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Act Section 1934 14(a)

Rule 14a-8

November 19, 2001

Securities and Exchange Commission
Division of Corporation Finance
450 Fifth Street NW
Judiciary Plaza
Washington, DC 20549
ATTN: Office of Chief Council, Room 3026, Mailstop 3-11

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RE: Submission Pursuant to Rule 14a-8(j)

Proposal submitted by Robert D. Morse

#### Dear Sir/Madam:

The management of Eastman Kodak Company (the "Company") intends to omit from the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2002 Annual Meeting a shareholder proposal submitted by Mr. Robert D. Morse, 212 Highland Avenue, Moorestown, NJ 08057-2717. The proponent's cover letter and proposal are attached as Exhibit 1.

The Company believes that the proposal may be omitted from the Proxy Statement for the 2002 Annual Meeting of Shareholders pursuant to Rule 14a-8(h) because the proponent failed, without good cause, to present his proposal at the 2000 Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Company.

The proponent submitted a proposal to the Company for its 2000 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and the proposal was included in the Company's 2000 Proxy Statement and Notice of Meeting as Item 3. A copy of pages 10 and 11 of the Company's 2000 Proxy Statement and Notice of Meeting containing the proponent's proposal is attached as Exhibit 2. Neither the proponent, nor a representative of the proponent, appeared at the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 10, 2000 to present this proposal.

Rule 14a-8(h) addresses the requirement of the proponent's appearance at a company's shareholders' meeting. In particular, Rule 14a-8(h)(3) states: "If you or your qualified representative fail to appear and present the proposal, without good cause, the company will be permitted to exclude all of your proposals from its proxy materials for any meetings held in the following two calendar years."

November 19, 2001 Securities and Exchange Commission Page 2

The Company believes this rule is clear. The staff has consistently taken the position that if a proponent fails to appear, without good cause, the company is permitted to exclude all of the proponent's proposals for the next two annual meetings. See <a href="Eastman Kodak Company">Eastman Kodak Company</a> (February 5, 2001 and September 9, 1996 both concerning Mr. Morse with similar facts) and <a href="PACCAR">PACCAR</a> (February 11, 2000).

On the basis of the above, Eastman Kodak Company respectfully requests your advice that the Division will not recommend any enforcement action if the proponent's proposal and supporting statement are omitted from the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2002 Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

A copy of this letter and its enclosures are being malled to Mr. Morse notifying him that the Company intends to omit his proposal from the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2002 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and why the Company's management deems this omission to be proper.

In accordance with Rule 14a-8(j), I am enclosing 6 copies of this letter and its exhibits. I am also enclosing an additional copy to be date stamped and returned to me in the enclosed, self-addressed envelope.

Very truly yours,

JPH:nwc Enclosure

cc: Mr. Robert Morse (via certified receipt mail)

Shareholder Proposal 2002-01

## Exhibit 1 Continued

September 27, 2001

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#### **PROPOSAL**

I, Robert D. Morse, 212 Highland Ave. Moorestown, NJ 08057-2717, owner of \$2000.00 or more value of Company stock, wish to present the following proposal for printing in the Year 2002 Proxy material:

Management and Directors are requested to change the format of the Proxy Material in the two areas which are not fair to the shareowners: Remove the word "EXCEPT" and re-apply the word "AGAINST" in the Vote For Directors column. Remove the statement (if applicable) placed in the lower section announcing that all signed proxies but not voted as to choice will be voted at the discretion of Management.

#### **REASONS:**

This entirely unfair voting arrangement has benefited Management and Directors in their determination to stay in office by whatever means. Note that this is the only area in which an "AGAINST" choice is omitted, and has been so for about 15 years with no successful objections. Clairning of votes by Management is unfair, as a shareowner has the right to sign as "Present" and not voting, showing receipt of material and only preventing further solicitation of a vote.

#### FURTHER:

Since Management claims the right to advise an "AGAINST" vote in matters presented by Shareowners, I likewise have the right to ask for a vote "AGAINST" all Company select nominees for Director until directors stop the practice of excessive extra remuneration for Management other than base pay and some acceptable perks. THANK YOU.

#### ALTERNATE PROPOSAL SUBSTITUTE

{IF CHANGES MADE AS SUGGESTED FOR UPCOMING PROXY}

I, Robert D. Morse, 212 Highland Ave. Moorestown, NJ 08057-2717, owner of \$2000,00 or more in Company stock, wish to present the following proposal for printing in the Year 2002 Proxy material:

I propose that since Management usually suggests that Shareowners vote "AGAINST" a proposal submitted by one or more of the shareowners, then said Shareowners should likewise vote "AGAINST" the Company nominees for Director until the Directors cease the compensation programs they in turn offer Management above salary and nominal perks.

Please vote "FOR" this Proposal and "AGAINST" the Director Proposal as a right. THANK YOU.

Robert D. Morse

#### ITEM 3

#### SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL - EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

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Robert D. Morse, 212 Highland Avenue, Moorestown, NJ 08057, owner of 500 shares, submitted the following proposal:

"I propose that the Officers and Directors consider the discontinuance of all bonuses immediately, and options, rights, SAR's, etc., after termination of any existing programs for top management. I must also include discontinuance request of 'Severance Contracts', which overpay a person no longer satisfactory to the Company, just to leave!

This does not include any programs for employees.

#### REASONS:

Management and Directors are compensated enough to buy on open market, just as You and I, if they are so motivated.

Management is already well paid with base pay, life insurance, retirement plans, paid vacations, free use of vehicles and other perks.

Options, rights, SAR's, are available elsewhere, and a higher offer would induce transfers, not necessarily 'attain and hold' qualified persons.

Who writes the objections to my proposal? Is it not the same persons who nominate and pay the directors who in turn will provide Management these exorbitant extras above a good base salary? Shareowners should start reading and realizing that these persons are not providing them entertainment on an individual choice basis, as do athletes, movie stars, and similar able performers.

'Align management with shareowners' is a repeated ploy or 'line' to lull us as to continually increasing their take of our assets. Do we get any options to purchase at previous [presumed] lower rates, expecting prices to increase?

After taxes, present base salaries are way above the \$200,000.00 our President receives plus free lodging, and Management only looks after a Company, not the USA and some of the world problems. If they filled out a daily work or production sheet, what would it show?

Please vote 'YES' for this proposal."

#### .The Board of Directors recommends a vote AGAINST this proposal for the following reasons:

The Company uses the same principles in setting the compensation for all Company employees. These principles are:

- 1. Total compensation should be tied to performance that increases shareholder value and is consistent with the Company's values.
- 2. Total compensation should be competitive with the total compensation of similar companies to attract and retain talented employees.
- 3. Total compensation should be linked to both short-term and long-term Company performance.

In this context, "total compensation" is comprised of base salary, annual incentive and long-term incentive. The Company benchmarks these three elements with the practices of other companies. All three elements of compensation are considered independently in determining the appropriate amount of total compensation for any given executive. This process is described in the Report of the Executive Compensation and Development Committee on pages 31-34.

# Exhibit 2 Continued

Stock options are a type of long-term incentive which ties compensation directly to increases in shareholder value. This serves to align the interests of management with those of the shareholders. Stock options, as a component of total compensation, are designed with at least two purposes in mind: one is to reward the recipient to the extent that good company performance is reflected in an increase in the stock price, and the second is to retain talented management. Stock options serve both of these purposes, neither one to the detriment of the other.

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The Board believes that both annual and long-term incentive compensation are important components of an executive's total compensation. The stock option component is an effective vehicle to link the interests of management with the interests of the Company's shareholders. The Company also believes that the use of severance arrangements in appropriate circumstances can be favorable to the Company.

For these reasons, the Board of Directors recommends a vote AGAINST this proposal.

December 20, 2001

### Response of the Office of Chief Counsel Division of Corporation Finance

Re: Eastman Kodak Company

Incoming letter dated November 19, 2001

The proposal relates to the presentation of voter options in Eastman Kodak's proxy materials.

There appears to be some basis for your view that Eastman Kodak may exclude the proposal under rule 14a-8(h)(3). We note your representation that Eastman Kodak included the proponent's proposal in its proxy statement for its 2000 annual meeting, but that neither the proponent nor his representative appeared to present the proposal at this meeting. Moreover, the proponent has not stated a "good cause" for the failure to appear. Under the circumstances, we will not recommend enforcement action to the Commission if Eastman Kodak omits the proposal from its proxy materials in reliance on rule 14a-8(h)(3).

Singerely,

Keir Devon Gumbs Special Counsel