended. Pending.
United States Milling Corpora- tion.	1	Delaware	, - '	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Frank E. Nemec was found guilty on 4 Securities Act and 2 mail fraud counts. On Feb. 13, 1940, he was
	1	do	do	Title 18, sec. 241 of U. S. Code (attempting to influence a witness).	sentenced to 4 years' imprisonment and fined \$1,000. Second indictment is pending.
Universal Service Association, Inc.		Northern District of Illi-	May 1,1940		All defendants have been apprehended. Trial set for Sept. 9, 1940.
Weber, John	1 1	Northern District of Texas	Nov. 8,1938		Weber was found guilty Feb. 18, 1938, on all counts of both indictments. Sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment on first 4 counts and 5 years' suspended on counts 5 to 8 of first indictment, and 5 years on second indictment, sentences to run concurrently. Weber appealed and on Apr. 18, 1939, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit dismissed the appeal on the ground that the bill of exceptions was not filled within the time prescribed by court rules.
West Coast Minerals Corporation.	2	Northern District of Illinois.	Dec. 14, 1939	Sec. 17 (a) (1) of 1933 act and mail fraud.	Petition for certiorari denied Oct. 16, 1939. Trial opened May 16, 1940. Dickelman pleaded guilty. Weinland was found guilty on 2 Securities Act counts. Each defendant was placed on probation for 6 months.
Whealton Company et al	14		į.	Mail fraud and conspiracy to violate same. Sec. 17 (a) of 1933 act.	Trial on first indictment opened June 15, 1938. Coffin, M. F. Whealton, Whealton Company, and Commonwealth Trust Company were found guilty; Hartman was acquitted; Barcus pleaded guilty prior to trial. First indictment dismissed Aug. 3, 1938, as to Alexander, Lipsey, Massey, Turner, and Wilson. Sentences ranged from a suspended sentence to 2½ years' imprisonment. Whealton Company received \$10,000 fine and Commonwealth Trust Co. \$4,000. Coffin, M. F. Whealton, and Commonwealth Trust Company appealed. On June 29, 1940, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit reversed the judgment of the district court as to these defendants and remanded case for new trial. Pending.

Table III.—Indictments returned for perjury committed in the course of investigations conducted by the Commission

Name under which case was re- ferred to Department of Justice	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Indictment returned	. Charges	Status of case
Buckman (B. E.) and Company	1 1 1 1 1 4	do	dodododo Nov. 21, 1938	do	Jackson and Slettleland have been apprehended. Buckman and George were convicted in another case for violating the Securities Act of 1933 and the mail fraud statutes on June 5, 1940. Pending.
Edwards Petroleum Company	1	Northern District of Texas.	Nov. 10, 1939 do	Perjurydo	Little pleaded guilty on Nov. 16, 1939, and was sentenced to 3 years, suspended for 3 years. Trial of Monzingo opened Nov. 14, 1939; he was acquitted.
Mascuch, Joseph J., et al	1	Vork		do	Mascuch was found guilty on both counts of the first
	1 2			Conspiracy to commit perjury.	Circuit affirmed his conviction. He filed petition for certiorar: May 31, 1940. The second and third indictments are pending.
Union Electric Company of Missouri.	1 1 1 1	Eastern District of Missouri, dodododo	Mar. 13, 1940 do	Perjury	ment returned against him; sentenced to 6 months

Table IV.—Petitions for review of orders of Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (other than confidential treatment cases), and the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 pending in circuit courts of appeals during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Petitioner	United States Circuit Court of Appeals	Initiating papers filed	Nature of case	Status of case
Morris, Lewis H., et al. (as a committee for the protection of 7-percent preferred stockholders of International Paper & Power Company).	Second	Jan 25, 1940	Petition for review of Commission's order dismissing application of International Paper & Power Company for approval of its plan of recapitalization; and for an order directing Commission to reinstate the proceedings under sec. 7 of 1935 act and to grant petitioners an opportunity to apply for order of restitution.	Original transcript of record filed May 29, 1940.
Unity Gold Corporation	Ninth	Sept. 17, 1938	Petition for review of a stop order entered by the Commission under sec. 8 (d) of 1933 act on July 19, 1938.	Petition for review dismissed on motion of petitioner July 31, 1939.
Wright, Charles C	Second	Apr. 26,1938	Petition for review of Commission's order under sec. 19 (a) (3) of 1934 act and to restrain the enforcement of the expulsion order promulgated thereunder.	Opinion rendered by the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit on May 20, 1940. The court found that the evidence was sufficient to support the finding of the Commission that Wright had violated sec. 9 (a) (2) of the 1934 act but was insufficient to support the finding that Wright had violated sec. 9 (a) (1) of the 1934 act. Therefore, the order of the Commission was reversed and the cause remanded in order that the Commission might determine, in its discretion, whether its order should be modified to one of suspension rather than expulsion.

Table V.—Petitions for review of orders denying confidential treatment under sec. 24 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which were pending in circuit courts of appeals during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Petitioner	United States Circuit Court of Appeals	Initiating pa- pers filed	Status of case
American Sumatra Tobacco Corporation, case No. 1 (Form 10). American Sumatra Tobacco Corporation, case No. 2 (annual reports, fiscal years ended July 31, 1936 and	District of Columbiado	July 9, 1936 Mar. 23, 1939	Case No. 2 consolidated with case No. 1 by court order of Apr. 5, 1939. Orders of the Commission denying petitioner's requests for confidential treatment affirmed by the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia on Jan. 12, 1940.
Mathleson Alkali Works (Inc.) (The)	doSecondThirddo.	Aug. 25, 1936 Apr. 3, 1936 Nov. 26, 1935 June 13, 1939	Dismissed by stipulation on court order July 6, 1939. Dismissed by stipulation on court order Jan. 25, 1940. Dismissed by stipulation on court order May 6, 1940.
for 1935, 1936, and 1937). New York Trap Rock Corporation, case No. 1 (Form 10). New York Trap Rock Corporation, case No. 2 (an-	Seconddodo	July 24, 1936 Mar. 30, 1939	Dismissed by stipulation on court order Aug. 18, 1939.
nual reports for 1935 and 1936). Sheaffer (W. A.) Pen Company	Eighth	June 1, 1936	Dismissed by stipulation on court order Feb. 26, 1940.

Table VI.—Case involving constitutionality of Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Plaintiff	United States District Court	Initiating papers filed	Nature of case	Status of case
Columbus Railway, Power and Light Company (The), a corporation.	Southern District of Ohio	Nov. 30, 1935	Suit to enjoin enforcement of the 1935 act and for de- claratory judgment that the 1935 act is unconstitu- tional.	Dismissed by plain- tiff on Nov. 15,1939.

Table VII.—Proceedings by Commission, pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940, to enforce subpense under the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Principal defendants	Number of de- fendants	United States District Court	Initiating papers filed	Section of act involved	Status of case
Clayton, W. E., et al	2	District of Columbia	Feb. 27, 1939	Sec. 21 (c) of 1934 act	Order granting application entered by district court Mar. 17, 1939. Defendants appealed. On Dec. 21, 1939, the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, on motion of the Commission, reversed the order of the district court and remanded the case with instructions to dismiss proceedings on the ground of mootness. Case dismissed Jan. 15, 1940, by
Dillon, Sidney J	1	Southern District of Iowa.	Feb. 8, 1939	Sec. 22 (b) of 1933 act.	district court in accordance with mandate. Order granting application entered by district court on Feb. 11, 1939. Defendant appealed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit. The appeal was dismissed by stipulation on Sept. 8, 1939.
Mallory, Margaret	1	District of Columbia	Feb. 27, 1939	Sec. 21 (c) of 1934 act.	Order granting application entered by district court Mar. 17, 1939. Defendants appealed. On Dec. 21, 1939, the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, on motion of the Commission, reversed the order of the district court and remanded the case with instructions to dismiss proceedings on the ground of mootness. Case dismissed Jan. 15, 1940, by district court in accordance with mandate.
Oklahoma-Southern Trust et al	2	Northern District of Okla- homa.	Sept. 18, 1939	Sec. 22 (b) of 1933 act.	Order entered Sept. 27, 1939, directing defendants to appear before the Commission and produce documentary evidence. Defendants appealed. On Apr. 22, 1940, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit, on motion of the Com- mission, remanded the case to the district court with in- structions to dismiss the proceedings on the ground of moot- ness.
Orler, Jordan S	1	Massachusetts	Jan. 30, 1940	do	Order entered Feb. 26, 1940, on assent of both parties, dismissing application. (Jordan produced his books and records without court order.)
Paymaster Plan, Inc., (The) et al	2	do	Oct. 2, 1939	do	without control of the control of all parties, dismissing application. (The officials of the corporation produced the books and records of the corporation without court order.)
Second Larkins-Warr Trust et al	2	Northern District of Okla- homa.	Sept. 18, 1939	do	order entered Sept. 27, 1939, directing defendants to appear before the Commission and produce documentary evidence. Defendants appealed. On April 22, 1940, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit, on motion of the Commis- sion, remanded the case to the district court with instruc- tions to dismiss the proceedings on the ground of mootness.

Smith, Charles J	1	District of Columbia	Feb. 27, 1939	Sec. 21 (c) of 1934 act.	Order granting application entered by district court Mar. 17, 1839. Defendants appealed. On Dec. 21, 1939, the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, on motion of the Commission, reversed the order of the district court and remanded the case with instructions to dismiss proceedings on the ground of moothess. Case dismissed Jan. 15, 1940, by district court in accordance with mandate.
Southwest Investment Trust et al	2	Northern District of Okla- homa.	Sept. 18, 1939	Sec. 22 (b) of 1933 act	Order entered Sept. 27, 1939, directing defendants to appear before the Commission and produce documentary evidence. Defendants appealed. On Apr. 22, 1940, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit, on motion of the Commis- sion, remanded the case to the district court with instruc-
Tung Corporation of America et al	2	Northern District of Illinois.	Dec. 19, 1939	do	tions to dismiss the proceedings on the ground of mootness. Order entered Aug. 5, 1940, on motion of Commission. (The documents were produced without court order.)

Table VIII.—Miscellaneous suits against Commission or Commissioners pending during fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Parties plaintiff	United States District Court	Initiating papers filed	Nature of case	Status of case
Jones, J. Edward	District of Columbia.	May 23, 1938	Action at law for damages against in- dividual Commissioners for con- spiring to maliciously prosecute and defame the character of the plaintiff.	Demurrers to complaint sustained on Apr. 20, 1939; plaintiff was given leave to amend complaint. Amended complaint filed May 16, 1939. Amended complaint dismissed June 14, 1939. Order entered June 20, 1939, granting plaintiff leave to file second amended complaint. Second amended complaint filed June 26, 1939. Order entered Oct. 6, 1939, dismissing action for failure of plaintiff to file a further amended complaint within the time allowed by the order dismissing the second amended complaint. Plaintiff has appealed to the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia.

Table IX.—Contempt proceedings pending during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Principal defendants	Number of defend- ants		Initiating papers filed	Status of case
Ivanoff, Peter	1	Western District of Washington	Aug. 28, 1939	Order entered Dec. 11, 1939, decreeing that Ivanoff had purged himself of contempt by returning to investors all the moneys which he had collected as donations.
Plymouth Consolidated Gold Mines, Ltd., et al.	5	Delaware	Oct. 31, 1935	Order for writ of attachment for sequestration of property of corporate defendants signed; writ issued and served on Nov. 25, 1935. Pending.
Universal Service Association et al	6	Northern District of Illinois	Mar. 3, 1939	C. Franklin Davis and Universal Service Association held in contempt on June 22, 1939; Davis sentenced to 6 months in jail and Universal Service Association fined \$1,000. Suit dismissed against Claude H. Carter, Justus Chancellor, Fred E. Bennett, and Universal Order of Plenocrats. On Jan. 4, 1940, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit affirmed the judgment of the district court as to C. Franklin Davis and reversed the judgment as to Universal Service Association. Petition for certiorari denied Apr. 22, 1940.
Verser-Clay Company et al	4	Western District of Oklahoma	Sept. 30, 1939	On Feb. 17, 1940, all defendants were decreed to be in contempt of court. E. C. Clay and J. C. Verser were each fined \$500; Mid-Continent Crude Oil Purchasing Company and Verser-Clay Company \$1 each.

Table X.—Suits against Commission to enjoin enforcement of the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Parties plaintiff	United States District Court	Initiating papers filed	Nature of case	Status of case
Bagdad Copper Corporation	District of Columbia	Aug. 4, 1937	Suit for declaratory judgment that securities of defendant corporation are exempt from the registration provisions under sec. 3 (a) (1) of 1933 act; and that plaintiff has a right to withdraw its registration without the consent of the Commission.	Motion of defendants to dismiss complaint filed Aug. 24, 1937; order granting motion to dismiss complaint entered Nov. 24, 1937, and plaintiff granted leave to plead over within 30 days; stipulation filed Feb. 26, 1938, extending time for plaintiff to file amended complaint to Mar. 15, 1938. No further action taken.
Maxfield, James, doing business under the name of Chiquita Mine Syndicate.	Removed to the Federal Court for the District of Nevada from the Eighth District Court for the State of Nevada.	Feb. 10, 1940	Action for declaratory judgment as to plaintiff's right to dispose of his shares of stock in subject company on the theory that such shares of stock were exempt from the registration provisions of the 1933 act; and for injunction to restrain the Commission from interfering with such disposition and to prevent the Chiquita Mining Company, Ltd., from refusing to make the transfer on its books.	Suit dismissed June 1, 1940, on motion of plain- tiff.

Table XI.—Probation proceedings resulting from evidence submitted by the Commission—Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Name of defendant	United States District Court	Proceedings instituted	Status of case
Grubbs, Leland		Nov. 6, 1939 Nov. 7, 1939	As a result of the activities of Leland Grubbs in the sale of securities in violation of the conditions of his probation, the 2-year suspended sentence imposed upon him in 1932 for violation of the mail fraud statute was revoked on Nov. 6, 1939. He was also fined \$500, sentenced to 6 months in jail, and given a 5-year suspended sentence. On Nov. 7, 1939, the suspended sentence imposed on Little in May 1934 for violation of the mail
Maurice, William	District of Iowa	Oct. 25, 1939	fraud statute was revoked due to his activities in connection with the sale of securities in violation of his probation. He was sentenced to 3 years' imprisonment. This sentence was set aside on Nov. 16, 1939, and an order was entered directing that Little serve only 1 year and 1 day. As a result of false statements made by William Maurice in his broker-dealer registration under the Securities Exchange Act, the probation upon which he was placed in April 1938 for violation of the mail fraud statute was revoked on Oct. 25, 1939. He was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment.

Table XII.—Applications to approve and enforce Commission orders approving voluntary plans for corporate simplification pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, pending during fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Name of case	United States District Court	Initiating papers filed	Nature of case	Status of case
Community Power and Light Co	Southern District of New York.	Mar. 18, 1940	Application for an order under secs. 11 (e) and 18 (f) of 1935 act to enforce order of Commission under sec. 11 (e) of 1935 act approving plan of corporate simplification, and for injunction to prevent security holders from interfering with the enforcement of the plan.	Order entered June 17, 1940, granting application.

Table XIII.—Cases (other than under the Bankruptcy Act) in which the Commission was permitted to file briefs as amicus curiae during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Name of case	United States Circuit Court of Appeals	Commission granted leave to file brief	Status of case
Alice P. Hutchinson v. The Fidelity Investment Association.	Fourth	August 9, 1939.	Case originated as security holder's action to secure appointment of receiver under State law. On appeal by an intervenor, the briefs and argument raised the question as to the effect on the issues of this case of the injunction obtained by the Commission in S. E. C. v. The Fidelity Investment Association. After argument, the Commission was permitted to file a brief taking the position that the relief afforded by the injunction did not fully remedy the conditions for which the appellant prayed relief by the appointment of a receiver but without expressing any opinion as to whether such relief should be granted. On Aug. 28, 1939, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit affirmed the decree of the district court dismissing the suit for the appointment of receiver and stated that the earlier injunction had no bearing upon the issues of this case.

Table XIV.—Cases under Chapter X of the Bankruptcy Act in which the Commission participated as appellee during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Name of case	Court	Nature and status of case
In the matter of Blinrig Realty Corporation, debtor: Title Guarantee and Trust Company as trustee for the benefit of certificate holders, appellant, v. Blinrig Realty Corporation et al, appellees.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Second Circuit.	Appeal from order approving debtor's petition for reorganization under Chapter X of the Bankruptcy Act. The Commission participated in the appeal, taking the position that the legal grounds urged by appellant for dismissal were unsound, that the district court's determination to retain the case was an exercise of discretion, which should not be reviewed, and therefore that the order of the district court should be affirmed. While the appeal was pending, the trustee for the certificate holders filed a motion in the district court for dismissal, pursuant to Section 236 of the Bankruptcy Act. The Commission did not oppose the petition, and the case was dismissed on June 17, 1940. On Aug. 16, 1940, the court of appeals reversed the order of the district court sustaining the Commission on the legal points involved, but holding that the history of the debtor's efforts to reorganize in the State court did not warrant the belief that there was a reasonable prospect of consummating a plan under Chapter X.
In the matter of Deep Rock Oil Corporation, debtor: Standard Gas and Electric Company, appellant, v. John M. Taylor et al., appellees.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Tenth Circuit.	Appeal from order construing mandate of the Supreme Court in Taylor v. Standard Gas and Electric Co. (306 U. S., 307) and holding that Standard is not entitled to participate under plan as creditor or common stockholder. The Commission joined with other appellees in a motion to dismiss the appeal and filed a separate brief in support thereof. On June 29, 1940, the court of

appeals denied the motion to dismiss the appeal but affirmed the order of the district court. A second appeal has been filed in this matter by Standard

appellee in support of order appealed from. Affirmed, without opinion,

from a subsequent order entered by district court on May 28, 1940, approving a plan of reorganization of the debtor which made no provision for Standard's participation under the plan. The Commission joined with other appellees in a motion to dismiss the appeal, or, in the alternative, to affirm the order: motion pending. Appeal from an order disapproving a plan of reorganization filed in a proceeding The Highland Towers Co., debtor, and Equitable Trust United States Circuit Court of Apunder Section 77B of the Bankruptcy Act and making Chapter X of the act, Company, as trustee, intervener, appellants v. Bond-holders' Protective Committee of "Highland Towers" peals, Sixth Circuit. as amended, applicable to the proceedings. The Commission filed a brief in support of the order appealed from. On June 27, 1940, the court of appeals (formerly Farrand Building) Bond Issue, Michigan Public Trust Commission, and Securities and Exchange affirmed the order of the district court and remanded the case for proceedings consistent with its opinion. Commission, appellees, In the matter of Insurance Building Corporation, debtor: United States Circuit Court of Ap-Appeal from order denying, under Section 249 of the Bankruptcy Act, petition of Otis & Co. for compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of Otis & Co., appellant v. Insurance Building Corporapeals, First Dircuit. expenses incurred in the reorganization proceeding of appellee corporation. tion et al., appellees. The district court held that Section 249 of the Bankruptcy Act required denial of the petition because Otis & Company, while acting as a representative of the bondholders of the debtor, purchased and sold bonds of the debtor. The Commission filed a brief as appellee in support of the order appealed from. Affirmed Mar. 15, 1940. United States Circuit Court of Ap-Appeals were taken in this matter by the mortgage trustee and debtor from Mara Villa Realty Company, debtor, and James I. D. orders rejecting the debtor's plan of reorganization under Section 77B of the Straus, as trustee, intervener, appellants, v. Paul E. peals, Sixth Circuit. Bankruptcy Act, requesting the Commission's appearance in the proceeding, Weadock, as examiner; Securities and Exchange Commission: Bondholders' Protective Committee of "The and appointing an examiner. While the appeals were pending, the debtor, proposed modifications of the plan, which had the approval of the interested Mara Villa" Bond Issue: Michigan Public Trust Comparties, and petitioned the appellate court for an order confirming the plan mission, appellees. upon condition that the modifications be adopted or, in the alternative, that the court modify its supersedeas so that a like petition could be presented to the district court for the sole purpose of the consideration and entry of a determinative order thereon. The Commission took the position that while there was doubt as to some aspects of the plan as proposed to be modified, the court might properly enter a determinative order upholding it. It further took the position that the district court did not err in requesting Commission participation and appointing an examiner. On Sept. 18, 1939, the court of appeals remanded the cases to the district court for consideration of the substituted plan. Appeals were taken in this matter by the mortgage trustee and debtor from Metropolitan Holding Company, debtor, and James I. D. United States Circuit Court of Ap-, orders requesting the Commission's appearance in the proceedings, appoint-Straus, as trustee, intervener, appellants, v. Paul E. peals, Sixth Circuit. ing an examiner, and disapproving a proposed plan of reorganization under Section 77B of the Bankruptcy Act; only the appeal from the last order, however, was argued in appellant's briefs. The Commission filed a brief as Weadock, as Examiner; Securities and Exchange Commission; Bondholders' Protective Committee of "Metrcpolitan Commercial Block" Bond Issue; Michigan Publie Trust Commission, appellees. appellee in support of the order disapproving the plan. On June 27, 1940, this order was affirmed, and the appeal from the orders requesting the Commission's appearance and appointing an examiner was dismissed. In the matter of Oscar Nebel Co., Inc., debtor: United States Circuit Court of Ap-Appeal by common stockholder from order approving plan of reorganization Meta Nebel, appellant, v. Paul Freeman et al., apunder Chapter X of the Bankruptcy Act. The Commission filed a brief as peals, Third Circuit. pellees.

Mar. 7, 1940.

Table XIV.—Cases under Chapter X of the Bankruptcy Act in which the Commission participated as appellee during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

Name of case	Court	Nature and status of case
In the matter of The Penfield Distilling Company, debtor: Jacob Goldman and Harold H. Goldman, appellants, v. Securities and Exchange Commission, appellee.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth Circuit.	Appeal from order entered upon motion of the Commission, enjoining the Goldmans from fraudulently soliciting authorizations and contributions from holders of the debtor's preferred stock and for an accounting of all funds obtained from stockholders. The Commission filed briefs as appelled in support of the order appealed from. Affirmed, without opinion, June 27, 1940.
Porto Rican American Tobacco Company, debtor-appellant, et al r. Nathaniel F. Glidden et al., as the Porto Rican American Tobacco Company Bondholders Committee et al., appellee.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Second Circuit.	Appeal by the debtor and two committees representing groups of Class A stockholders from an order approving a plan of reorganization in a proceeding under Chapter X of the Bankruptcy Act. The Commission filed a brief as appellee in support of the order appealed from. Affirmed June 17, 1940.
In the matter of South State Street Building Corporation, a corporation, debtor: Harold M. Keele, petitioner-appellant v. Bon Gold, trustee of the estate of South State Street Building Corporation, debtor, et al., respondents-appellees.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Seventh Circuit.	This case on appeal was the consolidation of several appeals from orders of the district court denying petitions to quash, or in the alternate, to amend certain subpoenas duces tecum issued by the district court in an investigation under Section 167 of Chapter X of the Bankruptcy Act. The Commission filed a brief as appealed in support of the orders appealed from. Affirmed July 13, 1939.
Whitmore Plaza Corporation, debtor, and James I. D. Straus, as Trustee, Intervener, appellant v. Frank Smith, Wallace O. Line, Trustee, Securities and Exchange Commission. Bondholders Protective Committee of "Whitmore Plaza" Building Bond Issue, Michigan Public Trust Commission, Max Kogan, appellees.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth Circuit.	Two appeals were taken in this matter by the debtor and mortgage trustee; one from the orders requesting the Commission's appearance in the proceeding and appointing a trustee for debtor, and the other, from the order denying confirmation of debtor's plan of reorganization under Section 77B of the Bankruptcy Act. The Commission filed briefs as appellee in support of the orders appealed from. On June 27, 1940, the court of appeals affirmed the order of the district court and remanded the case for proceedings consistent with its opinion.
Wilton Realty Corporation, debtor, and Equitable Trust Company, as Trustee, intervener, appellants v. Paul E. Weadock, as Examiner; Securities and Exchange Commission; Bondholders Protective Committee of "The Wilton" Building Bond Issue; Michigan Public Trust Commission, appellees.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth Circuit.	Appeals were taken in this matter by the debtor and mortgage trustee from orders rejecting the debtor's proposed plan of roorganization under Section 77B of the Bankruptey Act, making the Securities and Exchange Commission a party to the proceedings pursuant to Chapter X, Section 208 of the Bankruptey Act, and appointing an examiner. The Commission filed a brief as appellee, taking the position that the order making the Commission a party to the proceedings should be affirmed, and that the order appointing an examiner should likewise be affirmed if the order denying confirmation of the plan was affirmed—otherwise the issue would be moot. The Commission, while expressing doubt as to certain aspects of the plan, concluded in its brief that the plan might be approved. On Oct. 6, 1939, the court of appeals affirmed without opinion, the orders appealed from. Upon petition nor writ of certiforari, the Commission took the position that the fluding of the lower courts was not so plainly erroneous or in such conflict with principles established by the Supreme Court as to justify the Commission's urging the Court to grant the writ. Certiforari was denied Jan. 15 1940.

Table XV.—Cases under the Bankruptcy Act in which the Commission opposed proceedings under Chapter X1 on the ground that the debtors were entitled to bankruptcy relief only under Chapter X during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Name of case	Court	Nature and status of case .
Securities and Exchange Commission, appellant, v. Credit Service, Incorporated, a Delaware corporation, debtor, appellee.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Fourth Circuit.	The Commission appealed in this matter from the order denying its petition to intervene in the proceedings for an arrangement for the debtor corporation under Chapter XI of the Bankruptcy Act and from the order denying its motion to dismiss the proceedings on the ground that the district court had no jurisdiction under Chapter XI over the debtor, a large corporation with publicly held securities. While this appeal was pending, a proposed arrangement was rejected and the debtor was adjudicated a bankrupt. The appeal was dis-
Securities and Exchange Commission, intervener, appellant, v. United States Realty and Improvement Company, debtor, appellee; United States Realty and Improvement Company, debtor, appellant, v. Securities and Exchange Commission, appellee.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Second Circuit; United States Supreme Court.	missed by stipulation on July 5, 1940. Three appeals were taken in this matter from orders entered in an arrangement proceeding under Chapter XI of the Bankruptcy Act. The Commission appealed from an order overruling its motion to dismiss the proceedings on the ground that the district court had no jurisdiction under Chapter XI over the debtor, a large corporation with publicly held securities, and that the debtor could be reorganized in bankruptcy only under Chapter X. The Commission also appealed from an order referring the case to a referee for further proceedings. The debtor appealed from an order permitting the Commission to intervene in the proceedings. On Jan. 9, 1940, the court of appeals granted the motion of the debtor to dismiss the appeals of the Commission and reversed the order of the district court which permitted the Commission to intervene. The Supreme Court granted certiorari and on May 27, 1940, reversed the decision of the court of appeals and held that the district court should have dismissed the petition under Chapter XI.

Table XVI.—Cases under the Bankruptcy Act in which the commission was permitted to file briefs as amicus curiae during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

Name of case	Court	Nature and status of case
Thomas K. Case and Adele B. Cowan, petitioners, c. Los Angeles Lumber Products Co., Ltd., a corporation, respondent.	United States Supreme Court	Upon application by an objecting bondholder, the Supreme Court granted certiorari to review a decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit which had affirmed a district court order confirming a plan of reorganization. The United States on behalf of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission filed a brief, as amicus curies, urging that the plan was unfair in depriving bondholders of fully compensatory treatment although stockholders without an equity in the debtor were allowed to participate under the plan without making an adequate contribution in money or money's worth. Reversed Nov. 6, 1939, in an opinion
In the matter of Consolidated Rock Products Co., a Delaware corporation, debtor: Union Rock Co., a corporation, subsidiary, and Consumers Rock & Gravel Co., Inc., a corporation, subsidiary; E. Blois DuBois, an objecting bond-holder of record to the Plan of Reorganization, appellant v. Consolidated Rock Products Co. et al., appellees.	United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Ninth Circuit.	upholding the position urged in the brief of the United States. Appeal by an objecting bondholder from an order confirming a plan of reorganition. On Nov. 4, 1939, the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit affirmed the order of the district court. On a rehearing to consider the effect of the decision in Case v. Los Angeles Lumber Products Co., Ltd. the Commission filed a brief, as amicus curiac. urging that the plan did not meet the requirements of the full priority doctrine and was therefore unfair to the senior security holders of a solvent debtor. On June 19, 1940, the court of appeals reversed the order of the lower court. Further rehearing was denied and the court has granted a stay of mandate pending application to the Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari.

Table XVII.—Reorganization proceedings in which the Commission participated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

			Petit	ion—		Securities and Exchange
Debtor	District court	Proceedings instituted under—	Filed	Approved	Participation ¹	Commission notice of appearance filed
Buckeye Sheriff St. Realty Co. (The) American Fuel & Power Co. Buckeye Fuel Co. (The) Buckeye Gas Service Co.	E. D. Kydododo.	Sec. 77-B	Dec. 6, 1935 Nov. 28, 1939	Nov. 28, 1939	do	May 13, 1939 Do. May 1, 1940 Do. Do.
Carbreath Gas Co Inland Gas Distributing Corporation American Malting Co. American-National Co. (The)	dodo.	do	do	Apr. 6, 1940		Do. Do. Apr. 11, 1940 June 12, 1940

	D 34		Dec. 5, 1938	Dec. 5, 1938	Motion	Dec. 22, 1938
Arcade Malleable Iron Co	D. Mass	do	Dec. 5, 1938 Mar. 1, 1940	Mar. 1. 1940	_do	Mar. 19, 1940
Arrowhead Lake Corporation.	S. D. Cant.	<u>d</u> 0		Jan. 10, 1940	do	Jan. 15, 1940
Associated Gas & Electric Co.	S. D. N. Y	00	Jan. 10, 1940		do	Do.
Associated Gas & Electric Corporation	do	qo	Dec. 15, 1938	Dec. 15, 1938	Request	May 24, 1939
Associated Owners, Inc.	E. D. Wis	qo		Sept. 20, 1939	Motion	Oct. 3, 1939
Atlas Pipeline Corporation	W. D. La	ao	Sept. 20, 1939	Dec. 11, 1937	do	June 3, 1939
Auburn Automobile Co.	N. D. Ind	Sec. 77-B	Dec. 11, 1937	Jan. 19, 1938	do	Do.
			Jun. 10, 1000	Dec. 11, 1937	do	Do.
Lycoming Mfg. Co	do	do	Dec. 11, 1937	June 15, 1939	Request	July 19, 1939
Austin Silver Mining Co	S. D. N. Y	Ch. X	June 14, 1939		do	Apr. 10, 1939
Halfour Manor Apartments Co	E. D. Mich	Sec. 77-B	May 6, 1935	May 11, 1935 Oct. 31, 1936	do	Feb. 24, 1939
Relievue-Stratford Co	E. D. Pa	do	Oct. 30, 1936		Motion	Mar. 1, 1940
Blinrig Realty Corporation	E. D. N. Y	Ch. X	Jan. 13, 1940	Feb. 9, 1940	Request	Feb. 24, 1939
Book Cadillac Properties, Inc Brand's Restaurant Control Corporation	E. D. Mich	do	Feb. 14, 1939	Mar. 7, 1939	Motion	Aug. 30, 1939
No Brand's Restaurant Control Corporation	8. D. N. Y	do	Aug. 2, 1939	Aug. 10, 1939	Monon	Mar. 14, 1939
Brown Co	D. Maine	Sec. 77-B		Sept. 4, 1935	00	Dec. 14, 1938
Cadillac Square Improvement Co., Ltd	E. D. Mich	do	Sept. 21, 1938	Oct. 3, 1938	Request	Nov. 2, 1938
Camden Rail & Harbor Terminal Corporation	D. N. J	do	July 16, 1937	July 16, 1937	do	Dec. 12, 1938
Changery Lane Corneration	l do	Ch. X	Sept. 30, 1938	Dec. 16, 1938	do	
Coast & Valley Properties Inc	S. D. Calif	doa_	Aug. 10, 1939	Aug. 19, 1939	do	Sept 11, 1939
Colonial Utilities Inc	l D. Del	1 Sec. 77-B	Aug. 4, 1937	Aug. 4, 1937	Motion	Aug. 8, 1939
Colonial Utilities Corporation	do	do	do	do	do	Do. 1040
Commonwealth Light & Power Co. (The)	NDIII	l do	Oct. 9, 1934	Oct. 15, 1934	Request	June 21, 1940
Inland Power & Light Corporation	l do	l do	Oct. 10, 1934	do	do	Do
Connolidated Drace & Drinting Co. (The)	N D Ohio	I Ch X	I IVIAV 20. 1939	Sept. 2, 1939	Motion	Sept. 22, 1939
Q 4 4 . 1 D 1 Q Q .	Tr Tr Anh	Soc 77-13	I NOV 27 1937	Nov. 27, 1937	do	Dec. 5, 1938
				l do	dodo	ι υο.
Central West Water & Power Co	do	do	do	do	do	Do.
Central West Water & Power Co	do	do	do	do	do	Do.
Coerroya-Machan Cool Corneration	D Del	do	June 22, 1937	June 22, 1937	do	June 22, 1939
Coccessor & Co. Inc.	do	do	do	do	do	Do
Cosgrove & Co., Inc	do	do	do	do	do	Do.
						Do.
Deep Rock Oil Corporation	N D Okla	do	June 19, 1934			June 14, 1939
Dermon (Dave) Developments, Inc.	W D Tenn	Ch. X	June 30, 1939	Dec. 30, 1939	Request	Nov. 6, 1939
Detroit International Bridge Co.		Sec. 77-B		May 26, 1938	do	Sept. 26, 1938
Eastern Brewing Corporation (The)	D Copp	Ch. X	Sept. 6, 1939	Sept. 6, 1939	do	Feb. 23, 1940
Eau Claire Hotel Co		do		Dec. 14, 1938	do	
8309 Talbot Place Corporation		do		Jan. 10, 1939	Motion	
Elms Holding Co		do		Nov. 21, 1938	Request	
Euclid Doan Co		Sec. 77-B		June 8, 1937	Motion	
Flour Mills of America, Inc.		Ch. X	Mar. 20, 1939	Mar. 20, 1939	Request	
Fulnau Corporation (The)		do		July 6, 1939	Motion	July 25, 1939
		do	Dec. 11, 1939	Dec. 11, 1939	Request	Mar. 22, 1940
Fylgia Corporation Garland Manufacturing Co	W D Pa	do	Mar. 26, 1940	Mar. 26, 1940	do	May 3, 1940
Goldine Apartments Co.	F D Mich	Sec 77-B	May 4.1935	May 4, 1935	do	Apr. 10, 1939
				Apr. 11 1938	do	Apr. 4, 1939
				ado .	do	Do.
Griess-Pfleger Tanning Co. of Massachusetts	do	do	do	do	do	Do.
Griess-Pheger Tanning Co. of Peabody	'dv	1	.,			-1

[&]quot;Request" denotes participation at the request of the judge; "motion" refers to participation upon approval by the judge of the Commission's motion to participate.

Table XVII.—Reorganization proceedings in which the Commission participated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

			Petit	ion—		Securities and Exchange
. Debtor	District court	Proceedings instituted under—	Filed	Approved	Participation ¹	Commission notice of appearance filed
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co	E. D. Mo	Ch. X	Apr. 17, 1939	Apr. 17, 1939	Request	Apr. 25, 1939
Harrison Hotel Co	W D Mo	do	Aug. 12, 1939	Aug. 21, 1939	do	Dec. 14, 1939
Herbert V. Apartments Corporation	D. N. J	Sec. 77-B	July 8, 1937	July 16, 1937	do	Jan. 17, 1939
Highee Co. (The)	N. D. Ohio	do	Aug. 9, 1935	Aug. 9, 1935	Motion	Jan. 23, 1940
Highland Towers Co	E. D. Mich	. do	Mar. 30, 1937	Apr. 3, 1937	Request	
Indianapolis Athletic Club (The)	S. D. Ind	Ch. X	Oct. 1, 1938	Oct. 6, 1938	do	Nov. 22, 1938
Indianapolis Athletic Club (The)	do	do	do	do	do	Do.
Inland Gas Corporation	_ E. D. Ky	_ Sec. 77-B	Oct. 14, 1935	Nov. 1, 1935	do	Mar. 28, 1939
Insurance Building Corporation	_ D. Mass	do	June 3, 1938	June 3, 1938	Motion	
International Mining & Milling Co	_ D. Nev	Ch. X	June 29, 1939	June 29, 1939	do	
Mount Gaines Mining Co		_ do	do	do	do	Do.
Jay Vee Realty Co	_ D. N. J	Sec. 77-B		June 27, 1938	Request	Jan. 17, 1939
Joliet Elks Building Association	_ N. D. Ill	Ch. X	Jan. 10, 1939	Feb. 2, 1939	do	Feb. 6, 1939
Kenmill Building Corporation	- do	-(do	June 26, 1939	July 14, 1939	Motion	Sept. 12, 1939
Kenmore, Inc. Kentucky Fuel Gas Corporation	. E. D. WIS	-	Feb. 9, 1939	Feb. 9, 1939	Request	May 24, 1939
Kentucky Fuel Gas Corporation	- E. D. Ky	- Sec. 11-B	Oct. 25, 1935 Feb. 10, 1939	Nov. 1, 1935	do	Mar. 28, 1939
Keystone Realty Holding Co.	- W. D. Pa	Ch. Xdo	Sept. 13, 1939	Feb. 11, 1939 Sept. 13, 1939	Motion	Mar. 8, 1939 Sept. 26, 1939
King Edward Hotel Corporation Kings County Postal Building Corporation	- B. D. N. I	. do	Nov. 7, 1938	Nov. 7, 1939	Motion	
Kinsey Distilling Co.	F D D	do	Mar. 9, 1939	Mar. 9. 1939	do	
La France Industries.	- D. D. I a	Coo 77_B	July 24, 1936	July 24, 1936	do	
Pendleton Manufacturing Co.	do	do do	Sept. 24, 1936	Sept. 24, 1936	do	Do. 1808
La Salle Petroleum Co	N D Okla	Ch X	Mar. 9, 1939	Mar. 9, 1939	do	Apr. 6, 1939
Los Angeles Lumber Products Co., Ltd.	S. D. Celif	Sec. 77-B	Jan. 28, 1938	Jan. 28, 1938	do	Jan. 29, 1940
Majestic Radio & Television Corporation	D. N. III	Ch. X	Nov. 6, 1939	Nov. 6, 1939	do	
Mara Villa Realty Co	E. D. Mich	Sec. 77-B	Feb. 16, 1937	Feb. 18, 1937	Request	Dec. 6, 1938
Marott-Ayres Realty Co	S. D. Ind	Ch. X	May 25, 1939	June 1, 1939	Motion	June 26, 1939
Martin Co. of Utica (Hotel)	N. D. N. Y	Sec. 77-B	June 6, 1935	June 19, 1935	do	
Maxfield-Wilton & Associates, Inc.	S. D. Calif	_	Aug. 11, 1938	Aug. 11, 1938	Request	
Residential Income Properties, Inc.	_ do	_ do	Aug. 22, 1938	Aug. 22, 1938	do	. Do.
Wilton-Maxfield Management Co	_ do	do	do	do	do	
McKesson & Robbins, Inc.	S. D. N. Y	_ Ch. X	Dec. 8, 1938	Dec. 8, 1938		Dec. 8, 1938
Residential Income Properties, Inc. Witton-Maxfield Management Co. McKesson & Robbins, Inc. Metropolitan Holding Co.	E. D. Mich	_ Sec. 77-B	Mar. 25, 1937	Apr. 3, 1937	Request	Dec. 6, 1938
Midiand United Co	_ D. Del	_;u0	1 111116 9. 1934	June 9, 1934		
Midland Utilities Co	00	-	do	do		
Minnesota & Ontario Paper Co	P. Minn	-	June 11, 1934	July 11, 1934 Sept. 16, 1939	do	
Druid Park Apartments Co. (The)	D. Ma	- UII, X	Sept. 16, 1939 Dec. 8, 1939		do	
Saratoga Building & Land Corporation (The)	do	- u0	Sept. 25, 1939	Copt 25 1020	do	Do.
Wyman Park Apartments Co. (The)	do	do	Dog 8 1030	Dec. 8, 1939	do	Do.

Mt, Forest Fur Farms of America, Inc				Aug. 15, 1938	Request	Sept. 28, 1938
Mountain States Power Co		do		Dec. 31, 1937	Motion	Feb. 27, 1940
Mutual Creamery Co	D. Utah	Ch. X	Mar. 11, 1939	Mar. 11, 1939	do	Apr. 4, 1939
National Radiator Corporation	W. D. Pa		Mar 19 1938	Mar. 19, 1938	Request	
Nebel (Oscar) Co., Inc. (Pa.)	E D Pa	Ch. X	Feb. 6, 1939	Feb. 6, 1939	do	
Nebel (Oscar) Co., Inc. (Va.)	do do	do	105. 0, 1005	dodo	do	Do.
Newark Athletic Club.	D N T	Con 77 D	Sept. 7, 1938	Sept. 26, 1938	do	Dec. 12, 1938
Northern Redwood Lumber Co.	D. N. J	Sec. 11-Bdo.	Sept. 7, 1938		35-4:	Dec. 12, 1938
Northern Redwood Lumber Co	N. D. Cant	qo	Apr. 4, 1936	Apr. 4, 1936		
Northwest Cities Gas Co	E. D. Wash	do	Jan. 13, 1938	Jan. 15, 1938	do	June 26, 1939
Ohmer Fare Register Co	S. D. Ohio	do	Dec. 29, 1937	Dec. 29, 1937	Request	
Oklahoma Railway Co	W. D. Okla	Ch. X	Sept. 27, 1939	Sept. 27, 1939	Motion	Oct. 13, 1939
Old England Brewing Co., Inc. (The)	D. Conn	do	Dec. 6, 1939	Dec. 6, 1939	Request	Feb. 23, 1940
188 Randolph Building Corporation	N. D. III	Sec. 77-B	Aug. 5, 1935	Dec. 30, 1935	Motion	
Ozark Corporation (The)	LE D. Mich	do	Tan 15 1938	Jan. 17, 1938	Request	Mar. 2 1939
Ozark Corporation (The) Penfield Distilling Co. (The)	W D Kv	Ch. X	Apr. 5, 1939	Apr. 5, 1939	do	May 15 1939
Pann Timber Co	D Orog	Soc 77-B	Feb. 18, 1938	Feb. 18, 1938	do	Top 5 1020
Penn Timber Co Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co	D. Oleg	Dec. 11-D	Feb. 26, 1937	Feb. 26 1937	Motion	Jan. 0, 1909
This delation To (Total)	E. D. Fa	qo	Feb. 20, 1937		Monon	Jan. 27, 1939
Philadelphian, Inc. (Hotel)	ao	. ao	Oct. 30, 1936	Oct. 30, 1936		Feb. 15, 1939
Pine Hill Collieries Co	do	Ch. X	May 16, 1939	May 16, 1939	do	May 19, 1939
Pine Hill Coal Co	do	.)do	. do	do	do	
Pittsburgh Railways Co	W. D. Pa	Sec. 77-B	May 10, 1938	May 10, 1938	do	Jan. 4, 1939
Pittsburgh Motor Coach Co	do	do	do	do	do	Do.
Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Corporation	l do	Ch. X	Dec. 4, 1939	Jan. 2.1940	do	Jan. 6, 1940
Portland Electric Power Co	D Orog	do	Apr 3 1030	Apr 3 1030	do	Apr. 18, 1939
Porto Ricen American Tobacco Co	S D N V	do	Tuly 12 1030	July 13, 1939		
Postal Tolograph & Cable Corporation	do. 10. 10. 1	Soc 77 D	Tuno 14 1025	June 14, 1935		
Postal Telegraph & Cable Corporation. Associated Companies (The). Radio-Keith-Orpheum Corporation. Realty Co. (The).	du	Dec. 11-D	June 14, 1999	June 21, 1938		
Associated Companies (Tile)	qo		June 21, 1938		do	D0.
Radio-Keith-Orpheum Corporation	ao		June 7, 1934	June 28, 1934		
Realty Co. (The)	N. D. Onio	. Cn. X	Oct. 1, 1938	June 21, 1939	Motion	July_ 1, 1939
				do		
Union Land & Building Co. (The)]do	do	do	do		
Realty Equities, Inc.	E. D. Wis	. do	Sept. 23, 1938	Oct. 13, 1938	Request	Mar. 30, 1939
Rentals Building Corporation	S. D. Ohio	do	July 31, 1939	Nov. 1, 1939	Motion	Apr. 23, 1940
Reo Motor Car Co	E. D. Mich	do	Dec. 16, 1938	Dec. 17, 1938	Request	Jan. 9, 1939
Reynolds Investing Co., Inc.	DNI	Sec. 77-B	May 18, 1938	June 22, 1938	do	
Ritz-Carlton Restaurant & Hotel Co. of Atlantic City	do	Ch, X		Jan. 20, 1939	do	Tan 23 1939
Roosevelt Manor, Inc.	F D Wie	dodo	Apr 20 1020	Apr. 20, 1939	do	Tuno 0 1020
Saltex Looms, Inc. (The)	D. Comm	do	Nov. 10, 1939	Nov. 10, 1939	Motion	Dec. 2, 1939
Saltex Looms, Inc. (The)	D. Conn	· ao	NOV. 10, 1939			
San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Co	N. D. Calif		Aug. 17, 1939	Aug. 18, 1939	do	Aug. 28, 1939
Sayre & Fisher Brick Co	D. N. J.	Sec. 77-B	Aug. 20, 1934	Aug. 20, 1934	Request	Feb. 2, 1940
Shelbourne Apartment Co	E. D. Wis	. Ch. X	June 26, 1939	June 26, 1939		Dec. 29, 1939
Shipside Storage Co., Inc.	E. D. La	. do	Dec. 16, 1938	Dec. 16, 1938	Motion	May 17, 1939
South State St. Building Corporation	N. D. Ill.	do	Oct. 17, 1938	Oct. 18, 1938	do	
Southport-Irving Building Corporation.	[do	Sec. 77-B	Aug. 18, 1938	Aug. 29, 1938	Request	Dec. 23, 1938
Sovereign Corporation	E. D. Wise	Ch. X	Oct. 14, 1938	Dec. 5, 1938	do	
Standard Commercial Tobacco Co., Inc. (The)			Apr. 15, 1938	Apr. 15, 1938	Motion	
Sterling Gold Mining Corporation	S D Tov	do	Aug. 11, 1938	Aug. 11, 1938	do	
Sun Mortango Co. (The)	D Md	Ch Y	Ton 21 1020	Top 21 1020	do	Mor 15 1020
Sun Mortgage Co. (The) Thomas Allec Corporation (The)	N. D. Calif	Un. A	Mor 10 1020	Man 12 1020	du	June 26, 1939
I nomas Anec Corporation (The)	N. D. Call	.\uo	. Iviay 12, 1939	1 May 13, 1939	IGO	June 20, 1939
1 ((Danish)) donate mentiolisation at the second of the						

 [&]quot;Request" denotes participation at the request of the judge; "motion" refers to participation upon approval by the judge of the Commission's motion to participate.
 Order approving petition also consolidated the proceedings with those involving Mortgage Guarantee Company and the Saratoga Building and Land Corporation.
 Amended notice of appearance filed July 14, 1939.

Table XVII.—Reorganization proceedings in which the Commission participated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

•			Petit	ion—		Securities Exchange	
Debtor	District court	Proceedings instituted under—	Filed .	Approved	Participation 1	Commission notice of appearance filed	
Toledo Theatres & Realty Co. (The) Transcontinental Petroleum Corporation. Transportation Building Co. Transportation Building Co. Turnbow Petroleum Corporation (W. C.) Ulen & Co. United Brick & Tile Co. Universal Bond & Mortgage Corporation Utilities Power & Light Corporation Van Sweringen Corporation Cleveland Terminals Bldg. Co. Vermont Lighting Corporation. Villa Grange Building Corporation Warren Brothers Co. Watson Realty Co. Webster Apartments Co. Whitmore Plaza Corporation. Wilton Realty Corporation.	S. D. Calif E. D. Tex S. D. N. Y D. Del D. Oreg N. D. Ill N. D. Ohio D. Vt N. D. Ill D. Mass E. D. Mich	Ch. X	Aug. 25, 1938 Jan. 4, 1937 Oct. 13, 1936 do	June 14, 1940 Mar. 24, 1938 Sept. 16, 1938 Jan. 4, 1937 Oct. 15, 1936 — do Jan. 17, 1939 Nov. 9, 1938 Feb. 1, 1937 Apr. 28, 1936 May 4, 1935 May 5, 1937	do	Nov. 7, 1938 Dec. 6, 1938 Apr. 18, 1940 June 17, 1940 Feb. 3, 1939 Jan. 5, 1939 Jan. 23, 1940 Do. Feb. 9, 1939 Dec. 19, 1938 Jan. 30, 1939 Jan. 7, 1939 Nov. 27, 1939 Nov. 27, 1939 Dec. 6, 1938	

^{1 &}quot;Request" denotes participation at the request of the judge; "motion" refers to participation upon approval by the judge of the Commission's motion to participate.

APPENDIX VII

LIST OF REGISTERED PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COMPANIES. IN-CLUDING REGISTERED SUBHOLDING COMPANIES, AS OF JUNE 30, 1940

Inc.

American Gas and Electric Co.

American Gas and Power Co.

American Light & Traction Co.

American Power and Light Co. American Public Service Co.

American States Utilities Corpo- Citizens Utilities Co. ration.

American Utilities Service Corporation (Trustees).

American Utilities Service Corporation.

American Water Works and Elec-

tric Co., Inc. Arkansas-Missouri Power Corpo-

Arkansas Natural Gas Corporation.

Associated Electric Co.

Associated Gas and Electric Co. (Voting Trustees).

Associated Gas and Electric Co. Associated Gas and Electric Corporation.

Atlantic Seaboard Corporation.

Central and South West Utilities Eastern Minnesota Power Corpo-Co.

Central Arkansas Public Service Eastern Power Co. Corporation.

Central Public Utility Corpora- Eastern Utilities Associates. tion (Trustees).

Central Public Utility Corpora- Electric Bond and Share Co. tion.

Central States Edison, Inc.

American & Foreign Power Co., Central States Power & Light Corporation.

> Central States Utilities Corporation.

Central U. S. Utilities Co.

Cities Service Power & Light

Columbia Gas & Electric Corporation.

Commonwealth & Southern Corporation, The.

Commonwealth Light & Power Co. (Trustees).

Commonwealth Utilities Corporation.

Community Gas and Power Co.

Community Power and Light Co. Consolidated Electric and Gas Co.

Continental Gas & Electric Corporation.

Crescent Public Service Co.

Derby Gas & Electric Corporation.

Des Moines Electric Light Co.

East Coast Public Service Co.

ration.

Eastern Shore Public Service Co.

East Tennessee Light & Power Co.

Electric Power & Light Corporation.

El Paso Electric Co. Engineers Public Service Co. Federal Light & Traction Co. Gary Electric and Gas Co. General Gas & Electric Corpora-General Public Utilities, Inc. Granite City Generating Co. (Trustees). Great Lakes Utilities Co. (Trustees). Great Lakes Utilities Co. Illinois Iowa Power Co. Illinois Traction Co. (Trustee). International Hydro-Electric System (Trustees). International Hydro-Electric Sys- North West Utilities Co. tem. International Utilities Corpora-Interstate Light & Power Co. Interstate Power Co. Co. Iowa Public Service Co. Kentucky Utilities Co. Lone Star Gas Corporation. Louisville Gas and Electric Co. Philadelphia Electric Power Co. (Del.). Middle West Corporation, The. Midland United Co. (Trustee). Midland Utilities Co. (Trustees). Minneapolis General Electric Co., The. Mission Oil Co., The. National Fuel Gas Co. National Gas and Electric Corpo- Southeastern Electric & Gas Co. ration. National Power & Light Co.

Association. New England Power Association. Federal Water Service Corpora- New England Public Service Co. North American Co., The. North American Gas and Electric North American Light and Power General Water Gas & Electric Co. North Continent Utilities Corporation. Northeastern Water and Electric Corporation. Northeastern Water Companies, Northern Natural Gas Co. Northern New England Co. Inland Power & Light Corporation Northern States Power Co. (Del.). Northern States Power Co. (Minn.). North Penn Gas Co. NY PA NJ Utilities Co. Ogden Corporation. Pacific Power & Light Co. Pennsylvania Gas & Electric Corporation. Iowa-Nebraska Light and Power Pennsylvania Gas & Electric Co. Peoples Light and Power Co. (Trustees). Peoples Light and Power Co. Philadelphia Co. Pittsburgh and West Virginia Gas Portland Electric Power Co. Portland General Electric Co. Potomac Edison Co., The. Public Gas and Coke Co. Republic Service Corporation. Sioux City Gas & Electric Co. Southern Natural Gas Co. Southern Union Gas Co.

New England Gas and Electric

Southwestern Development Co. Southwestern Public Service Co. Standard Gas and Electric Co.

ration (Trustees). Standard Power and Light Corpo- Utility Operators Co.

ration.

Susquehanna Utilities Co.

Toledo Light and Power Co.

Union Electric Co. of Missouri.

United American Co.

United Corporation, The.

United Gas Improvement Co., The.

United Light and Power Co., The. United Light and Railways Co., The.

United Public Service Corpora- West Penn Electric Co., The. tion.

United Public Utilities Corpora- West Penn Railways Co. tion (Trustees).

United Public Utilities Corporation.

United Utilities, Inc.

United Utilities, Inc. (Trustees).

Utah Power & Light Co.

Standard Power and Light Corpo- Utilities Stock & Bond Corporation.

Utility Service Co.

Walnut Electric & Gas Corporation (Liquidating Trustee).

Walnut Electric & Gas Corporation.

Washington and Rockville Ry. Co. of Mont. County, The.

Washington Gas and Electric Co.

Washington Railway and Electric Co.

Western Public Service Co., The.

West Penn Power Co.

Wisconsin Securities Co. of Delaware.

LIST OF PENDING APPLICATIONS FOR EXEMPTION 1 AS PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COMPANIES, AS OF JUNE 30, 1940 2

Arizona Edison Co., Voting Trus- General Water Gas and Electric tees.

Associated Utilities Corporation.

Atlas Corporation.

Blair & Co., Inc. Cities Service Co.

Columbia Construction Co.

Columbia Oil and Gasoline Cor- Minnesota and Ontario Paper Co. poration.

Commonwealth Edison Co.

Commonwealth Subsidiary Corporation.

Eastern Gas & Fuel Associates.

Fairbanks Morse & Co.

Fuel Investment Associates.

Gas & Electric Associates.

General Electric Co.

International Utilities Corporation.

Koppers Co.

Koppers United Co.

Marion Finance Co.

Pacific Gas and Electric Co.

Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co. Peoples Gas Light and Coke Co.

Public Service Company of Oklahoma.3

Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey).

Terrace Finance Co.

Utilities Investing Trust.

Virginia Public Service Co.3

¹ Under Section 2 (a) (7).

² As of June 30, 1940, a total of 282 applications for exemption as a holding company had been filed, of which 109 had been granted, 12 had been denied, and 133 had been withdrawn.

³ Subsidiary holding companies of registered holding companies.

APPENDIX VIII

FORMAL OPINIONS AND REPORTS

Securities Act of 1933, as Amended.	
Consenting to Withdrawal of Registration Statement:	
In the Matter of—	
Illinois Zinc Company	Feb. 19, 1940
FIXING EFFECTIVE DATE OF AMENDMENTS TO REGISTRATION, STAT	
In the Matter of—	
Pressed Metals of America, Inc	July 17, 1939
STOP ORDERS:	• .
In the Matter of—	
W. Wallace Alexander, Inc	Nov. 2, 1939
Callahan Zinc-Lead Company	Sept. 26, 1939
Consolidated Grain Corporation	
Finger Canadian Lumber Company, Ltd	
Investment Corporation of North America	
MacDonald Mines Limited (N. P. L.)	May 2, 1940
Metropolitan Personal Loan Corporation	
Potrero Sugar Company	
Reiter-Foster Oil Corporation	
The Republic Company	Mar. 13, 1940
U. S. Chromium, Inc	Feb. 19, 1940
John W. Westbrook, Trustee	
Winnebago Distilling Company	Feb. 24, 1940
Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended.	
Broker and Dealer:	
In the Matter of—	
Roselle Benson Allport, doing business as R. B. Allport	June 27, 1940
Julian H. Bachrach	Dec. 11, 1939
Bankers Securities Company, Inc	
Bickford, Inc	
Commonwealth Stock & Bond Co	June 24, 1940
Stewart M. Devine	Dec. 11, 1939
Duker & Duker	Dec. 19, 1939
Enoch Victor Farnick, doing business as Kellogg Broker-	
age Company	
Edgar Spain Grant, doing business as Grant and Company.	Nov. 4, 1939
George Wallace Green, doing business as Cascade Securi-	
ties Company	Aug. 7, 1939
Edward G. Hansen	Do.
Arthur Hays & Company, Inc	July 10, 1939
Jansen and Company	Dec. 19, 1939
Lando-Host & Company	
Joseph LeDone	
Mine Sales, Inc	
Charles C. Philipps	
332	

Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended—Continued.			
Broker and Dealer-Continued.			
In the Matter of—			
P. C. Remington & Son	May	23,	1940
Ridge & Company			
H. H. Stern			
Franklyn J. V. Stowitts	Oct.	26,	1939
Thompson Ross Securities Co			
(Revised			
W. H. Totsch	Dec.	11,	1939
Vossler & Vossler, Inc		18,	1939
Edward L. Webster, doing business as West States Invest- ment Co		7.	1939
Harold A. Wootton			
GRANTING APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS A NATIONAL		,	
SECURITIES ASSOCIATION:			
In the Matter of—			
National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.	Aug.	7,	1939
REPORT OF THE COMMISSION:	Ū	•	
In the Matter of—			
Alleghany Corporation	Mar.	1,	1940
Unlisted Trading:		•	
In the Matter of—			
Boston Stock Exchange (Applications for Unlisted Trad-			
ing Privileges in 22 Securities)	July	17,	1939
Chicago Rivet and Machine Company	May	15,	1940
Cincinnati Stock Exchange (Applications for Unlisted			
Trading Privileges in 6 Securities)		16,	1940 .
Cleveland Stock Exchange (Applications for Unlisted			
Trading Privileges in 17 Securities)	Dec.	8,	1939
Detroit Stock Exchange (Applications for Unlisted Trad-			
ing Privileges in 13 Securities)		6,	1939
Detroit Stock Exchange (Applications for Unlisted Trad-			
ing Privileges in 11 Securities)		17,	1940
Los Angeles Stock Exchange (Applications for Unlisted			
Trading Privileges in 13 Securities)		8,	1939
New York Curb Exchange (Applications for Unlisted			
Trading Privileges in 3 Securities)	Feb.	21,	
The Ohio Power Company	July	7,	1939
Philadelphia Stock Exchange (Applications for Unlisted	~ .	٠,	
Trading Privileges in 4 Securities)	Sept.	6,	1939
Wheeling Stock Exchange (Applications for Unlisted		_	1000
Trading Privileges in Wheeling Steel Corporation)		7,	1939
Wheeling Stock Exchange (Applications for Unlisted		10	1040
Trading Privileges in 2 Securities)	Apr.	12,	1940
WITHDRAWAL FROM REGISTRATION AND STRIKING FROM LISTING:			
In the Matter of—	A		1040
Arrowhead Development Company			
Belmont Metals Corporation		ь,	1999
Bondholders Committee for the Republic of Colombia		15	1040
Dollar Bonds	way	15,	1940
Bullion Gold and Silver Mining Company			
Callahan Zinc-Lead Company	Nov.	22,	1838

Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended—Continued.			
WITHDRAWAL FROM REGISTRATION AND STRIKING FROM LISTING-	-Conti	nued.	
In the Matter of—			
The Calorizing Company			
Capital City Products Company			
Central Cold Storage Company		5, 19	40
Erste Boehmische Glasindustrie, A. G. (First Bohemia	n _		
Glass Works, Limited)			
Lehigh Valley Coal Company			
Lepanto Consolidated Mining Company			
The Lucky Tiger-Combination Gold Mining Company			
Missouri Pacific Railroad Company	Dec.	5, 19	36
, National Union Radio Corporation		17, 19	36
New York Stock Exchange (Application to Strike from			
Listing and Registration the stock of American Ex-			
press Company)		21, 19	36
New York Stock Exchange (Application to Strike from			
Listing and Registration the stock of Wells, Fargo			
and Company)		ю.	
New York Stock Exchange (Application to Strike from			
Listing and Registration the stock of Colonial Beacon			
Oil Company)		22, 19	39
New York Stock Exchange (Application to Strike from		•	
Listing and Registration the stock of The Western			
Pacific Railroad Corporation)		5, 19	39
New York Stock Exchange (Application to Strike from		,	
Listing and Registration the stock of Warren Brothers			
Company)	Mar.	13, 19	40
New York Stock Exchange (Application to Strike from			
Listing and Registration the stock of Connecticut			
Railway and Lighting Company)		3, 194	4 0
(Revised			
Northern California Goldfields, Inc.			
Oshkosh B'Gosh, Inc			
Simon Silver-Lead Mines, Inc			
Tom Reed Gold Mines Company			
Troxel Manufacturing Company			
United States Distributing Corporation			
Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company			
Wellington Mines, Limited, N. P. L.			
		-,	_
Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935			
Acquisition of Securities, Assets, Business, or Other Intere	STS:		
In the Matter of—	~ .		
Amarillo Gas Company			
American Utilities Service Corporation			
Do			
Arkansas Natural Gas Corporation	Sept.	22, 193	39
Associated Gas and Electric Company, Associated Gas			
and Electric Corporation, NY PA NJ Utilities Com-			
pany, Associated Power Corporation, General Utility			
Investors Corporation	June	29, 193	39
Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing			
Corporation	June	27, 194	4 0

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT		9.	ΟÜ
Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued.			
Acquisition of Securities, Assets, Business, or Other In-			
TERESTS—Continued.			
In the Matter of—			
Central and South West Utilities Company, South-			
western Gas and Electric Company		26 19	40
Central Indiana Power Company, Hugh M. Morris,			
Trustee of the Estate of Midland United Company	Feb.	23. 19	40
Central States Edison, Inc., The Sedan Gas Company			
Central U. S. Utilities Company			
Columbia Gas & Electric Corporation			
The Commonwealth & Southern Corporation			
The Commonwealth & Southern Corporation, Tennessee		-0, -0	-
Utilities Corporation		8 10	30
Consolidated Electric and Gas Company and J. B.		0, 10	00
Whitworth, J. C. M. Lucas and H. P. Lucas, a co-			
partnership trading as J. C. M. Lucas Co., and James			
Piper	Sent	8 10	39
Continental Gas & Electric Corporation			
Cumberland County Power and Light Company			
Dresser Power Corporation, Public Service Company of		5 1, 10	-0
Indiana		14 10	30
Eastern Shore Public Service Company (Del.) et al			
Ebasco Services Incorporated.			
Electric Bond and Share Company			
Federal Water Service Corporation			
General Public Utilities, Inc.			
General Public Utilities, Inc. and Commonwealths Dis-	0 41.5	-0, -0	
tribution, Inc	Dec. 2	21. 19	39
Great Northern Utilities Company			
Houston Natural Gas Corporation, Houston Natural		•	
Gas Company, Texas Natural Gas Utilities, Gulf Cities			
Natural Gas Company and Tex-Mex Natural Gas			
Company	May 2	23, 19	40
International Utilities Corporation			
International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas			
	Aug. 2	24, 19	39
International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas			
& Electric Company, Securities Corporation General,			
American States Utilities Corporation, and Ralph Els-			
man, as Liquidating Trustee	July 1	l 2, 19	39
Iowa Public Service Company, American Utilities Serv-			
ice Corporation		26, 19	39
Kentucky Utilities Company and Lexington Utilities			
Company		1, 193	39
Keystone Public Service Company	June	7, 19	40
The Middle West Corporation	Aug. 1	2, 19	39
The Middle West Corporation and Central and South			
West Utilities Company		8, 193	
Milwaukee Gas Light Company, et al	July 1	4, 193	39
The Minneapolis General Electric Company and Subsidi-			
aries	Sept. 2	9, 198	39
National Power & Light Company	A 11 0	8 109	₹Q.

National Power & Light Company Aug. 8, 1939
New York State Electric & Gas Corporation Dec. 29, 1939

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued. Acquisition of Securities, Assets, Business, or Other In-		
TERESTS—Continued.		
In the Matter of—	A	10 1040
The North American CompanyNorthern Natural Gas Company	Apr.	19, 1940
Peoples Light Company.	NOV.	28, 1939
Peoples Light and Power Company	Dog	5, 1940
Peoples Natural Gas Company	Nov.	10, 1939
Petoskey Gas Company and American Utilities Service		10, 1000
Corporation		21, 1939
The St. Louis County Gas Company, The North Ameri-	0	-1, 1000
can Company		21, 1940
Sioux Falls Gas Company, et al	Mar.	21, 1940
Stonewall Electric Company and Tucson Gas, Electric		,
Light and Power Company	July	18, 1939
The United Light and Power Company, Fort Dodge Gas		
and Electric Company, Peoples Light Company,		
Peoples Power Company, Peoples Light and Power		
Company	June	20, 1940
Utilities Employees Securities Company		
Virginia Public Service Company	Dec.	20, 1939
Walnut Electric & Gas Corporation	Dec.	11, 1939
Walnut Electric & Gas Corporation and J. Leroy Under-		2 - 2 - 4 - 2
hill	May	6, 1940
Washington Gas Light Company, Washington and Suburban Companies	A	0 1000
Washington and Suburban Company and The Sycamore	Aug.	2, 1939
Company	Dog	98 1030
West Coast Power Company		
Acquisition of Securities by the Issuer:	may	20, 1010
In the Matter of—		
Charles True Adams, Trustee of the Estate of Utilities		
Power & Light Corporation, Debtor and Central States		
Power & Light Corporation, Debtor and Central States Power and Light Corporation	Aug.	29, 1939
Power and Light Corporation Do	Oct.	2, 1939
Power and Light Corporation DoAmerican States Utilities Corporation	Oct. Jan.	2, 1939 8, 1940
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company	Oct. Jan.	2, 1939 8, 1940
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing	Oct. Jan. Sept.	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation	Oct. Jan. Sept.	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light	Oct. Jan. Sept. June	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec.	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company General Water Gas & Electric Company	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company General Water Gas & Electric Company International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company General Water Gas & Electric Company International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas & Electric Company, Securities Corporation General,	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company General Water Gas & Electric Company International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas & Electric Company, Securities Corporation General, American States Utilities Corporation and Ralph	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July May	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939 20, 1940
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company General Water Gas & Electric Company International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas & Electric Company, Securities Corporation General, American States Utilities Corporation and Ralph Elsman, as Liquidating Trustee	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July May	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939 20, 1940
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company General Water Gas & Electric Company International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas & Electric Company, Securities Corporation General, American States Utilities Corporation and Ralph Elsman, as Liquidating Trustee The Kansas Power and Light Company, North American	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July May	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939 20, 1940
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company General Water Gas & Electric Company International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas & Electric Company, Securities Corporation General, American States Utilities Corporation and Ralph Elsman, as Liquidating Trustee The Kansas Power and Light Company, North American Light & Power Company The Marion-Reserve Power Company, and Utility Service	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July May July Apr.	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939 20, 1940 12, 1939 13, 1940
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company General Water Gas & Electric Company International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas & Electric Company, Securities Corporation General, American States Utilities Corporation and Ralph Elsman, as Liquidating Trustee The Kansas Power and Light Company, North American Light & Power Company The Marion-Reserve Power Company, and Utility Service Company	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July May July Apr. Feb.	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939 20, 1940 12, 1939 13, 1940
Power and Light Corporation Do American States Utilities Corporation Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing Corporation California Public Service Company and Peoples Light and Power Company The Dakota Power Company Federal Water Service Corporation Gas Utilities Company General Water Gas & Electric Company International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas & Electric Company, Securities Corporation General, American States Utilities Corporation and Ralph Elsman, as Liquidating Trustee The Kansas Power and Light Company, North American Light & Power Company The Marion-Reserve Power Company, and Utility Service	Oct. Jan. Sept. June Dec. July June July May July Apr. Feb.	2, 1939 8, 1940 22, 1939 27, 1940 16, 1939 26, 1939 7, 1940 31, 1939 20, 1940 12, 1939 13, 1940

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued.			
Acquisition of Securities by the Issuer—Continued.			
In the Matter of—			
National Gas & Electric Corporation	June	-24	1940
New York Power and Light Corporation			
North American Gas and Electric Company			
Northern Indiana Power Company, Central Indiana		-0,	1010
Power Company		23	1940
Pennsylvania Power & Light Company and Lehigh Power	1 0.5.	20,	1010
Securities Corporation	Ang	8	1939
Peoples Light and Power Company			
Public Service Company of Colorado			
Do			
Standard Power and Light Corporation			
The Toledo Edison Company			
The United Light and Power Company			
United Public Utilities Corporation			
West Penn Power Company			
Wisconsin Electric Power Company	Anr	10	10//
ALLOWANCE OF FEES, EXPENSES AND REMUNERATION:	Apr.	19,	1940
In the Matter of—			
American Gas and Power Company and Birmingham Gas			
Company	A	30	1020
Indiana & Michigan Electric Company, American Gas	Aug.	30,	1909
and Electric Company	Fah	1.4	1040
Clarence A. Southerland and Jay Samuel Hartt, Trustees		14,	1940
of the Estate of Midland Utilities Company		16	1020
DECLARING APPLICANT NOT TO BE A HOLDING COMPANY:	NOV.	10,	1909
In the Matter of—			•
Franklin T. Griffith, J. C. Ainsworth and E. B. Mac-			
Naughton, Trustees under Declaration of Trust dated			
November 27, 1935 (Portland Electric Power Com-			
pany)	Mov	1	1040
DECLARING COMPANY TO BE A SUBSIDIARY COMPANY OF A SPECIFIED	way	1,	1940
Holding Company:			
In the Matter of—			
Manchester Gas Company	Anr	4	1040
Shinn & Co., et al.			
Dividend Declarations and Payments:	May	20,	1010
In the Matter of—			
Associated Gas and Electric Corporation	Nov	29	1939
Do			
International Utilities Corporation			
Do			
Do			
Do			1940
Do		,	
Securities Corporation General Do			1939
		,	
Do		•	
The United Corporation	Dec.	9,	1939
Gas Company, Warfield Natural Gas Company, The	To-	97	1040
Union Light, Heat and Power Company	Jan.	41,	1940

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued.			
DIVIDEND DECLARATIONS AND PAYMENTS—Continued.			
In the Matter of—			•
* Washington and Suburban Companies	Sont	91	1020
Washington and Suburban Companies and The Syca-		21,	1999
more Company		90	1090
Do		,	
EXEMPTIONS FROM PROVISIONS OF THE ACT:	way	10,	1940
In the Matter of—			
Aluminum Company of America, Aluminum Ore Com-			
pany, Massena Securities Corporation and The St.	A	0	1090
Lawrence River Power Company			
American & Foreign Power Company, Inc.	Dec.	20,	1939
H. M. Byllesby & Company and The Byllesby Corpora-	T	٦.	1040
tion		•	
Eastern Shore Public Service Company			
International Paper and Power Company		28,	1939
Koppers United Company, The Brooklyn Union Gas			
Company, Koppers Company, Eastern Gas and Fuel			
Associates, Fuel Investment Associates, Brockton Gas			
Light Company			
Monongahela West Penn Public Service Company			
The Ohio Oil Company			
Potomac Edison Company			
Public Service Company of Indiana			
Union Electric Company of Missouri			
Washington Gas Light Company	Feb.	29,	1940
West Penn Power Company	Nov.	8,	1939
Wisconsin Securities Company	Apr.	12,	1940
EXEMPTION OF SECURITY TRANSACTIONS FROM PROVISIONS OF			
SECTION 6 (a) OF THE ACT:			
In the Matter of—			
Charles True Adams, Trustee of the Estate of Utilities			
Power & Light Corporation, Indianapolis Power &			
Light Company, Ogden Corporation	Apr.	2,	1940
Do			
Braddock Light & Power Company, Incorporated	July	12,	1939
Bradford Electric Company	Nov.	28,	1939
California Public Service Company	Dec.	16,	1939
Caribou Water, Light and Power Company			
Carolina Power & Light Company			
Central Illinois Light Company			
Central Maine Power Company			
Central Ohio Light & Power Company			
The Connecticut Light & Power Company			
The Dayton Power and Light Company			1940
Dresser Power Corporation			
Eastern Shore Public Service Company (Del.), et al			1940
Edison Sault Electric Company Den., et al			
Indiana Service Corporation			
International Paper and Power Company			
The Kansas Power and Light Company North American		20,	таоа
The Kansas Power and Light Company, North American		10	1040
Light & Power Company	Apr.	13,	1940

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued. EXEMPTION OF SECURITY TRANSACTIONS FROM PROVISIONS OF Section 6 (a) of the Act—Continued. In the Matter of-Keystone Public Service Company.............................. June 7, 1940 Laclede Power & Light Company May 22, 1940 The Litchfield Electric Light and Power Company July 10, 1939 The Marion-Reserve Power Company and Utility Service Company____ Feb. 14, 1940 Michigan Consolidated Gas Company, Dillon, Read & Company_____ Mar. 14, 1940 Milwaukee Gas Light Company, et al.____ July 14, 1939 The Minneapolis General Electric Company and Subsidiaries _____ Sept. 29, 1939 New York Power and Light Corporation _____ Aug. 29, 1939 Do_____Oct. 24, 1939 New Bedford Gas and Edison Light Company_____ Feb. 14, 1940 New York State Electric & Gas Corporation ____ June 29, 1939 Do_____ July 24, 1939 Northern Indiana Public Service Company _____ Dec. 13, 1939 Northwestern Electric Company...... Oct. 19, 1939 Northwestern Wisconsin Electric Company_____ July 14, 1939 Owego Gas Corporation Dec. 29, 1939 Pennsylvania Power & Light Company Aug. 8, 1939 Petoskey Gas Company and American Utilities Service Corporation_____ July 21, 1939 Portland Gas & Coke Company Oct. 27, 1939 Potomac Electric Power Company..... Dec. 13, 1939 Public Service Company of Indiana_____ Dec. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, Southwestern Electric & Gas Company ____ May 28, 1940 The St. Louis County Gas Company, The North American Company____ May 21, 1940 Standard Power and Light Corporation _____ June 27, 1940 Tennessee Utilities Corporation _____ Aug. 8, 1939 Tidewater Electric Service Company ____ Aug. 15, 1939 The Toledo Edison Company Apr. 19, 1940 Traction Light and Power Company, Central Indiana Power Company...... Aug. 11, 1939 The United Light and Power Company, Fort Dodge Gas and Electric Company, Peoples Light Company, Peoples Power Company, Peoples Light and Power Company_____ June 20, 1940 Virginia Public Service Generating Company_____ Dec. 20, 1939 Washington Gas Light Company, Washington & Suburban Companies..... Aug. 2, 1939 West Penn Power Company_____ July 14, 1939 Wisconsin Electric Power Company Apr. 19, 1940 Wisconsin Gas & Electric Company..... July 18, 1939 Wisconsin Michigan Power Company_____ Dec.

Wisconsin Power and Light Company_____ June 8, 1940

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued.			
EXEMPTION OF ACQUISITION OF SECURITIES FROM PROVISIONS OF			
Section 9 (a) of the Act:			
In the Matter of—			
Trustees under Pension Trust Agreement dated December			
14, 1937, as Amended (A Subsidiary of Associated Gas			
& Electric Company)	Oct	6	1939
The North American Company, North American Light		υ,	1000
& Power Company	Jan	26	1040
Public Service Company of Colorado			
The Toledo Edison Company			
Utilities Employees Securities Company	Aur	17	1020
Issue and Sale of Securities:	Aug.	17,	1909
In the Matter of—			
Charles True Adams, Trustee of the Estate of Utilities			
Power & Light Corporation, Indianapolis Power &			
	N/	01	1040
Light Company	Mar.	21,	
American Gas and Electric Company	Jan.	0,	1940
American Utilities Service Corporation	reb.	14,	1940
Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company		22,	1939
Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing			
Corporation			
California Public Service Company		16,	1939
Central and South West Utilities Company, Southwestern			
Gas and Electric Company	Apr.	26,	1940
Central Power and Light Company	Aug.	17,	1939
Central States Edison, Inc., The Sedan Gas Company	May	17,	1940
Columbia Corporation	Sept.	9,	1939
The Commonwealth & Southern Corporation, Tennessee			
Utilities Corporation, The Tennessee Electric Power	_		
Company, Southern Tennessee Power Company			
Consumers Power Company	Dec.	28,	1939
Copper District Power Company	Aug.	12,	1939
The Dakota Power Company			
Eastern Shore Public Service Company (Del.) et al	Feb.	2,	1940
Edison Sault Electric Company			
Gas Utilities Company	July	31,	1939
General Public Utilities, Inc., Commonwealths Distribu-			
tion, Inc	Dec.	21,	1939
Huntington Development and Gas Company, Columbia			
Gas & Electric Corporation	Aug.	30,	1939
International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas			
& Electric Company	Aug.	24,	1939
Iowa-Nebraska Light and Power Company, Continental			
Gas & Electric Corporation	July	13,	1939
Iowa Public Service Company	Aug.	7,	1939
Kansas Gas and Electric Company	Apr.	23,	1940
The Kansas Power Company			
The Kansas Power and Light Company, North American		,	
Light & Power Company	Apr.	13.	1940
Kentucky Utilities Company	Dec.		1939
Do			
		,	-

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued.

ISSUE AND SALE OF SECURITIES—Continued.

In the Matter of-

the Matter of—	
Lexington Utilities Company and Kentucky Utilities	•
Company	Dec. 20, 1939
Lone Star Gas Corporation	
Louisiana Ice & Electric Company, Inc	
The Marion-Reserve Power Company and Utility Service	
Company	Feb. 14, 1940
Milwaukee Gas Light Company, et al	July 14, 1939
The Minneapolis General Electric Company and Sub-	
sidiaries	Sept. 29, 1939
Minnesota Utilities Company and American Utilities	. ,
Service Corporation	July 21, 1939
Do	
Mountain States Power Company	Jan. 24, 1940
Nepsco Appliance Finance Corporation	
New Mexico Gas Company	
Niagara Hudson Power Corporation	
The North American Company, North American Light	
and Power Company	Jan. 26, 1940
Northern Natural Gas Company	
Ogden Corporation	
The Ohio Fuel Gas Company	
Oklahoma Power and Water Company	July 28, 1939
Do	
Pennsylvania Power & Light Company, National Power	ounc 1, 1010
& Light Company	Aug. 8, 1939
Peoples Light and Power Company	
Peoples Natural Gas Company, Argus Natural Gas Com-	our, 01, 1000
pany, Inc	Nov. 28, 1939
Philadelphia Company	Jan. 30, 1940
Public Service Company of Colorado	Aug. 24, 1939
Do	
Public Service Company of Oklahoma.	Mar. 7, 1940
San Antonio Public Service Company	July 12, 1939
Securities Corporation General	July 11, 1939
Southeastern Investing Corporation	
Southern Natural Gas Company	Oct. 30, 1939
Southwestern Development Company, Amarillo Gas	000. 00, 1000
Company, West Texas Gas Company	Sept. 13, 1939
Southwestern Gas and Electric Company	
Southwestern Light & Power Company	Dec. 20, 1939
Stonewall Electric Company and Tucson Gas, Electric	DCC. 20, 1000
Light and Power Company	Tuly 18 1030
The United Light and Power Company, Fort Dodge Gas	oury 10, 1000
and Electric Company, Peoples Light Company, Peoples	
Power Company, Peoples Light and Power Company.	Tuna 20 1040
Washington Railway and Electric Company	
West Coast Power Company.	
West Penn Power Company	
Do	
2000	лрг. э, 1940
3226—41——23	

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935Continued.	
ISSUE AND SALE OF SECURITIES—Continued.	
In the Matter of—	
Western States Utilities Company	Aug. 30, 1939
Wisconsin Electric Power Company	Mar. 15, 1940
Wisconsin Electric Power Company, The North American	,
Company	Apr. 19, 1940
Wisconsin Gas & Electric Company	July 18, 1939
Wisconsin Michigan Power Company	Dec. 4, 1939
LOANS, EXTENSIONS OF CREDIT, DONATIONS AND CAPITAL CON-	., ., .,
TRIBUTIONS TO ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:	
In the Matter of—	
Central States Edison, Inc., The Sedan Gas Company	May 17, 1940
Kentucky Utilities Company	Feb. 28, 1940
The Marion-Reserve Power Company and Utility Service	
Company	
South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, Southeastern	
Electric & Gas Company	
Southeastern Electric and Gas Company	
Payment of Fees to Associates and Affiliates, in Connection	100. 20, 1040
WITH AN ACQUISITION OR SALE OF SECURITIES:	
In the Matter of—	
Halsey, Stuart & Company, Inc.	Aug 20 1030
Morgan Stanley & Co., Incorporated, Bonbright & Com-	Aug. 50, 1959
pany, Incorporated	Dog 28 1020
REORGANIZATION AND RECAPITALIZATION PLANS:	Dec. 26, 1959
In the Matter of—	
Community Power and Light Company	Nov. 18 1020
Do	Nov. 27 1020
East Tennessee Light & Power Company and Tennessee	100. 27, 1999
Eastern Electric Company	
Do	
Inland Power & Light Corporation, and Commonwealth	
Light & Power Company	
Mountain States Power Company	Indy 1, 1940
Do	
William W. Battles, Chairman, Francis M. Brooke, and	Jan. 24, 1940
Francis Braun, Reorganization Committee for Security	
Holders of National Public Utilities Corporation.	Aug. 4 1020
William W. Battles, Chairman, Francis M. Brooke, and	Aug. 4, 1959
Francis Braun, Reorganization Committee for Security	
Holders of National Public Utilities Corporation, Caleb	
S. Layton and W. Findlay Downs, Trustees of National	_
Public Utilities Corporation	Do.
Utilities Power & Light Corporation, Utilities Power &	T 1 00 4000
Light Corporation and Charles True Adams	
Utilities Power & Light Corporation	Oct. 30, 1939

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued.	
SALE OF PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES AND UTILITY ASSETS BY	
REGISTERED HOLDING COMPANIES:	
In the Matter of—	
Charles True Adams, Trustee of the Estate of Utilities	
Power & Light Corporation	May 31, 1940
Charles True Adams, Trustee of the Estate of Utilities	
Power & Light Corporation, Indianapolis Power &	
Light Company, Ogden Corporation	Apr. 2, 1940
American Utilities Service Corporation	
Do	Aug. 29, 1939
Do	
Associated Gas and Electric Company, Associated Gas	
and Electric Corporation, NY PA NJ Utilities Com-	
pany, Associated Power Corporation, General Utility	
Investors Corporation	June 29, 1939
The Commonwealth & Southern Corporation	Aug. 8, 1939
Consolidated Electric and Gas Company, J. B. Whit-	
worth, J. C. M. Lucas, and H. P. Lucas, a co-partner-	
ship trading as J. C. M. Lucas Co., and James Piper	Sept. 8, 1939
Leonard S. Florsheim, Trustee of Inland Power and Light	
Corporation	
General Public Utilities, Inc.	July 26, 1939
Houston Natural Gas Corporation, Houston Natural Gas	
Company, Texas Natural Gas Utilities, Gulf Cities	
Natural Gas Company, and Tex-Mex Natural Gas	
Company	May 23, 1940
International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas	
& Electric Company, Securities Corporation General,	
American States Utilities Corporation, and Ralph	T1 10 1000
Elsman, as Liquidating TrusteeIowa Public Service Company and American	July 12, 1939
Utilities Service Corporation	Dog 26 1030
The Kansas Power and Light Company, North Ameri-	100. 20, 1999
can Light & Power Company	Apr 13 1940
The Marion-Reserve Power Company and Utility Service	1101. 10, 1010
Company	Feb. 14, 1940
The Middle West Corporation	
Do	
The Minneapolis General Electric Company and Sub-	,
sidiaries	Sept. 29, 1939
Minnesota Utilities Company and American Utilities	• ,
Service Corporation	July 21, 1939
Do	
National Power & Light Company and Lehigh Power	•
Securities Corporation	Aug. 8, 1939
New England Power Association	Mar. 21, 1940

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued.		
SALE OF PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES AND UTILITY ASSETS TO		
Associate Companies or Affiliates—Continued.		
In the Matter of—		
The North American Company	Anr	10 1040
North American Gas and Electric Company	Mon	10, 1040
	Way	10, 1940
Northern Indiana Power Company, Central Indiana		
Power Company, Hugh M. Morris, Sole Surviving	77. h	02 1040
Trustee of the Estate of Midland United Company	reb.	20, 1940
Northern Natural Gas Company		
NY PA NJ Utilities Company		
Peoples Light and Power Company		
Do	Dec.	16, 1939
Petoskey Gas Company and American Utilities Service		
Corporation	July	21, 1939
Public Service Company of Indiana, Midland United		
Company		
Sioux Falls Gas Company, et al	Mar.	21, 1940
Southwestern Development Company, West Texas Gas		
Company, Amarillo Gas Company	Sept.	13, 1939
The United Light and Power Company, The United		
Light and Railways Company, and Federal Water		
Service Corporation	Jan.	17, 1940
Washington Gas Light Company, Washington and		
Suburban Companies	Aug.	2, 1939
Washington and Suburban Companies and The Syca-	_	•
more Company	Dec.	28, 1939
Walnut Electric & Gas Corporation	Dec.	11, 1939
Do		
SALE OF PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES AND UTILITY ASSETS TO	•	·
Associate Companies or Affiliates:		
In the Matter of—		
Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company and Arkansas Natural		
Gas Corporation	Sept.	22. 1939
Associated Utilities Corporation, Associated Investing	•	•
Corporation	June	27, 1940
The Commonwealth & Southern Corporation, Tennessee		
Utilities Corporation, The Tennessee Electric Power		
Company, Southern Tennessee Power Company	Aug.	8, 1939
Dresser Power Corporation, Public Service Company of	6-	J, 1000
Indiana, Midland United Company	Oct	14 1030
International Utilities Corporation, General Water Gas	000.	11, 1000
& Electric Company, Securities Corporation General,		
American States Utilities Corporation and Ralph		
	T.,1	19 1090
Elsman, as Liquidating Trustee		
Lexington Utilities Company	Dec.	1, 1909
The Marion-Reserve Power Company and Utility Service	T2 - 1-	14 1040
Company	reb.	14, 1940

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued.		
SALE OF PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES AND UTILITY ASSETS BY		
REGISTERED HOLDING COMPANIES—Continued.		
In the Matter of—		•
Milwaukee Gas Light Company, et al		939
The Minneapolis General Electric Company and Sub-		
sidiaries	Sept. 29, 19	939
National Power & Light Company and Lehigh Power		
Securities Corporation		939
Northern Indiana Power Company, Central Indiana		
Power Company, Hugh M. Morris, Sole Surviving		
Trustee of the Estate of Midland United Company		
Northern Indiana Public Service Company		939
Northern Indiana Public Service Company, Northern		
Indiana Power Company		
Peoples Light and Power Company	Dec. 16, 19	339
Public Service Company of Colorado	Nov. 27, 19	939
Sioux Falls Gas Company, et al	Mar. 21, 19	940
Stonewall Electric Company and Tucson Gas, Electric		
Light and Power Company	July 18, 19	339
Tidewater Electric Service Company	Aug. 15, 19	939
Traction Light and Power Company, Central Indiana		
Power Company	Aug. 11, 19	939
The United Light and Power Company, The United Light		
and Railways Company, and Federal Water Service	T 17 10	140
Corporation	Jan. 17, 19	940
Virginia Public Service Company, Virginia Public Service	D 00 10	200
Generating Company	Dec. 20, 18	909
SIMPLIFICATION OF HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEMS, PURSUANT TO		
Section 11 (b): In the Matter of—		
The Commonwealth & Southern Corporation and its		
Subsidiary Companies	June 1 10	140
Electric Bond and Share Company and its Subsidiary	vanc 2, 20	. 10
Companies	Apr. 19, 19	940
Do	Apr. 27, 19	40
Do	June 7, 19	940
Electric Bond and Share Company, American Power and	, .	
Light Company, Pacific Power & Light Company,		
Electric Power & Light Corporation, Utah Power &		
Light Company, National Power & Light Company,		
American & Foreign Power Company, Inc., Ebasco		
Services, Incorporated	June 7, 19	40
Engineers Public Service Company and its Subsidiary		
Companies	June 1, 19	40
The United Gas Improvement Company	May 23, 19	40

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935—Continued.	
SOLICITATION OF AUTHORIZATION IN CONNECTION WITH RE-	
ORGANIZATIONS:	
In the Matter of—	
William W. Battles, Chairman, Francis M. Brooke, and	
Francis Braun, Reorganization Committee for Security	
Holders of National Public Utilities Corporation,	
Caleb S. Layton and W. Findlay Downs, Trustees of	
National Public Utilities Corporation	
Community Power and Light Company	
East Tennessee Light & Power Company and Tennessee	
Eastern Electric Company	
Utilities Power & Light Corporation	
Utilities Power & Light Corporation, Utilities Power &	
Light Corporation and Charles True Adams	July 26, 1939
SUBSIDIARY SERVICE COMPANY:	
In the Matter of—	T.,1,, 90 1020
Equitable Auto Company Northeastern Water & Electric Service Corporation	July 29, 1939
Southern Union Service Company	
Subsidiary Service Corporation	Tune 10, 1939
Uniform System of Accounts:	June 10, 1340
In the Matter of—	
North American Gas and Electric Company	Dec. 11, 1939
Bankruptcy Act, as Amended.	200. 11, 1000
Advisory Reports on Plans of Reorganization:	
In the Matter of—	
In the Matter of— Deep Rock Oil Corporation————————————————————————————————————	Apr. 27, 1940
In the Matter of— Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do	
Deep Rock Oil Corporation	May 27, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Thou Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Do	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do.
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Thour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Thour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Thour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Tlour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do Trust Indenture Act of 1939.	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Exemptions From Provisions of the Act:	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Exemptions From Provisions of the Act: In the Matter of—	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940 June 24, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Exemptions From Provisions of the Act: In the Matter of— Hugo Stinnes Corporation, Hamburger Hof, A. G., and	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940 June 24, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Exemptions From Provisions of the Act: In the Matter of— Hugo Stinnes Corporation, Hamburger Hof, A. G., and Nassauer Hof, A. G.	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940 June 24, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do Trust Indenture Act of 1939. EXEMPTIONS FROM PROVISIONS OF THE ACT: In the Matter of— Hugo Stinnes Corporation, Hamburger Hof, A. G., and Nassauer Hof, A. G. REFUSAL Order:	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940 June 24, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Exemptions From Provisions of the Act: In the Matter of— Hugo Stinnes Corporation, Hamburger Hof, A. G., and Nassauer Hof, A. G. Refusal Order: In the Matter of—	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940 June 24, 1940 June 29, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Exemptions From Provisions of the Act: In the Matter of— Hugo Stinnes Corporation, Hamburger Hof, A. G., and Nassauer Hof, A. G. Refusal Order: In the Matter of— Hugo Stinnes Corporation, Hamburger Hof, A. G., and	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940 June 24, 1940 June 29, 1940
Deep Rock Oil Corporation Do Flour Mills of America, Inc La France Industries, Debtor, Pendleton Manufacturing Company, Subsidiary Debtor Do Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company Penn Timber Company Porto Rican American Tobacco Co Reynolds Investing Company, Inc Do San Francisco Bay Toll-Bridge Company Do Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Exemptions From Provisions of the Act: In the Matter of— Hugo Stinnes Corporation, Hamburger Hof, A. G., and Nassauer Hof, A. G. Refusal Order: In the Matter of—	May 27, 1940 Apr. 1, 1940 Sept. 1, 1939 Do. June 24, 1940 Apr. 26, 1940 May 22, 1940 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 5, 1940 Feb. 19, 1940 June 24, 1940 June 29, 1940

APPENDIX IX

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF REORGANIZATION PROCEEDINGS INSTI-TUTED UNDER CHAPTER X OF THE BANKRUPTCY ACT, AS AMENDED, DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1940

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940, 291 companies entered into reorganization proceedings under Chapter X of the Bankruptcy Act, as amended. These companies showed aggregate assets of approximately \$985,000,000 (book value) and a corresponding indebtedness of \$528,000,000.¹ A considerable part of the totals for assets and indebtedness was accounted for by the Associated Gas and Electric Company and its subsidiary, Associated Gas and Electric Corporation, which in January 1940 filed debtors' petitions for reorganization under Chapter X. The two companies had combined assets somewhat in excess of \$800,000,000, and a combined indebtedness of slightly over \$400,000,000. In the tables which follow, percentages are given for distributions with the two companies excluded, as well as for distributions including them.

Industrial Classification.

Manufacturing, real estate, and merchandising companies were the most numerous, accounting for 109, 56, and 41, respectively. The inclusion of Associated Gas and Electric Company and its subsidiary in the electric light, power, and gas group gave this category the lead in assets and indebtedness. However, with the exclusion of these two companies, manufacturing companies led with \$61,800,000, or 34 percent of the aggregate assets, and with \$39,400,000, or 32 percent of the combined indebtedness of all companies, while real estate companies 2 showed corresponding figures of \$36,200,000, or 20 percent and \$27,800,000, or 22 percent.

Geographical Distribution.

The aforementioned two utility companies had both their principal place of business and their principal assets in New York.³ In addition, the assets of the other 37 companies with their principal assets in New

¹ The figures for assets and indebtedness in almost all cases were taken from balance sheets, schedules, and allegations found in the petitions and other documents filed in reorganization proceedings. Estimates were made of the assets of 17 companies and the indebtedness of 5 companies, figures for which were not available from these sources.

² In this classification, real estate companies include, among others, companies owning apartment houses, hotel buildings, and office buildings.

³ Section 128 under Chapter X permits a petition to be filed in the Federal district court in whose territorial jurisdiction the company has either its principal place of business or its principal assets.

York amounted to approximately \$59,000,000, while the other 39 companies with their principal place of business in New York showed aggregate assets of a like amount and indebtedness of \$38,000,000. Each of these figures is appreciably larger than the corresponding one for any other State.

The Federal District Court for the Northern District of Illinois and the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York took jurisdiction over 24 cases each. The 22 petitions filed in the Southern District of New York, other than those of the two utility companies previously noted, involved combined assets of approximately \$51,000,000 and indebtedness of \$33,000,000, well above the assets and indebtedness shown for any other district. Other districts with a substantial number of cases were the District of Massachusetts with 17, the District of New Jersey with 15, and the Southern District of California with 14.

Amount of Indebtedness.

Of the total of 289 cases remaining after the exclusion of the 2 utility companies, 229 of the companies had indebtedness of less than \$250,000,4 but accounted for only 17 percent of the indebtedness of all the companies. Another 29 percent of the indebtedness was accounted for by the 50 companies with indebtedness of at least \$250,000 but less than \$3,000,000. The remaining 10 companies had an indebtedness of at least \$3,000,000 each.⁵ Their aggregate indebtedness accounted for 54 percent of the total.

Type of Petition.

Proceedings for the reorganization of 258 of the total of 291 companies were instituted by the petition of the debtor corporation. These companies showed aggregate assets of \$949,000,000 and indebtedness of \$504,000,000. An additional 27 companies, whose combined assets and indebtedness amounted to \$30,000,000 and \$20,000,000, respectively, were brought into reorganization proceedings by means of creditors' petitions. Petitions filed by indenture trustees commenced reorganization proceedings for the remaining six companies, whose assets totaled \$5,000,000 and indebtedness \$4,000,000.

⁴ Section 156 under Chapter X provides that in all cases involving indebtedness of \$250,000 or over, disinterested trustees shall be appointed to perform certain functions set out in the statute. In cases involving indebtedness of less than \$250,000, the court may continue the debtor company in possession or appoint trustees.

Section 172 under Chapter X provides that in all cases involving indebtedness of more than \$3,000,000, the proposed plans of reorganization deemed worthy of consideration by the judge shall be submitted to the Commission for advisory reports, whereas in the remaining cases, proposed plans of reorganization may be, but are not required to be, submitted to the Commission for such reports.

Table 1.—Distribution of cases by type of industry—Total assets and total indebtedness of companies entering into reorganization proceedings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

	37	,	Total ass	ets	Tota	Total indebted	
Industry	Num- ber of com- panies	Amount (thou- sands of dollars)	Per- cent of grand total	Percent of ad- justed total	Amount (thou- sands of dollars)	Per- cent of grand total	Percent of ad- justed total 1
Agriculture Mining and other extractive Manufacturing Financial and investment Merchandising Real estate Construction and allied Transportation and communication Service. Electric light, power, and gas Charitable, religious, etc.	109 4 41 56 7 10 31	1, 095 22, 694 61, 778 25, 061 6, 578 36, 158 1, 003 13, 920 5, 675 809, 681 1, 145	0. 11 2. 30 6. 27 2. 55 0. 67 3. 67 0. 10 1. 41 0. 58 82 22 0. 12	0. 61 12. 57 34. 23 13. 89 3. 65 20. 04 0. 56 7. 71 3. 14 2. 97 0. 63	989 7, 923 39, 366 18, 927 4, 633 27, 810 825 13, 326 3, 000 409, 971 1, 162	0. 19 1. 50 7. 46 3. 58 0. 88 5. 27 0. 16 2. 52 0. 57 77. 65 0. 22	0. 84 6. 33 31. 77 15. 22 3. 74 22. 44 0. 66 10. 73 2. 44 4. 83 0. 9
Grand total	291	984, 788	100 00	100 00	527, 932	100 00	100 0

¹ Adjusted to exclude Associated Gas & Electric Company and its subsidiary, Associated Gas & Electric Corporation.

Table 2.—Geographical distribution of cases in accordance with location of principal assets—Total assets of companies entering into reorganization proceedings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

	-	Total assets 1		
State or territorial possession	Number of com- panies	Amount (thousands of dollars) Percent of grand total		Percent of adjusted total 2
Alabama Arizona California Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Montana Nebraska New Hampshire New Jersey New York North Carolina Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania	2 1 24 1 2 4 4 4 2 2 33 3 1 5 17 8 4 2 2 17 1 1 3 3 14 4 13 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	298 298 13, 394 1, 079 1, 711 390 108 576 870 112 6, 351 584 733 1, 447 5, 409 302 24, 225 4, 087 2, 151 1, 143 357 4, 713 7, 531 3, 108 863, 111 5, 556 2, 845 9, 076 196 15, 392	(a) 0.03 0.03 0.11 0.17 0.04 0.01 0.06 0.09 0.01 0.64 0.07 0.15 0.55 (a) 0.22 0.22 0.12 0.04 0.76 (b) 0.09 0.09 0.09 0.09	0. 17 0. 17 7. 42 0. 60 0. 95 0. 22 0. 08 0. 08 3. 52 0. 41 0. 80 3. 30 0. 11 19 1. 19 0. 20 2. 26 1. 19 0. 63 0. 20 2. 1. 72 0. 63 0. 20 2. 1. 72 0. 31 1. 58 5. 63 5. 63 6.
Rhode Island Tennessee	2 4	42 952	(3)	0. 02 0. 53

¹ In most cases the total assets of the companies were located in 1 State. In a small number of cases the assets of the companies were distributed among more than 1 State. The figures in this table include the total amount of the assets (not merely the amount of principal assets) of each individual company in the figures for the State in which its principal assets were located.

² Adjusted to exclude Associated Gas & Electric Company and its subsidiary, Associated Gas & Electric Company

Corporation.

3 Less than 0 005 percent.

Table 2.—Geographical distribution of cases in accordance with location of principal assets—Total assets of companies entering into reorganization proceedings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

		r	otal assets 1		
State or territorial possession	Number of com- panies	Amount (thousands of dollars)	Percent of grand total	Percent of adjusted total ²	
Texas Vermont Virginia	1	3, 742 92 526	0. 38 0. 01 0. 05	2. 07 0. 05 0. 29	
Washington West Virginia. Wisconsin Puerto Rico	3	71 1, 896 4, 608 31	0. 01 0. 19 0. 47	0. 04 1. 05 2. 55 0. 02	
Foreign	î	507	0.05	0. 28	
Grand total	291	984, 788	100.00	100. 00	

See footnotes on p. 349.

Table 3.—Geographical distribution of cases in accordance with location of principal place of business—Total assets and total indebtedness of companies entering into reorganization proceedings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

		,	Total asset	8	Tota	al indebted	ness
State or territorial possession	Number of com- panies	Amount (thou- sands of dollars)	Percent of grand total	Percent of ad- justed total 1	Amount (thou- sands of dollars)	Percent of grand total	Percent of ad- justed total ¹
Alabama Arizona California California Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Mininesota Mininesota Mississippi Missouri Nebraska New Hampshire New Jersey New York North Carolina Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Washington	2 11 25 6 1 3 4 4 4 1 1 3 3 3 3 1 1 5 5 5 2 17 7 13 4 4 4 4 4 1 4 4 4 4 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7	298 298 13, 464 1, 711 390 173 576 870 3, 37 6, 351 584 687 1, 382 5, 409 24, 225 4, 087 2, 151 2, 222 2, 222 2, 222 3, 357 4, 713 49 31 39 31 38 49 39 31 49 49 31 49 31 49 49 31 49 49 31 49 49 31 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	0. 03 0. 03 1. 37 0. 17 0. 04 0. 06 0. 09 0. 64 0. 07 0. 14 0. 55 (2) 2. 46 0. 42 0. 22 0. 23 0. 04 0. 48 (2) 0. 04 0. 32 0. 04 0. 32 0. 05 0. 09 0. 00 0. 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	0. 17 0. 17 7. 46 0. 95 0. 22 0. 10 0. 32 0. 48 0. 02 3. 52 0. 38 0. 76 0. 30 0. 02 13. 42 1. 19 1. 23 0. 20 2. 61 0. 03 0. 22 1. 75 3. 52 0. 38 0. 76 0. 30 0. 02 1. 23 0. 30 0. 20 1. 23 0. 30 0. 20 0. 30 0. 20 0. 30 0. 30 0	441 187 12, 287 2, 299 118 237 419 413 372 162 288 3, 349 2, 435 2, 088 944 289 3, 149 33 242 1, 511 442, 207 293 2, 931 444, 207 293 2, 941 442, 207 293 2, 941 442, 207 293 2, 941 442, 207 293 2, 941 442, 207 293 2, 941 5, 200 444 9, 947 25 409 2, 601 82 237 321 1, 504	0. 08 0. 04 2. 33 0. 44 0. 02 0. 04 0. 08 0. 05 0. 63 (2) 23 0. 05 0. 05 0. 63 (2) 24 23 0. 46 0. 40 0. 18 0. 05 0. 63 (2) 0. 63 (3) 0. 05 0. 06 0. 18 0. 05 0. 06 0. 05 0. 06 0. 05 0. 06 0. 05 0. 06 0. 05 0. 06 0. 07 0. 08 0. 08 0. 08 0. 08 0. 09 0. 09	0. 36 0. 15 9. 91 1. 85 0. 10 0. 13 0. 33 0. 13 0. 12 1. 96 0. 70 0. 23 0. 22 30. 83 0. 24 2. 41 2. 41
Wisconsin Puerto Rico	13 1	4, 608 31	0. 47 (2)	2. 55 0. 02	2, 485 67	0. 47 0. 01	2. 01 0 05
Grand total	29 i	984, 788	100. CO	100.00	527, 932	100.00	100.00

¹ Adjusted to exclude Associated Gas & Electric Company and its subsidiary, Associated Gas & Electric Corporation.

Less than 0.005 percent.

Table 4.—Distribution of cases by Federal judicial districts—Total assets and total indebtedness of companies entering into reorganization proceedings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

,		1	Total assets	3	Total indebtedness		
Judicial district	Number of com- panies	Amount (thou- sands of dollars)	Percent of grand total	Percent of adjusted total ¹	Amount (thou- sands of dollars)	Percent of grand total	Percent of adjusted total ¹
Alabama: Northern	2	298	0. 03	0. 17	441	0. 08	0. 36
	1	298	0. 03	0. 17	187	0. 04	0. 15
California: Northern Southern Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida: Southern	11 14 6 5 4	7, 067 6, 397 1, 711 1, 518 7, 014 576	0. 72 0. 65 0. 17 0. 15 0. 71 0. 06	3. 91 3. 54 0. 95 0. 84 3. 89 0. 32	9, 181 3, 106 2, 299 1, 206 6, 561 419	1. 74 0. 59 0. 44 0. 23 1. 24 0. 08	7. 41 2. 51 1. 85 0. 97 5. 29 0. 34
Georgia: Northern Southern Middle Illinois:	1	728	0. 07	0. 40	226	0. 04	0. 18
	1	23	(²)	0. 01	51	0. 01	0. 04
	2	119	0. 01	0. 07	136	0. 03	0. 11
Northern Eastern Southern Indiana: Southern Kansas Kentucky: Western	24	4, 663	0. 47	2. 58	3, 954	0. 75	3. 19
	7	1, 480	0. 15	0. 82	1, 157	0. 22	0. 93
	2	208	0. 02	0. 12	303	0. 06	0. 24
	3	584	0. 06	0. 32	372	0. 07	0. 30
	1	687	0. 07	0. 38	162	0. 03	0. 13
	3	520	0. 05	0. 29	214	0. 04	0. 17
Louisiana: Eastern Western Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan:	1	54	0. 01	0. 03	58	0. 01	0. 05
	2	5, 355	0. 54	2. 97	3, 291	0. 62	2. 66
	1	30	(²)	0. 02	23	(²)	0. 02
	4	17, 384	1. 77	9. 63	16, 025	3. 03	12. 93
	17	4, 087	0. 42	2. 26	2, 435	0. 46	1. 96
Eastern	5	1, 561	0. 16	0.86	1, 632	0.31	1. 32
	3	590	0. 06	0.33	456	0.09	0. 37
	5	2, 222	0 23	1.23	944	0.18	0. 76
Mississippi: Northern	1	206 151	0. 02 0. 02	0. 11 0. 08	146 143	0. 03 0. 03	0. 12 0. 12
Eastern Western Nebraska New Hampshire New Jersey	9	3, 756	0. 38	2. 08	1, 757	0. 33	1. 42
	9	994	0. 10	0. 55	1, 402	0. 26	1. 13
	1	49	(2)	0. 03	33	0. 01	0. 03
	3	391	0. 04	0. 22	242	0. 05	0. 20
	15	3, 154	0. 32	1. 75	1, 511	0. 29	1. 22
New York: Northern	3	2, 964	0, 30	1. 64	1, 560	0. 29	1, 26
	11	5, 199	0, 53	2. 88	3, 400	0. 64	2, 74
	3 24	855, 098	86, 84	28. 13	436, 922	82. 76	26, 57
	3	247	0, 03	0. 14	325	0. 06	0, 26
Eastern	1	298	0. 03	0. 17	133	0. 03	0. 11
Western	2	220	0. 02	0. 12	138	0. 03	0. 11
Middle	1	38	(²)	0. 02	22	(²)	0. 02
Ohio: NorthernOklahoma:	9	2, 685 642	0. 27 0. 07	1. 49 0. 36	2, 101 498	0. 40 0. 09	1. 70 0. 40
Northern Western Oregon Pennsylvania:	1 2	8, 135 480	0. 10 0. 83 0. 05	0. 52 4. 51 0. 27	605 4, 715 444	0. 11 0. 89 0. 08	0. 49 3. 80 0. 36
Eastern	7	764	0. 08	0. 42	508	0. 10	0. 41
	13	11,057	1. 12	6. 13	8, 059	1. 53	6. 50
	5	3,174	0. 32	1. 76	1, 380	0. 26	1. 11
	2	42	(²)	0. 02	25	(2)	0. 02
Eastern	1 3	104 848	0. 01 0. 09	0. 06 0. 47	93 316	0. 02 0. 06	0. 08 0. 25
Northern	. 2	1, 226	0. 12	0. 68	1, 034	0. 19	0. 85
Eastern		647	0. 07	0. 36	303	0. 06	0. 24
Southern		615	0. 06	0. 34	364	0. 07	0. 25
Western		900	0. 09	0. 50	900	0. 17	0. 75

Adjusted to exclude Associated Gas & Electric Company and its subsidiary, Associated Gas & Electric Corporation.
 Less than 0.005 percent.

Proceedings for the reorganizations of the two companies noted in footnote I above were instituted in the District Court for the Northern District of New York, but were transferred by order of the court to the Southern District of New York.

Table 4.—Distribution of cases by Federal judicial districts—Total assets and total indebtedness of companies entering into reorganization proceedings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940—Continued

		Total assets			Total indebtedness		
Judicial district	Number of com- panies	Amount (thou- sands of dollars)	Percent of grand total	Percent of adjusted total 1	Amount (thou- sands of dollars)	Percent of grand total	Percent of adjusted total
Vermont Virginia: Eastern Washington:	1	92 526	0.01 0 05	0. 05 0. 29	82 237	0. 02 0. 04	0. 07 0. 19
Eastern	1 2	75 7, 602	0. 01 0. 77	0. 04 4. 21	30 291	0 01 0.06	0. 02 0. 23
Northern Southern Wisconsin:	1	849 806	0. 09 0. 08	0. 47 0. 45	305 517	0. 06 0. 10	0. 25 0. 42
Eastern Western Puerto Rico	12 1 1	4, 519 89 31	0, 46 0, 01 (²)	2. 50 0. 05 0. 02	2, 424 61 67	0. 46 0. 01 0. 01	1 96 0. 05 0. 05
Grand total	291	984, 788	100.00	100 00	527, 932	100.00	100. 00

Adjusted to exclude Associated Gas & Electric Company and its subsidiary, Associated Gas & Electric Corporation.
2 Less than 0.005 percent.

Table 5.—Distribution of cases by amount of individual indebtedness—Total indebtedness of companies entering into reorganization proceedings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

		Total indebtedness			
Amount of individual indebtedness in dollars	Number of companies	Amount. (thousands of dollars)	Percent of grand total	Percent of adjusted total 1	
Less than 10,000 10,000-24,999 25,000-49,999 100,000-249,999 100,000-249,999 250,000-499,999 500,000-999,999 1,000,000-1,999,999 2,000,000-2,999,999	29 46 58 85 22 16 12	72 499 1, 708 4, 401 13, 906 7, 963 11, 446 16, 491	0. 01 0. 09 0. 32 0. 83 2. 64 1. 51 2. 17 3. 12	0. 06 0. 40 1. 38 3. 55 11. 22 6. 43 9. 24 13. 30	
3,000,000 and over	12	471,446	89. 31	54. 42	
Grand total	291	527, 932	100.00	100.00	

 $^{^{\}rm I}$ Adjusted to exclude Associated Gas & Electric Company and its subsidiary, Associated Gas & Electric Corporation.

Table 6.—Distribution of cases in accordance with type of petition and month when instituted—Total assets and total indebtedness of companies entering into reorganization proceedings during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1940

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Month	Type of petition	Number of companies	Total assets (thousands of dollars)	Total indebt- edness (thousands of dollars)
1939				
July	Debtor	. 27	20, 484	12, 948
•	Creditor	. 3	688	1, 328
	Trustee	2	516	841
	Total	32	21,688	15, 117
August	Debtor	19	11, 280	11, 453
August	Creditor	. 3	l 99	135
	Trustee	. 1	1, 437	674
	Total	23	12, 816	12, 262
September	Debtor	30	43, 277	33, 595
•	Creditor	. 3	3,066	1,160
	Trustee			
	Total	33	46, 343	34, 755
October	Debtor	17	2, 579	2,036
	Creditor			
	Trustee	2	1, 159	1, 048
	Total	19	3, 738	3,084
November	_ Debtor	27	16, 284 285	7, 256
	Creditor Trustee	3	285	322
	Total	30	16, 569	7, 578
December	Debtor	19	4, 571	3, 593 5, 164
	Creditor	3	7, 692	5, 164
	Total	22	12, 263	8, 757
January	Debtor Creditor Trustee	22 2	807, 247 345	405, 954 214
	1			400 700
	Total	24	807, 592	406, 168
February	Debtor	20 3	3, 224	2, 224
	Creditor. Trustee.	3	1, 003	590
	1			
	Total	23	4, 227	2, 814
March	Debtor	27	9, 476	5, 657
	CreditorTrustee	2	163 2, 232	349 1, 445
			—— — —	
	Total	30	11, 871	7, 451
April	Debter	21	4, 917	3,968
	Creditor			
			4.017	
•	Total	21	4, 917	3, 968
May	Debtor	11	2, 560	1,698
	Creditor Trustee	3	241	389
	Total	14	2, 801	2,087
June	Debtor	18	23, 353	14,002
	Creditor	2	16, 610	9, 889
	Total.	20	39, 963	02 001
				23, 891
Fiscal year ended June 30, 1940	Debtor	258	949, 252 30, 192	504, 384
	Creditor Trustee	27 6	30, 192 5, 344	504, 384 19, 540 4, 008
]		 -	
	Total	291	984, 788	527, 932

APPENDIX X

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Civ. 8-46

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE SECURITIES AND EX-CHANGE COMMISSION TO ENFORCE AND CARRY OUT A PLAN OF CORPORATE SIMPLIFICATION OF COMMUNITY POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY

OPINION 1

HULBERT, D. J.

Chester T. Lane, General Counsel, Lawrence S. Lesser, Esq., Frank J. Gillis, Esq., F. Arnold Daum, Esq., Attorneys for Securities and Exchange Commission, 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Albridge C. Smith, Esq., Prescott R. Andrews, Esq., Attorneys for Community Power and Light Co., 50 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

This is an application by the Securities and Exchange Commission made at the request of Community Power and Light Company (hereinafter called "The Company") for an order pursuant to Section 11 (e) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, 49 Stat. 822, U. S. C. T. 15, Sec. 79k (e).

The Company is a Delaware corporation and a holding company as defined by Section 2 (a) (7) (A) of the Act, 15 U. S. C. A. Sec. 79b (a) (7) (A), and has its principal executive offices in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The Company owns, controls and holds with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of the following public utility companies: Arkansas Utilities Company; The Kansas Utilities Company, Missouri Utilities Company and Texas-New Mexico Utilities Company. The Company also owns, controls, and holds with power to vote more than 60 percent of the outstanding voting securities of General Public Utilities, Inc., a Florida corporation with its principal executive offices in Jersey City, N. J. The latter is not only a public utility company but is also a holding company since it owns, controls, and holds with power to vote all of the voting securities of the following public utility companies: Dakota Power Company, Gothenberg Light and Power Company, Gulf Public Service Company, Nebraska Light and Power Company, Southwestern Public Service Company, Arizona Electric Power Company, Flagstaff Electric Light Company and Holbrook Light and Power Company.

As reported in 33 Fed. Supp. 901.

The public utility companies in the Company's holding company system operate in the states of Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, South Dakota, Nebraska, Louisiana and Arizona.

On December 1, 1935, the Company registered with the Commission under Section 5 of the Act, 15 U. S. C. A. Sec. 79e, and thereby became a "registered holding company" as that term is used in Section 11 (e) thereof.

On or about January 13, 1938, the Company filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission an application under the Act for a report on a Plan of Recapitalization to modify its capital structure, adjust arrearages in preferred stock dividends, and reduce preferred dividend requirements. Hearings were had on said Plan before an officer of the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 23 and 24, 1938. Subsequent to said hearings, but prior to any determination by the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to said Plan of Recapitalization, the Company filed certain amendments thereto and hearings were again held on said Plan, as so amended, on March 13, 14, 15 and 16, 1939. Subsequent to said hearings but prior to any determination by the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to said Plan as so amended, the Company filed an application pursuant to Section 11 (e) of the Act asking the Commission to approve a Plan of Corporate Simplification (hereinafter called the "Plan") as fair and equitable and necessary to effectuate the provisions of Section 11 (b) of the Act.

The Commission on August 7, 1939, issued a Notice of and Order for Hearing with regard to such Plan, which notice was published in the Federal Register on August 9, 1939, and the Company sent by mail, to each of its security holders a copy of a notice, which set forth details of the Plan and the date and place of the hearing to be held with regard to such Plan.

On September 6, 1939, a hearing on the Plan was held pursuant to such notice before a duly appointed officer of the Commission. At such hearing the Company appeared and presented evidence in support of the fairness of the Plan. No security holder or other person appeared at such hearing in opposition to the Plan.

On November 18, 1939, the Commission approved the Plan and entered its Findings and Opinion and Order. At the same time, the Commission issued its report on the Plan as requested by the Company. This report was sent to the Preferred and Common stockholders in connection with the solicitation of assents to the Plan. Thereafter, the Company gave notice to and solicited proxies of the Common and Preferred stockholders for a stockholders' meeting which was held in Wilmington, Delaware, on January 12, 1940. At this meeting the Plan was approved by more than two-thirds of the Preferred stockholders and by more than a majority of the Common

stockholders. Certain of the minority stockholders, both Preferred and Common, objected to the Plan and voted against its approval.

On or about March 18, 1940, the Commission, at the request of the Company, made an application to this Court, pursuant to the provisions of Section 11 (e) of the Act, to enforce and carry out the terms and provisions of the Plan.

On March 18, 1940, this Court made its order which brought on the hearing of this application on April 25, 1940. Notice of this proceeding, in the manner directed in said order, was given to those security holders of the Company whom the Plan affects. H. Vincent Smart, Esq., representing 112 shares of Common stock of the Company, appeared on the return day and an adjournment was taken to May 11, 1940, to enable him to file a memorandum regarding the constitutionality of the Public Utility Holding Company Act, and to cross examine such officers of the Company as he might give notice to the Company, on or before May 5, 1940, to produce on the adjourned date. Mr. Smart notified the Court on May 1, 1940, that his client desired him to withdraw from the proceeding, but he submitted, nevertheless, a memorandum upon the law, together with a communication prepared by a person connected with his client, containing his comments upon the alleged unfairness of the Plan and the enforcement thereof.

There was also informally presented to the Court, prior to May 1, 1940, a request from the Attorney General of the State of Delaware for an adjournment to enable him to determine whether he would seek permission to intervene. Before said adjourned date the Court was advised informally that he did not intend to do so. A letter was also presented, at the adjourned hearing on May 11, 1940, from Howard Duane, Esq., of Wilmington, Delaware, advising that he had been retained by a holder, since 1930, of 340 shares of First Preferred Stock, \$6 Dividend Series of the Company, and that an action had been brought by him, subsequent to the institution of this proceeding, in a Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware in and for Newcastle County upon a bill for an injunction, which apparently is still pending, a motion to restrain and for a temporary injunction pendente lite, however, having heretofore been denied.

While, as has been stated, no one appeared in opposition to this application, the Court cannot, and will not, ignore its responsibility to pass upon the objections which have been suggested by counsel who appeared and then withdrew from this proceeding.

Section 11 (b) of the Act, so far as pertinent, provides:

It shall be the duty of the Commission, as soon as practicable after January 1, 1938:

(2) To require by order, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that each registered holding company, and each subsidiary company thereof, shall take such

steps as the Commission shall find necessary to ensure that the corporate structure or continued existence of any company in the holding-company system does not unduly or unnecessarily complicate the structure, or unfairly or inequitably distribute voting power among security holders, of such holding-company system. * * *

Section 11 (e) of the Act, provides in part:

If, after notice and opportunity for hearing, the Commission shall find such plan, as submitted or as modified, necessary to effectuate the provisions of subsection (b) and fair and equitable to the persons affected by such plan, the Commission shall make an order approving such plan; and the Commission, at the request of the company, may apply to a court, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (f) of section 18 [79r of this chapter], to enforce and carry out the terms and provisions of such plan.

Section 24 of the Act, Title 15 U. S. C. A. Sec. 79x, provides that any person or party aggrieved by an order issued by the Commission may obtain a review upon petition to the Court of Appeals of the United States within any circuit wherein such person resides or has his principal place of business, or in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia. Such appeal must be taken within 60 days after the entry of such order. No such appeal has been taken and the time so to do has long since expired.

Subsection (f) of Section 18, Title 15 U. S. C. A. Sec. 79r (f), reads as follows:

Whenever it shall appear to the Commission that any person is engaged or about to engage in any acts or practices, which constitute or will constitute a violation of the provisions of this title [chapter], or of any rule, regulation, or order thereunder, it may in its discretion bring an action in the proper district court of the United States, the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, or the United States courts of any Territory or other place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, to enjoin such acts or practices and to enforce compliance with this title [chapter] or any rule, regulation, or order thereunder, and upon a proper showing a permanent or temporary injunction or decree or restaining order shall be granted without bond. The Commission may transmit such evidence as may be available concerning such acts or practices to the Attorney General, who, in his discretion, may institute the appropriate criminal proceedings under this title [chapter].

The authority of the Court under this section to approve the Plan in accordance with subsection (f) is challenged but it would certainly defeat the intent of the Congress and the purpose of the Act if the Court lacks such power in view of the express language of Section 11 (e) which reads:

If, upon any such application, the court, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall approve such plan as fair and equitable and as appropriate to effectuate the provisions of Section 11 [this section] the court as a court of equity may, to such extent as it deems necessary for the purpose of carrying out the terms and provisions of such plan, take exclusive jurisdiction and possession of the company or companies and the assets thereof, wherever located; and the court shall have jurisdiction to appoint a trustee, and the court may constitute and appoint the Commission as sole trustee, to hold or administer, under the direction of the court

and in accordance with the plan theretofore approved by the court and the Commission, the assets so possessed.

The officers of the Company, because of the pending suit in the Chancery Court of Delaware, might refrain from carrying out the Plan without such a protective order as here applied for and of course the purpose of the Plan approved by the Commission would thereby be defeated and the assets of the Company possibly depreciated, if not, wasted.

But Section 25 of the Act, Title 15 U.S.C.A. Sec. 79y, providing for jurisdiction of offenses and suits, provides in part:

Any suit or action to enforce any liability or duty created by, or to enjoin any violation of, this title [chapter] or rules, regulations, or orders thereunder, may be brought in any such district or in the district wherein the defendant is an inhabitant or transacts business * * *. Judgments and decrees so rendered shall be subject to review as provided in sections 128 and 240 of the Judicial Code, as amended, [U. S. C. A. Title 28, Sections 225 and 347].

By the term of the Plan itself its effectiveness is dependent upon approval by a Federal Court as well as the Commission.

Consequently I hold that this Court has jurisdiction of the Company and the subject matter.

I am further persuaded to this determination by an examination of the Report of the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce, No. 621, 74th Congress, First Session.

THE PLAN

The Plan contemplates the exchange of all of the Preferred and Common Stock of the Company now outstanding for New Common Stock. Each share of present Preferred Stock, together with all accumulated unpaid dividends, will receive five shares of New Common Stock. Each share of present Common Stock will receive one and four-fifths shares of New Common Stock. The new shares of Common Stock are to have a par value of \$10 each and will be entitled to one vote per share.

Upon carrying out the proposed Plan, the resulting distribution of New Common Stock will be as follows:

	Shares	Percent
To present Preferred stockholders (5 new shares for each of 68,962 present shares) To present Common stockholders (1½ new shares for each of 10,000 present shares)	344, 810 18, 000	95. 04 4. 96
Total	362, 810	100.00

The Plan also provides that the "Assignments and Agreements" now outstanding in the face amount of \$370,523.84, may be redeemed by the Company at any time upon thirty days notice and upon payment at the rate of \$100 for each \$95 face amount outstanding.

In connection with the consummation of the Plan, the Company proposes to make various accounting entries which will have the effect of adjusting or eliminating certain accounts in the Company's balance sheet. These accounting entries are in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform System of Accounts for Public Utility Holding Companies; certain of the entries are required by the Uniform System, and the others are within the Company's discretion.

The Plan, by its terms, is to become effective if it secures not only the approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission, but also that of the holders of two-thirds of the Preferred and a majority of the Common Stock, and of a Federal Court upon application by the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 11 (e) of the Act.

The contemplated procedure is as follows: If the approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission is secured, the Plan will be submitted for the consideration of the stockholders. If approval is given by the specified majorities, the Commission is requested to apply to a Federal Court to enforce and carry out the terms and provisions of the Plan. If the Plan is then approved by the Court, it is to be consummated either (a) by amending the charter of the existing corporation, or (b) by organization of a new corporation which will take over all of the assets and assume all of the liabilities and obligations of the existing corporation.

In the event that the existing corporation is to be used in the consummation of the proposed Plan, the present certificate of incorporation will be so amended as to eliminate all provisions relating to the presently authorized and outstanding First Preferred and Common Stock and so as to authorize the issuance of 500,000 shares of New Common Stock, each share having one vote and having a par value of \$10.

In the event that the proposed Plan is consummated by the formation of a new corporation, such new corporation will be organized under the laws of Delaware or such other state as may be determined by the board of directors. It will have powers and purposes substantially similar to those possessed by the present corporation. The new corporation will have an authorized capital consisting of 500,000 shares of Common Stock, each share having one vote and having a par value of \$10. Following the formation of such new corporation, all of the property now owned by Community Power and Light Company will be sold, transferred and assigned to the new corporation, which will at the same time assume all of the liabilities and obligations of the present company in return for such an amount of common stock of the new company as will be necessary to consummate the

proposed Plan. This Common stock will then be distributed in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.

QUESTIONS PRESENTED BY THE PLAN

In order to approve the Plan the Act requires the Commission to find that the Plan is necessary to effectuate the provisions of subsection (b) of Section 11, which in turn requires it to find that the present corporate structure of the Company is such that the Commission must take steps to insure that the Company's corporate structure will not unduly or unnecessarily complicate the structure of the holding-company system and to insure that the voting power is not unfairly or inequitably distributed among security holders, and that the Plan is fair and equitable to the persons affected by it.

All of the proceedings before the Commission were introduced upon the hearing before, and received in evidence by me.

In the Findings and Opinion of the Commission it found:

- 1. That the corporate structure of the Company was unduly and unnecessarily complicated and that the complications in the corporate structure of the Company rendered the corporate structure of the holding company system, of which the Company is a part, unduly and unnecessarily complicated, contrary to the standards of Section 11 (b) of the Act;
 - 2. That the voting power was unfairly and inequitably distributed;
- 3. That the Plan was necessary to effectuate the provisions of subsection (b) (2) of Section 11 of the Act;
- 4. That the modification in the terms of the Assignments and Agreements was necessary to eliminate complications in the Company's corporate structure;
- 5. That the Plan was fair and equitable to both classes of stock-holders;
- 6. That the modification in the terms of the Assignments and Agreements was fair to the holders thereof, and
- 7. That there was nothing in the proposed accounting transactions tending to make the Plan unfair or not in compliance with the Act.

PRESENT FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE COMPANY

Since 1931, the Company and its subsidiaries, including General Public Utilities, Inc., have been short of working capital. Such cash as the system had was used to pay principal and interest on certain bank loans, interest on the Assignments and Agreements, and for construction purposes and hence could not be used for dividends on the Preferred Stock. As the dividends on the Preferred Stock accumulated it became more difficult for the Company or its sub-

sidiaries to sell securities to obtain the much needed additional capital.

From 1927 to 1931, the Company paid regular dividends on its Preferred and Common Stocks.

In every year from 1927 to 1930, the dividends paid exceeded the amounts carned.

In the period from 1932 to 1938, inclusive, the total net cash in the system, not including General Public Utilities, Inc., amounted to approximately \$5,054,608, and in the same period the following disbursements were made: (1) Payments of principal on bank debt, \$1,775,000; (2) interest on bank debt, \$337,782; (3) interest on Assignments and Agreements, \$294,704; (4) Construction, \$2,928,341; or a total of \$5,335,627, leaving a cash deficit for the period of \$281,219.

The bank loan, which cost the Company more than \$2,100,000 from 1931 to 1938 in principal and interest, was originally incurred by the Company at the instance of its then parent company, American Community Power Company (hereinafter called "American").

On September 8, 1931, the American, which then controlled the Company, caused it to issue a six percent Demand Note in the amount of \$1,500,000 in consideration of the payment of \$500,000 in cash by American to the Company and the assignment to the Company of a note in the face amount of \$1,000,000, payable to American by General Public Utilities, Inc.'s predecessor.

As of the same date, American borrowed \$1,500,000 from The Chase National Bank of The City of New York (hereinafter called "Chase") and executed and delivered a six percent collateral note for six months in that amount. As security, American turned over to Chase, the Company's note to it for \$1,500,000 and, as additional collateral, American Commonwealths Power Corporation (Del.), the parent of American (hereinafter called "Commonwealths"), deposited 50,000 shares of the common stock of American, which was all of that Company's outstanding stock.

As a part of the transaction, it was agreed by American that its note to Chase would mature upon (1) the nonpayment of an \$1,800,000 issue of notes of American, which were due November 1, 1931, or (2) upon the nonpayment of the \$4,000,000 issue of Secured Notes of General Public Utilities, Inc.'s predecessor, due December 1, 1931.

Neither of these obligations was paid at maturity.

To obtain a waiver from Chase of default on American's note it caused the Company to pledge additional collateral as security for its note. The additional collateral so pledged was all of the common

stock of the predecessor of Texas-New Mexico Utilities Company and \$1,800,000 of notes of General Public Utilities, Inc.'s predecessor.

Receivers were appointed for American by the Chancery Court of Delaware on Dec. 31, 1931, and on Feb. 15, 1932, the Company executed a Collateral Agreement with Chase under the terms of which the note of the Company was extended to May 1, 1932, and the Company recognized Chase as the holder of its note in due course and agreed to pay interest and principal of such note when due.

The note to Chase was finally liquidated, after periodic extensions, on March 27, 1936, as a result of funds borrowed from the Empire Trust Company and from the Continental Bank & Trust Company, both of New York City. The principal of the notes to these two banks was reduced until as of June 30, 1939 only \$150,000 was due to the Continental Bank & Trust Company. This has now been paid from the proceeds of a loan secured from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Because of the conduct of its former parent companies, the Company was also required to issue certain "Assignments and Agreements" although it received no cash return therefrom.

During 1931, Commonwealths caused employees and officers of the operating subsidiaries of the Company to sell shares of its \$6.24 Preferred Stock and shares of the Prior Preferred Stock of American Commonwealths Power Corporation, New Jersey, in the territory served by such operating subsidiaries. None of the proceeds of these sales went to the Company or to any of its subsidiaries.

In order to avoid litigation and retain the good will of the customers of their subsidiaries, the Company offered to take up the Preferred Stock that had been so sold at the instance of Commonwealths (Del.). This transaction was evidenced by an assignment to the Company of any claim which such Preferred stockholders of Commonwealths (N. J.) may have had in the premises. In turn, the Company agreed to pay to the holder of such Preferred stock \$6.24 per annum for each \$100 face amount of Prior Preferred Stock (which had been sold for \$95). These obligations have no due date, but are exchangeable at the option of the Company for its junior Preferred stock, provided there are no arrears of dividends on the First Preferred Stock. The Company has never, because of said dividend arrears, been in a position to exercise its right to issue Preferred stock in settlement of these Agreements.

During the period from 1931 to 1938, the interest on the Assignments and Agreements amounted to \$294,704. This amount was paid by the Company with no cash return to it and to that extent utilized cash which would otherwise have been available for dividends on the First Preferred Stock.

It appears that the cash entering the system through normal business operations was not sufficient to meet the cash requirements of the system, including construction. During the same period it has been impossible for the subsidiary companies to take care of their own construction for additions and extensions through the sale of new securities.

The Trust Indenture, under which the \$14,000,000 principal amount of the Company's First Mortgage Collateral Trust Gold Bonds are issued, provides that all securities of the direct operating subsidiaries owned by the Company are to be pledged with the Trustees. The Company covenanted that it would not permit the subsidiaries to issue any additional securities unless such securities were also pledged with the Trustees. This provision prevented sale of securities to anyone except the Company and that company was not in a cash position to put any additional money in the operating properties.

General Public Utilities, Inc., has a similar provision in the Trust Indenture securing its First Mortgage and Collateral Trust 6½% Bonds. Its subsidiaries are thus unable to sell securities to finance their own extensions and additions. General Public Utilities, Inc. is not in a cash position to put additional funds into its subsidiaries, and, as has been stated, the Company cannot advance money to General Public Utilities, Inc., so that company may aid its subsidiaries.

Temporary respite from this situation was secured by the Company in May 1939, through the medium of a Reconstruction Finance Corporation loan of \$1,350,000. Of this amount, \$1,250,000 is to be used by the Missouri Utilities Company, The Kansas Utilities Company, and the Texas-New Mexico Utilities Company for construction of additions and extensions in the territory served by such companies. The remaining \$100,000 to be used by the Company, together with funds of its own, to pay off the bank loans previously mentioned.

Under the terms of the loan agreement the Company is presently restricted while the loan is outstanding to a maximum annual dividend of 50 cents per share on the New Common Stock, or a total annual dividend payment of not over \$181,405.

FAIRNESS OF THE PLAN

The Commission found that:

The most obvious question of fairness is the allocation of securities between the present Preferred and Common stockholders. Unless their present interests in the Company correspond to the proposed 95 to 5 distribution, the plan may be said to be unfair in the absence of offsetting considerations. On the other hand, it is to be recognized that such relationships cannot be measured with precision.

The usual methods for determining the fairness of a reallocation of securities require consideration of the values presently available for each class. On the

basis of book values, as determined by the latest balance sheet, there would appear to be an excess of value available for the Common Stock, which might be used as a basis for some recognition. However, as pointed out above, values on the balance sheet include items which ought not to be there and which it is now proposed to eliminate. When these eliminations are made, the margin apparently available for the Common Stock disappears.

This, however, is not conclusive as to the right of the Common Stock to participation. At the present time the corporate earnings exceed the Preferred dividend requirement and the forecasts of future earnings point to a still further improvement. It may be assumed, therefore, that although it will take many years before the present Common Stock can hope for a return, especially in view of the crippling effect of the present capital structure, nevertheless there is an eventual prospect which must be regarded as having a present value. If the company were in a position to pay out all of its corporate net income in the form of dividends, the Common stockholders might, on the basis of the present level of earnings, expect some return after approximately 10 years. according to the Company's management the system must conserve its cash for improvements, replacements, and betterments, and as pointed out above, the loan agreement with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation limits dividend payments so long as that loan is outstanding unless that corporation's consent is obtained to any proposed increase in dividend payments. Nevertheless, the possibility that there may eventually be dividends available for the Common Stock is such that we cannot say that the Common Stock has no value, and we therefore believe that it is entitled to some participation in the Company.

We have frequently said that for reorganization purposes earning power rather than the book value of assets is the best test of value. Genesee Valley Gas Co., Inc., 3 S. E. C. 104 (1938); In re Utilities Power & Light Corp., 1939, D. C. 29 F. Supp. 763, 5 S. E. C. 483. In the present case it is unnecessary to attempt to appraise the exact value of the Common Stock of Community. It is evident from the income figures, as previously set forth above, that there is some excess of earnings over present Preferred dividend requirements. We therefore believe that some value remains for the Common Stock. Under circumstances where a larger participation was being given to Common Stock, we might be required to evaluate more precisely the equity for such common stock. On the other hand, the fact that there appears to be no prospect of dividends being paid on the Common Stock for many years indicates that any participation being given to that class of stock must necessarily be slight. Under all the circumstances of the present case and upon consideration of the entire record, we are of the opinion that the proposed allocation is reasonable.

It may be argued that whatever value exists for the Common Stock is presently subordinated to the claims of the Preferred stockholders, whereas the plan proposes to place both on a parity so far as the future is concerned. In the present case such a contention seems unreal. Any attempt to give the Preferred stockholders for their overwhelming interest securities senior in rank to those issued to the holders of Common Stock would produce a useless complexity without substantially affecting the result. The interest of the present Common stockholders is so small as in no event to warrant the issuance of more than one class of securities.

It follows from the foregoing that the vesting of the Preferred stockholders with 95% of the voting power is consistent with the respective interests of the two classes of stock and we find the plan fair and equitable to both classes of stockholders.

As we have pointed out, the modification in the terms of the Assignments and Agreements is in substance merely incidental to the simplification of the Company's corporate structure. Since no real change is made in the rights of the

holders of Assignments and Agreements, and since they will continue to receive interest at the same rate unless and until the Company is able to redeem their securities at the full price, we find that the proposed alteration in the terms of these documents is fair to the holders thereof.

NECESSITY FOR PLAN

The Commission found:

With huge Preferred Stock arrearages which, because of the terms of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation's loan heretofore mentioned, will increase for the present rather than diminish, and in view of the fact that the Assignments and Agreements now outstanding cannot be called unless converted into junior preferred stock, which cannot be issued so long as Preferred dividends are in arrears, we are of the opinion that the Company's corporate structure is unduly and unnecessarily complicated. Under these circumstances, we are of the opinion that the complications in Community's corporate structure render the corporate structure of the holding company system of which Community is a part unduly and unnecessarily complicated, contrary to the standards of Section 11 (b).

We reach the same conclusion with respect to the distribution of voting power. As already stated, under the terms of the charter the holders of Common Stock are in a position to control the Company at all times and, in the absence of defaults, have the sole voting power for the election of directors. The fact is that the interest of the Common Stock in the Company's assets and earnings is at best slight. In substance the Company belongs to the Preferred stockholders, assuming that its creditors are secure in their claims. We therefore conclude, and so find, that the voting power is presently unfairly and inequitably distributed.

The proposed modification in the terms of the Assignments and Agreements is merely an incident to the transformation of the Company's corporate structure from three authorized classes to one class of stock. Under the present terms of the Assignments and Agreements, they may be converted into a junior preferred stock "if and when defaults in preferred dividends have been remedied and regular preferred dividends have been resumed." Since the consummation of the simplification plan will terminate all rights to accrued dividends, it is evident that the Company, upon the exchange of stock required by the plan, would, so far as the terms of the Assignments and Agreements are concerned, be in a position to convert the Assignments and Agreements into preferred stock and then immediately to call such preferred stock at its call price of \$100 per unit. The effect of the proposed modification, therefore, appears merely to make unnecessary the actual issuance and calling of the junior preferred stock. In that way the additional complication in the corporate structure resulting from such issuance is No real change is made in the rights of the holders of Assignments and So far as any alteration is made requiring our approval, therefore, we find that such modification in the terms of the Assignments and Agreements is necessary to climinate complications in the Company's corporate structure and to carry out the original purposes of the Assignments and Agreements in the light of the elimination of the Company's Preferred Stock and its transformation into a one stock company.

Under all of the circumstances of this case, in the light of the Company's present financial condition and future prospects, and in view of the present inequitable distribution of voting power, we conclude and so find that the plan of corporate simplification is necessary to effectuate the provisions of subsection (b) (2) of Section 11.

It has been suggested to the Court, as previously stated, that Section 11 of the Act is not an exercise of the Congressional power over Interstate Commerce in that "the test of application * * * is not whether the holding company is engaged in or affects interstate commerce but rests solely on the test of whether it is a holding company."

This suggestion is without merit. Section 11 does not apply to all holding companies. It is expressly limited in its application to "registered" holding companies under Section 5 of the Act. Nor is registration required indiscriminately of all holding companies as such. On the contrary, registration is obligatory only for those holding companies which engage in certain specified types of transactions.

Section 4 (a) of the Act 15 U.S. C. A. Sec. 79d (a), reads:

After December 1, 1935, unless a holding company is registered under section 5 [79e of this title], it shall be unlawful for such holding company, directly or indirectly—

- (1) to sell, transport, transmit, or distribute, or own or operate any utility assets for the transportation, transmission, or distribution of, natural or manufactured gas or electric energy in interstate commerce;
- (2) by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce to negotiate, enter into, or take any step in the performance of, any service, sales, or construction contract undertaking to perform services or construction work for, or sell goods to, any public-utility company or holding company;
- (3) to distribute or make any public offering for sale or exchange of any security of such holding company, any subsidiary company or affiliate of such holding company, any public-utility company, or any holding company, by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or to sell any such security having reason to believe that such security, by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, will be distributed or made the subject of a public offering;
- (4) by use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, to acquire or negotiate for the acquisition of any security or utility assets of any subsidiary company or affiliate of such holding company, any public-utility company, or any holding company;
 - (5) to engage in any business in interstate commerce; or
- (6) to own, control, or hold with power to vote, any security of any subsidiary company thereof that does any of the acts enumerated in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive, of this subsection.

In Electric Bond and Share Co. v. Securities and Exchange Commission, 1938, 303 U. S. 419, 58 S. Ct. 678, 82 L. Ed. 936, 115 A. L. R. 105, the Court sustained Sections 4 (a) and 5 of the Act as constitutional and held that the doing of any of the things specified in clauses (1) to (6) of Section 4 (a) above quoted constituted an engagement in interstate commerce subject to the regulation of Congress. Therefore, the only holding companies required to register are those which engage in interstate commerce. Since Section 11 by its terms applies only to registered holding companies, it is evident that "the test of application" does not "rest solely on * * * whether the

Company is a holding company" without regard to whether it is "engaged in or affects interstate commerce."

The further suggestion has been made to the Court that, despite its registration under Section 5 of the Act, the Company is not subject to regulation by Congress under the commerce clause because it "is simply a holding company collecting dividends and interest from its investments, in no reasonable sense, engaged in interstate commerce." But in view of the regulatory provisions of the Act which take effect only after registration it would seem unlikely that the officers and directors of the Company would have caused it to register under Section 5 of the Act unless the Company engaged in interstate commerce as defined in clauses (1) to (6) of Section 4 (a).

However that may be, the record is clear that at least three subsidiaries of the Company transmit, and own and operate utility assets for the transmission of electric energy in interstate commerce, within the meaning of clause (1) of Section 4 (a) of the Act. These are Texas-New Mexico Utilities Company, Kansas Utilities Company and Missouri Utilities Company, all of whose outstanding voting securities are owned, or controlled and held by the Company with power to vote. That the interstate commerce is conducted through the subsidiary companies rather than by the Company itself is of no moment. In Electric Bond & Share Co. v. Securities and Exchange Commission, supra, Mr. Chief Justice Hughes said (303 U. S. at page 440, 58 S. Ct. at page 686, 82 L. Ed. 936, 115 A. L. R. 105):

* * * That they conduct such transactions through the instrumentality of subsidiaries cannot avail to remove them from the reach of the federal power. It is the substance of what they do, and not the form in which they clothe their transactions, which must afford the test. The constitutional authority confided to Congress could not be maintained if it were deemed to depend upon * * * mere modal arrangements * * *.

I deem the second suggestion to be without merit.

The suggestion was further made that Section 11 of the Act is not within "the power of Congress to pass uniform laws on bankruptcy * * * (or) * * * to establish post offices and post roads." Reliance is placed by both suggestors on Burco, Inc. v. Whitworth, 4 Cir., 1936, 81 F. 2d 721. That case arose upon an application for instructions by a trustee appointed under Section 77B of the Bankruptcy Act, 11 U. S. C. A. § 207. The debtor was a holding company as defined by the Act and the question was whether the trustee should comply with the registration provisions of Sections 4 (a) and 5. The Court held that those sections were unconstitutional and directed the trustee to disregard them. That decision has been clearly overruled by the later determination of the Supreme Court in the Electric Bond & Share Co. Case, 1938, 303 U. S. 419, 58 S. Ct. 678, 82 L. Ed. 936,

115 A. L. R. 105, that Sections 4 (a) and 5 are constitutional. The Court in the Burco case, however, unlike the Supreme Court in the Electric Bond & Share Co. case, gave expression to opinions concerning sections of the Act other than those in issue. This, of course, is sheer obiter. In view of the fact that the Burco case has been overruled as to the matter decided, little weight can be given to its dicta.

The Company is engaged in interstate commerce through the instrumentality of its subsidiaries and the application of subsection (b) (2) and (e) of Section 11 are clearly within the power of Congress under the commerce clause.

The power of Congress over interstate commerce is, subject to the limitations of the Bill of Rights, plenary and sovereign (Kentucky Whip & Collar Co. v. Illinois Central Railroad Co., 1937, 299 U. S. 334, 345, 57 S. Ct. 277, 81 L. Ed. 270; Champion v. Ames, 1903, 188 U. S. 321, 347, 352, 23 S. Ct. 321, 47 L. Ed. 492; Gilman v. Philadelphia, 1865, 3 Wall. 713, 725, 18 L. Ed. 96; Gibbons v. Ogden, 1824, 9 Wheat. 1, 196, 6 L. Ed. 23; Cohens v. Virginia, 1821, 6 Wheat. 264, 412, 5 L. Ed. 257) and is not limited to such commerce itself but extends "to every instrumentality or agency by which it is carried on" (Minnesota Rate Cases, 1913, 230 U. S. 352, 399, 33 S. Ct. 729, 739, 57 L. Ed. 1511, 48 L. R. A., N. S., 1151, Ann. Cas. 1916A, 18) and to the "persons engaged in it." Sherlock v. Alling, 1876, 93 U. S. 99, 103, 23 L. Ed. 819.

Within the field of interstate commerce Congress possesses a police power to promote the general welfare akin to that of the states in the realm of their domestic affairs. Nebbia v. New York, 1934, 291 U. S. 502, 524, 54 S. Ct. 505, 78 L. Ed. 940, 89 A. L. R. 1469; Brooks v. United States, 1925, 267 U. S. 432, 436, 45 S. Ct. 345, 69 L. Ed. 699, 37 A. L. R. 1407; Board of Trade of City of Chicago v. Olsen, 1923, 262 U. S. 1, 41, 43 S. Ct. 470, 67 L. Ed. 839.

Congress may, therefore, under the commerce clause, enact legislation "to foster, protect and control [interstate] commerce with appropriate regard to the welfare of those who are immediately concerned, as well as the public at large, and to promote its growth and insure its safety." Dayton-Goose Creek R. Co. v. United States, 1924, 263 U. S. 456, 478, 44 S. Ct. 169, 172, 68 L. Ed. 388, 33 A. L. R. 472. It is within the province of Congress, moreover, in the regulation of interstate commerce to privide for the security of the people in their relationships to corporations engaged in such commerce. Thus in Crutcher v. Kentucky, 1891, 141 U. S. 47, 58, 11 S. Ct. 851, 854, 35 L. Ed. 649, the Court said:

* * The prerogative, the responsibility, and the duty of providing for the security of the citizens and the people of the United States in relation to foreign corporate bodies, or foreign individuals with whom they may have relations of foreign commerce, belong to the government of the United States * * *.

And the same thing is exactly as true with regard to interstate commerce as it is with regard to foreign commerce. No difference is perceivable between the two. * * *

The powers of Congress in this regard were succinctly stated by the late Frank B. Kellogg some thirty years ago:

* * * Within its power of regulation it may prescribe what corporations may so engage in such commerce. It may prohibit corporations organized under foreign governments from engaging therein, or prescribe the regulations under which they may so engage. It may equally prohibit state corporations from so engaging, or as a condition prescribe the regulations under which they may engage. Such conditions may include the terms under which the capital stock shall be issued and paid for, and proper guaranties to insure the solvency of such corporations, to the end that their securities may be safe investments for the people, and that they may be able to perform their obligations as instrumentalities of commerce.

Federal Incorporation and Control, 20 Yale L. J. 177, 188 (1910).

Similarly Victor Morawetz, an eminent authority on constitutional and corporate law, wrote over a quarter of a century ago:

* * * The organization, powers, and financial conditions of a * * * corporation may have a direct and important relation to the transaction of interstate and international commerce, and may be of such a character as to render the * * * operations of the corporation a menace to the security and welfare of the people of all the states. A statute prohibiting the transaction of interstate commerce by means of a corporate organization which is a menace to the security of the public would seem justifiable as an exercise of the police power over interstate commerce and as a regulation of such commerce within the meaning of the Constitution.

The Power of Congress to Enact Incorporation Laws and to Regulate Corporations, 26 Harv. L. Rev. 667, 680 (1913).

Subsections (b) (2) and (e) of Section 11 of the Act are clearly within the power of Congress above described. A corporation engaged in interstate commerce whose corporate structure is unduly or unnecessarily complicated or unfairly and inequitably distributes voting power among its security holders is manifestly inimical both to that commerce and its own security holders. That is especially so of public utility holding companies one of whose main functions is to finance the operations of their subsidiaries through funds raised by the sale of their own securities.

The suggestion that, in providing a means of corporate simplification for registered holding companies, the Act is arbitrary and capricious is demonstrably unwarranted.

The suggestion that the plan is not within Section 11 (b) (2) in that the corporate structure of the Company is not complicated and does not unfairly and inequitably distribute voting rights is equally untenable. It appears clearly from the opinion of the Commission approving the plan that, although there have been earnings, dividends have not been declared since November 1931 because the funds were

found necessary to meet debt obligations and to pay for necessary improvements to the properties of the operating subsidiaries. With huge arrearages of unpaid and undeclared dividends on the Preferred Stock, the Company finds itself without credit to raise the funds necessary to enable it to fulfill its duties to its subsidiaries. The "Assignments and Agreements" being without maturity, constitute perpetual debentures, which, unless the Plan is consummated or the arrearages on the Preferred Stock are somehow paid, cannot but contribute to the inability of the Company to function normally.

Complexity is not a matter to be determined merely by counting the classes of securities outstanding. A corporate structure is unduly and unnecessarily complicated when it prevents the corporation involved from performing its functions. By such a test there can be no doubt that the Company's corporate structure falls within the meaning of Section 11 (b) (2) of the Act.

That the voting rights are unfairly distributed is apparent. The Commission found the 10,000 shares of outstanding Common Stock to be valueless on the basis of adjusted book-value, and on an earning basis to have but a 5 percent interest in the Company. Yet this class of stock presently controls the Company through a preponderance of voting strength.

It has been further suggested that in their application in the instant case subsections (b) (2) and (e) of Section 11 are unconstitutional in that they would abrogate "vested contractual rights given by state law." I do not agree. In the exercise of its powers under the Constitution, Congress may properly enact legislation which has the effect of impairing or even abrogating existing contract rights. This has been recognized on numerous occasions by the Supreme Court in sustaining statutes enacted under the power to coin money and regulate its value. Legal Tender Cases, 1870, 12 Wall. 457, 549, 550, 20 L. Ed. 287; Norman v. Baltimore & Ohio R. Co. (Gold Clause Case), 1935, 294 U.S. 240, 55 S. Ct. 407, 79 L. Ed. 885, 95 A. L. R. 1352, as well as under the commerce clause, United States v. Southern Pac. Co., 1922, 259 U.S. 214, 234, 42 S. Ct. 496, 66 L. Ed. 907; New York v. United States, 1922, 257 U.S. 591, 600, 601, 42 S. Ct. 239, 66 L. Ed. 385; Philadelphia, etc., R. Co. v. Schubert, 1912, 224 U. S. 603, 613, 32 S. Ct. 589, 56 L. Ed. 911; Louisville & N. R. Co. v. Mottley, 1911, 219 U. S. 467, 480-482, 31 S. Ct. 265, 55 L. Ed. 297, 34 L. R. A., N. S., 671; Addyston Pipe & Steel Co. v. United States, 1899, 175 U. S. 211, 226-235, 20 S. Ct. 96, 44 L. Ed. 136. Thus in the Schubert case, supra, Mr. Justice Hughes, as he then was, said (224 U.S. at page 613, 614, 32 S. Ct. at page 592, 56 L. Ed. 911):

* * * The power of Congress, in its regulation of interstate commerce * * * [is] not fettered by the necessity of maintaining existing arrangements and stipulations which * * * conflict with the execution of its policy. To subordinate the exercise of the Federal authority to the continuing operation of previous contracts would be to place, to this extent, the regulation of interstate commerce in the hands of private individuals, and to withdraw from the control of Congress so much of the field as they might choose by prophetic discernment to bring within the range of their agreements. The Constitution recognizes no such limitation. It is of the essence of the delegated power of regulation that, within its sphere, Congress should be able to establish uniform rules, immediately obligatory, which as to future action should transcend all inconsistent provisions. Prior arrangements were necessarily subject to this paramount authority.

Nor is the suggestion that Sections 11 (b) (2) and 11 (e) of the Act in their present application violate the Tenth Amendment of any merit. Assuming that Delaware law prohibits its corporations from amending their charters so as to substitute some other right for that of Preferred shareholders to accrued unpaid and undeclared dividends: Congress is not fettered in the regulation of the instrumentalities of interstate commerce by state law. United States v. Delaware & Hudson Co., 1909, 213 U. S. 366, 405, 29 S. Ct. 527, 53 L. Ed. 836; Northern Securities Co. v. United States, 1904, 193 U. S. 197, 345, 24 S. Ct. 436, 48 L. Ed. 679; Pittsburgh & W. V. R. Co. v. Interstate Commerce Commission, 1923, 54 App. D. C. 34, 293 F. 1001, 1003, appeal denied, 1924, 266 U. S. 640, 45 S. Ct. 124, 69 L. Ed. 483. Thus in the Delaware & Hudson case, supra, the Court said (213 U. S. at page 405, 29 S. Ct. at page 535, 53 L. Ed. 836):

* * The power to regulate commerce possessed by Congress is, in the nature of things, everenduring, and therefore the right to exert it today, tomorrow, and at all times in its plenitude must remain free from restrictions and limitations arising or asserted to arise by state laws, whether enacted before or after Congress has chosen to exert and apply its lawful power to regulate.

In the Pittsburgh & W. V. R. Co. case, supra, the Court sustained Section 20 (a) of the Interstate Commerce Act, 49 U. S. C. A. § 20 (a), which placed the issuance of securities by transportation companies engaged in interstate commerce under the regulation of the Interstate Commerce Commission. In overruling a contention similar to that here raised, the Court said (54 App. D. C. 34, 293 F. at page 1003):

The validity of section 20a, supra, is questioned on the ground that it is not a regulation of Interstate Commerce, nor within the power of Congress, but is instead a usurpation of states' rights contrary to the Tenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States. It is authoritatively asserted that with one or two exceptions all the railroad corporations of the country are organized under state laws, and it is contended are subject exclusively to the constitution and laws of the states in which they were created. We are not impressed by this contention. Unquestionably every state has plenary power over its corporations, but when that power comes in conflict with the exercise by Congress of a power expressly conferred by the Constitution, the authority of the state must yield. We are here considering the power of Congress to regulate interstate commerce; in that field the authority of Congress is supreme. A law of Congress enacted pursuant to express constitutional sanction, is the supreme law of the land, "anything in the Constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding."

The Court said in Champion v. Ames, 1903, 188 U. S. 321, 357, 23 S. Ct. 321, 327, 47 L. ED. 492:

If it be said that the act * * * is inconsistent with the Tenth Amendment, reserving to the States respectively or to the people the powers not delegated to the United States, the answer is that the power to regulate commerce among the States has been expressly delegated to Congress.

But the Delaware law is not as has been suggested. All that Keller v. Wilson & Co., Del. Sup., 1936, 190 A. 115, and the cases that follow it (relied upon by Mr. Duane) hold is that accumulated unpaid and undeclared dividends are not subject to elimination by action of the stockholders under Section 26 of Delaware's General Corporation Law. This is apparent from the later decision of the same court in Federal United Corporation v. Havender, Del. Sup., 1940, 11 A. 2d 331, holding that such dividends can properly be eliminated by corporate action under Sections 59 and 59A of the General Corporation Law.

The Keller case, supra, turns upon the point that Section 26 of the General Corporation Law was not in effect when the corporation in question was organized and that consequently rights of preferred shareholders contracted before its enactment were not subject to impairment by it. Consolidated Film Industries v. Johnson. Del. Sup., 1937, 197 A. 489, goes a step further. It was there held that even as to corporations organized after its enactment, Section 26, while effectively creating means to bar the cumulation of future dividends, could not be used to affect dividends already accrued without impairing the obligation of contract. These cases, of course, are based on the provision of Section 10 of Article I of the federal Constitution which prohibits the states from impairing obligations of contract. But Congress is not subject to any such restriction, and the plan before this Court is promulgated not by virtue of any state law, but under the paramount and exclusive power of the federal government to regulate interstate commerce and its instrumentalities.

In the Havender case, supra, the Supreme Court of Delaware made it clear that the public policy of that state did not prohibit the elimination of accrued unpaid and undeclared dividends. There the court found in Sections 59 and 59A of the General Corporation Law a caveat to preferred shareholders (apparently missing in Section 26) that their right to accumulated unpaid and undeclared dividends might be eliminated. The court therefore held that those sections afford means to accomplish that end without conflicting with the prohibition of Section 10 of Article I of the federal Constitution.

The policy of Delaware law and the concern of the courts of that state with this subject was well phrased in the Havender case, supra, where the court said, 11 A. 2d, at page 342:

There is no invasion of legal or equitable rights, nor is there moral wrong, in disposing of dividends on preference stock accumulated through time other than

by their payment in money, if the right to such dividends has not the status of a fixed contractual right * * *, and if the terms of disposal are fair and equitable in the circumstances of the case; * * *

Thus the public policy of Delaware is not against the compounding of accumulated dividends. It is only when state action in that regard would invade contract rights that the law of Delaware hesitates. But, as already noted, the plan before this Court is not based on Delaware law, but on paramount federal law which is not subject to Section 10 of Article I of the federal Constitution.

It has been further suggested that in their application to the case at bar Sections 11 (b) (2) and 11 (e) of the Act are "spoliative and confiscatory and in violation of the Fifth Amendment." But as the Supreme Court has on numerous occasions pointed out the proscription by the Fifth Amendment of the deprivation of property without due process of law applies only to direct appropriations. Norman v. Baltimore & Ohio R. Co., 1935, 294 U. S. 240, 55 S. Ct. 407, 79 L. Ed. 885, 95 A. L. R. 1352; Union Bridge Co. v. United States, 1907, 204 U. S. 364, 27 S. Ct. 367, 51 L. Ed. 523; Scranton v. Wheeler, 1900, 179 U. S. 141, 21 S. Ct. 48, 45 L. Ed. 126; Legal Tender Cases, 1870, 12 Wall. 457, 20 L. Ed. 287.

Thus in answer to a similar contention it was said in the Legal Tender cases, supra, 12 Wall. at 551, 20 L. Ed. 287:

* * * That provision has always been understood as referring only to a direct appropriation, and not to consequential injuries resulting from the exercise of lawful power. It has never been supposed to have any bearing upon, or to inhibit laws that indirectly work harm and loss to individuals. A new tariff, an embargo, a draft, or a war may inevitably bring upon individuals great losses; may, indeed, render valuable property almost valueless. They may destroy the worth of contracts. But whoever supposed that, because of this, a tariff could not be changed, or a non-intercourse act, or an embargo be enacted, or a war be declared? * * *

That no taking within the meaning of the Fifth Amendment is here involved is apparent.

There is a further suggestion that Sections 11 (b) (2) and 11 (e) of the Act do not authorize a plan altering the rights of stockholders inter sese. This is coupled with the additional suggestion that this Court cannot enforce such a plan because Section 11 (e) of the Act gives the Court jurisdiction only over the Company and its assets but not over the stockholders.

Section 11 (b) (2) expressly provides for the elimination of undue and unnecessary complications in the corporate structure of a company. But the corporate structure of a company consists of the classes of its securities outstanding and the respective rights of their holders. Certainly if undue and unnecessary complications in a company's corporate structure are to be eliminated the statute must envision a readjustment of those rights. Any other interpretation

of the statute would render it ineffectual to accomplish one of its stated purposes.

Section 11 (e) of the Act gives the Court jurisdiction over the corporation and its assets to the extent necessary to enforce and carry out the plan. Such jurisdiction is manifestly sufficient to work a readjustment of the rights of security holders. This is so, at least insofar as stockholders are concerned, because jurisdiction over the corporation carries with it jurisdiction over the corporate charter which is the source and mainspring of shareholders' rights. Having jurisdiction over the corporation and its charter the court has ample power. On numerous occasions stockholders' rights have been altered by courts acting under former Section 77B of the National Bankruptcy Act and Chapter X of that Act as amended, 11 U. S. C. A. Sec. 207, 501 et seq. In both such classes of cases the courts had jurisdiction not over the stockholders but merely over the corporation and its assets.

It would seem that stockholders of a corporation involved in proceedings under Section 11 (e) of the Act are in no different position from stockholders of corporations in reorganization under Section 77B or Chapter X. In each case the stockholders are afforded opportunity for hearing. They may take advantage of that opportunity or they may not. But in any event the Court's jurisdiction over the corporation, deemed adequate to effect a readjustment of stockholders' rights under Section 77B and Chapter X, is clearly sufficient to accomplish that purpose under Section 11 (e).

Finally, as Mr. Justice Pitney said in Blair v. United States, 1919, 250 U. S. 273, 279, 39 S. Ct. 468, 470, 63 L. Ed. 979:

Considerations of propriety, as well as long established practice, demand that we refrain from passing upon the constitutionality of an act of Congress unless obliged to do so in the proper performance of our judicial function, when the question is raised by a party whose interests entitle him to raise it.

The constitutionality of the Act, moreover, is buttressed by a presumption to be overcome only "when the unconstitutionality exists beyond a rational doubt." International Mercantile Marine Co. v. Stranahan, C. C., S. D. N. Y., 1907, 155 F. 428, 430.

Similarly in Sarony v. Burrow-Giles Lithographic Co., C. C., S. D. N. Y., 1883, 17 F. 591, 592, the late distinguished father of my colleague Judge Coxe said:

The court should hesitate long and be convinced beyond a reasonable doubt before pronouncing the invalidity of an act of congress. The argument should amount almost to a demonstration. If doubt exists the Act should be sustained. The presumption is in favor of its validity. This has long been the rule—a rule applicable to all tribunals, and particularly to courts sitting at nisi prius. Were it otherwise, endless complications would result, and a law which, in one circuit, was declared unconstitutional and void, might, in another, be enforced as valid.

For the foregoing reasons the application will be granted. Submit findings of fact and conclusions of law and decree providing that this Court approves the Plan as fair and equitable to the persons affected and necessary to effectuate the provisions of subsection (2) of Section 11 (b) and that this Court as a Court of Equity for the purpose of carrying out the terms and provisions of such Plan takes exclusive jurisdiction and possession of the Company and the assets thereof wherever located and appoints the Company as sole Trustee in possession to hold and administer under the direction of the Court and in accordance with the Plan thus approved, the assets so possessed.

Hulbert, U. S. D. J.

Dated: N. Y., June 15, 1940.

APPENDIX XI

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON COOPERATION WITH SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

(Adopted May 14, 1940)

TO THE COUNCIL OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF ACCOUNTANTS:

Gentlemen: This report summarizes the activities of the special committee on cooperation with Securities and Exchange Commission during the past eight months. We shall also make reference in this report to certain releases of the S. E. C.

INDEPENDENT STATUS OF THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

When the present chairman of the S. E. C. took office he said that the independence of the accountant must be preserved and strengthened and standards of thoroughness and accuracy protected. The interest of the S. E. C. in this matter and the influence they can exert will undoubtedly fortify the independent status of the public accountant.

Last fall, for example, the chief accountant of the Commission was directed by the Commission to discuss with committees of the Institute whether it would not be possible for the S. E. C. to help in strengthening the position of the public accountant. The Commission expressed the desire to be of assistance in cases where an accountant who insists on making an audit of adequate scope or on following an accepted accounting principle may be faced with the loss of a client. No practicable solution to this problem has yet been found, but the initiative taken by the S. E. C. in the matter is significant of their interest in our behalf.

A few months ago we were asked by one of the commissioners whether appointment of auditors by stockholders rather than by the management would make for greater independence on the part of the auditor. We expressed our belief that the auditor's independence did not depend upon the channel of his appointment. One of the provisions in the Wagner-Lea bill for regulation of investment companies would require that accountants be selected by vote of the shareholders. The purpose of that provision, Judge Healy of the S. E. C. said in recent hearings before the Senate committee on banking and currency, was to impress upon accountants that their responsibility is to the security holders rather than to the management.

¹ This is a Committee of the American Institute of Accountants.

The latest amendment to the proxy regulation requires that when the election of an auditor is one of the matters to be acted upon pursuant to the proxy solicited, the proxy statement shall describe briefly any material relationship of the auditors to the company and any of its affiliates and similar information with respect to any relative or spouse of the auditor having the same home as the auditor. If such a relative holds investments in securities of the company or of any of its affiliates, there may exist a material relationship which would have to be described in the proxy statement. Here regulation is carried to an extreme, but we can have no dissent from its aim which is support of the independence of the auditor.

In accounting-series release No. 2, the Commission took the position that an accountant cannot be deemed to be independent if he holds an interest in the registrant that is significant with respect to its total capital or his own personal fortune, and that in one case a firm of accountants could not be considered independent because one of the partners owned stock in a client corporation which was substantial in value and constituted more than one percent of the partner's personal fortune. That pronouncement by the S. E. C. was a salutary one, in our opinion. We believe that accountants would be well advised to refrain from investing in any securities of their client companies.

AUDITING METHODS

The S. E. C. has stressed the importance of examination of books and records at the place where they are kept and the practice of inspecting the company's plant and its products during an audit. Accountants should aim to familiarize themselves with the plant layout, the operating methods, the nature of the products, the personnel of the accounting department, and the methods of internal check and control, and to substantiate oral explanations received by contact with employees having first-hand knowledge of the facts or by observation of the physical aspects of the business.²

In another case 3 that came before the S. E. C., the Commission found that an audit was inadequate because it did not comprise an investigation of the accounting methods followed at a branch office. The Commission based its finding on its rule of several years standing that in giving due weight to an internal system of audit the accountants shall review the accounting procedures followed and satisfy themselves that the procedures are in fact being followed.

There are some indications that the S. E. C. expects that examinations by auditors should be more detailed. Here is one of the most difficult problems confronting the auditor. He cannot make a com-

² Securities Act release No. 2180, Feb. 20, 1940.

³ Securities Act release No. 1744, May 25, 1938.

plete audit of all the transactions or all the accounts, and his observations of the physical plant, operations, and products must be quite restricted. He is obliged, for the most part, to draw his conclusions about the integrity of the accounts as a whole from examination of a portion of the transactions and book entries. He has to render his report promptly or the report will be of little use to the public. He has to undertake the audit at a reasonable fee to the company. If he should fail to discern that a minor discrepancy is not a bit of carelessness, but is part of a manipulation of larger proportions, the risk to him is that his oversight, in the light of after events, may be made to appear to be gross negligence.

All business concerns should not be saddled with the expense of a yearly audit as detailed as that designed for the occasional concern whose management comes under suspicion.

An auditor must expect to incur the ill will of some clients for insistence on a principle of accounting or disclosure; he will be indeed fortunate if throughout his career no ingenious fraud in bookkeeping escapes him, if he is never severely blamed for an oversight; he will seldom receive commendation for his most conscientious investigations that are conducted in accordance with the best technique and result in no spectacular discovery.

A question of audit procedure which has attracted some attention from the S. E. C. is whether the auditor, instead of depending upon his own interpretation of contracts or other legal documents or upon the explanations of them by counsel of the client company, should himself engage counsel to construe the documents. With few exceptions we think the auditor is justified in accepting the opinion of counsel of the client company on the meaning of legal documents.

When we read the releases of the S. E. C. we cannot fail to be impressed with the relative importance ascribed by the Commission to corporate earnings. We may ask ourselves whether the usual procedure for audit of operating accounts of a business concern is adequate in the interest of investors or whether it would not be practicable to make more use of statistical data which the auditor could ascertain at intervals during the year from the operating departments.

CERTIFICATION

In promulgating the new Regulation S-X, which we shall discuss presently, the S. E. C. announced that the rules governing certification by accountants would be reconsidered upon the completion of pending proceedings with a view to revisions deemed necessary as a result of these cases. Before issuing any new rule on certification, the Commission, following its usual practice, will undoubtedly discuss any proposed changes with a committee of the Institute.

We understand that the S. E. C. has taken cognizance of the Institute bulletin, "Extensions of Auditing Procedure," and that their usual policy is not to accept any auditor's certificate which indicates that in his examination of accounts receivable or inventories he has not followed the procedure outlined in the bulletin.

REGULATION S-X

During the past two years the Institute committee has had a number of conferences with the S. E. C. staff and one of the commissioners with regard to successive drafts of new accounting requirements. Finally issued in February of this year, these requirements are now known as Regulation S-X. The amendments to former requirements effected by this new regulation were described in the March 1940, issue of *The Journal of Accountancy*. These amendments, most persons will probably agree, do not add materially to the bulk of information required to be included in financial statements and schedules in registration statements.

Regulation S-X should not be regarded as the last word. We may expect it to be revised from time to time. The staff of the S. E. C. do not feel bound to accept all financial statements that are prepared exactly in conformity with the requirements of Regulation S-X, and they may at times call for additional information or insist that information shall be presented in somewhat different form than that indicated in Regulation S-X. Accountants should bear in mind that Regulation S-X, like previous instruction books, is only a minimum requirement.

FOOTNOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial statements in registration statements have been replete with explanatory footnotes. A substantial number of prospectuses contain, on the average, a full page of footnotes to every balance-sheet or income statement. The S. E. C. in some of the cases decided have considered that quite small items, omitted or erroneously described, were material. Accountants have to recommend, in the best interests of their clients, the disclosure of much explanatory information appended to the financial statements.

The Commission has had experience with a few cases where footnotes were manifestly used improperly. In one release the Commission held that the face of a balance-sheet containing an untrue statement through overvaluation of an asset is not curable by a footnote admitting the overvaluation. Two years ago, in accounting-series release No. 4, the Commission formally defined its administrative policy on financial statements by declaring in substance that a financial statement founded on accounting principles for which there is no

substantial authoritative support presumably is misleading despite disclosures in footnotes or in the accountants' certificate.

It may not always be possible, even with the attention that is being given to the development of accounting principles, to find a substantial authoritative precedent for every kind of transaction met with in special cases. We believe that the S. E. C. is disposed to administer accounting-series release No. 4 in the spirit rather than in the letter.

REPORTS TO STOCKHOLDERS

Uniformity or standardization of accounting and reporting is one of the avowed objectives of the S. E. C. The fact that some corporations now publish quite condensed financial statements, in the judgment of the S. E. C., points to the need of a regulation prescribing what financial information corporations shall furnish to investors in their annual reports.

The S. E. C. has tentatively considered requiring corporations subject to the securities-exchange act which solicit proxies from their stockholders to furnish annually to their stockholders a balance-sheet, income statement, surplus statement, and schedule of supplementary profit-and-loss information conforming in general with the requirements of form 10-K. In meetings with the S. E. C. legal staff and with the chief accountant of the Commission, members of our committee offered several suggestions respecting such a requirement. There are a number of difficulties to be overcome. One is the time factor. We have pointed out to the S. E. C. that if corporations should be required to furnish to their shareholders balance-sheets, income statements, surplus statements, and supplementary profit-and-loss statements conforming with the standard accounting requirements of the S. E. C. and including, in the case of companies that have subsidiaries, consolidated statements and statements of any significant unconsolidated subsidiaries, the effect probably would be that annual meetings of corporations would be set forward and financial reports would reach the stockholders later in the year than at present.

There appears to be no disposition on the part of the S. E. C. to prescribe requirements for quarterly reports.

NATURAL BUSINESS YEAR

The congestion of work which besets many accounting firms during the winter months, owing to the preponderance of the calendar-year companies, has been the subject of discussions between our committee and commissioners and the chief accountant of the S. E. C. The S. E. C. has no power under the securities act or the securities-exchange act to require corporations to change their fiscal years, but recognize the advantages to a corporation in having a fiscal year that coincides

with its natural business year. The chief accountant of the S. E. C. has already issued a release 4 on this subject and the S. E. C. has offered to bring the subject to the public attention from time to time.

LIMITATIONS OF FORMAL ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

Releases of the S. E. C. dealing with matters of accounting have contained many citations from accounting literature and several have included references to opinions expressed by accountants in round-table discussions at meetings of the Institute. It is apparent that the S. E. C. has given considerable weight to principles that have received substantial recognition on the part of practising accountants and the teaching profession.

But rules and principles of accounting, however carefully defined, will not fit all cases. Developments in business and finance continually give rise to new problems in the application of accounting principles. Public accountants have the responsibility of discerning the cases that are out of the ordinary and cannot be adequately dealt with merely by conformance with a prescribed rule.

There is the danger that public accountants concentrating their attention on rigid rules, standardized forms, and theoretical principles of accounting may at times lose sight of what is more important—the economic implications and consequences of accounting reports and policies.

The S. E. C. and the accountancy profession have common objectives. Differences of opinion are bound to arise as to ways and means for accomplishing the objectives, but our experience has shown that representatives of the S. E. C. and committees of the American Institute of Accountants can discuss opposing views frankly to their mutual advantage.

Respectfully submitted,

Special Committee on Cooperation With Securities and Exchange Commission.

HOMER N. SWEET, Chairman.
WILLIAM H. BELL.
CHARLES B. COUCHMAN.
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RODNEY F. STARKEY.

⁴ Accounting-series release No. 17, Mar. 18, 1940.